Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021

Course Name - - Environmental Science Course Code - DCSE205

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* Fil	I the	following	information	for further	process.
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1.	Email *
2.	Name of the Student *
3.	Enter Full Student Code *
4.	Enter Roll No *
5.	Enter Registration No *
6.	Enter Course Code *

7. Enter Course Name *

8.

Mark only one oval.
Diploma in Pharmacy
Bachelor of Pharmacy
B.TECH.(CSE)
B.TECH.(ECE)
BCA
B.SC.(CS)
B.SC.(BT)
B.SC.(ANCS)
B.SC.(HN)
B.Sc.(MM)
B.A.(MW)
BBA
B.COM
B.A.(JMC)
BBA(HM)
BBA(LLB)
B.OPTOMETRY
B.SC.(MB)
B.SC.(MLT)
B.SC.(MRIT)
B.SC.(PA)
LLB
B.SC(IT)-AI
B.SC.(MSJ)
Bachelor of Physiotherapy
B.SC.(AM)
Dip.CSE
Dip.ECE
<u>DIP.EE</u>
DIPCE

9.

DIP.ME
PGDHM
MBA
M.SC.(BT)
M.TECH(CSE)
LLM
M.A.(JMC)
M.A.(ENG)
M.SC.(MATH)
M.SC.(MB)
M.SC.(MSJ)
M.SC.(AM)
M.SC.CS)
M.SC.(ANCS)
M.SC.(MM)
B.A.(Eng)
Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.
. 1. The wildlife (protection) Act was enacted in the parliament in *
Mark only one oval.
<u> </u>
<u> </u>
<u> </u>
<u> </u>

10.	2. WAS stands for *
	Mark only one oval.
	Waste activated system
	Waste affected slurry
	Waste activated sludge
	Waste activation stock
11	2. The gas which is not responsible for grouphouse offect is *
11.	3. The gas which is not responsible for greenhouse effect is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Carbon monoxide
	Hydrogen sulfide
	Nitrous oxide
	Methane
	Methane
12.	4. The most potentially renewable energy resource is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Sunlight
	Wind
	Tidal energy
	Biomass

13.	5. The temperature range of troposphere is *
	Mark only one oval.
	2 to -92 °C
	15 to -56 °C
	56 to -2 °C
	-92 to 1200 °C
14.	6. Forest mainly have *
	Mark only one oval.
	Protective function
	Productive function
	Accessory function
	All of the above
15.	7. The non-renewable energy resource is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Sunlight
	Wind
	Wild-life
	Fossil fuels

16.	8. The main component of air is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Nitrogen
	Oxygen
	Carbon dioxide
	Water vapour
17	0. Which and is coopedary pollutant? *
17.	9. Which one is secondary pollutant? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Smog
	PAN
	Ozone
	All of these
18.	10. Tree hugging movement is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Chipko Andolan
	Silent valley movement
	Narmoda dam movement
	Tehri dam conflict

19.	11.Symbiotic bacteria is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Rhizobium
	Anabena
	Both a and b
	Azotobactor
20.	12. Minamata disease occurs due to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Arsenic pollution
	Lead pollution
	Mercury pollution
	Cadmium pollution
21.	13. Water is called polluted when DO level drops below *
	Mark only one oval.
	5 ppm
	8 ppm
	10 ppm
	15 ppm

22.	14. Density of water is maximum at *
	Mark only one oval.
	0 °C 4 °C
	100 °C
	200 °C
23.	15. Lapse rate refers to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Population increases in area with increase of temperature
	Temperature decreases with increase in elevation
	Temperature increases with decrease in elevation
	Both b and c
24.	16. The hottest region of the atmosphere is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Troposphere
	Ionosphere
	Mesosphere
	Stratosphere

25.	17. Which one is primary pollutant? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Carbon monoxide
	PAN
	Ozone
	Smog
26.	18. Ozone acts as a protective shield when it resides in *
	Mark only one oval.
	Mesosphere
	Stratosphere
	Thermosphere
	Troposphere
27.	19. Nitrogen cycle is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Gaseous cycle
	Hydrologic cycle
	Sedimentary cycle
	All of the above

28.	20. Eutrophication means *
	Mark only one oval.
	Thermal change of water Filling up of water bodies with aquatic plants due to extra nutrient Solid waste Full of debris
29.	21. A young 18 year old person has the audio range between *
	Mark only one oval.
	20 -20000 Hz
	30 -30000 Hz
	40 -40000 Hz
	50 -50000 Hz
30.	22. Lithosphere means *
	Mark only one oval.
	Air
	Organisms
	Water
	Rocks and soils

31.	23.Hydrosphere consists of *
	Mark only one oval.
	Air layer
	Rocks
	Soil
	Water bodies and oceans
32.	24. The example of primary consumeris *
	Mark only one oval.
	Plant
	Cow
	Tiger
	Snake
33.	25.Identify the primary constituent of smog *
	Mark only one oval.
	Water
	Carbon dioxide
	Sulphur dioxide
	Hydrogen sulfide

34.	26. How many hot spots of biodiversity are present in India? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Four
	Two
	Three
	Five
35.	27. Grassland ecosystem is occupied by nearly of Earth surface *
33.	27. Grassiand ecosystem is occupied by flearly or Lai tir surface
	Mark only one oval.
	21%
	50 %
	70 %
	80%
36.	28. Contaminated water causes disease due to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Increase of pathogens
	Increase of BOD
	Increase of COD
	Increase of DO

37.	29. The physical component of eco-system is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Carbon
	Oxygen
	Light
	Methane
38.	30. A lake rich of nutrient is called *
	Mark only one oval.
	Oligotrophic lake
	Mesotrophic lake
	Eutrophic lake
	None of these
39.	31. Example of natural event that cause environmental degradation is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Volcanic eruption
	Earthquake
	Cyclone
	All of these

40.	32. Montreal Protocol is related to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Land pollution
	Noise Pollution
	Production and use of CFCs
	Increase of population
41.	33.The important component of environment is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Biosphere
	Lithosphere
	Atmosphere
	All of these
42.	34. Which pyramid is always an upright one? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Pyramid of energy
	Pyramid of number
	Pyramid of biomass
	Pyramid of number and biomass

43.	35. A scientist who studies interaction between plants and animals is *
	Mark only one oval.
	A physicist
	A chemist
	A geologist
	An ecologist
44.	36. Bhopal gas tragedy occurred in *
	Mark only one oval.
	December 1984
	December 1983
	July 1984
	July 1983
45.	37. Incineration is a disposal method of *
	Mark only one oval.
	Water Pollutant
	Air Pollutant
	Solid Waste
	None of These

46.	38. In soil profile the upper horizon is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Mineral horizon Organic horizon
	Bed rock
	Subsoil
47.	39. The decomposition of dead-bodies of animal and plant by the bacteria such as bacillus subtilis is known as *
	Mark only one oval.
	Ammonification
	Nitrification
	Carbonification
	Oxygenation
48.	40.The audio sense of human is most sharp in the range *
	Mark only one oval.
	500 -700 Hz
	1000 -1500 Hz
	1500 -2000 Hz
	2000 -5500 Hz

49.	41. Medha Patekar is related to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Chipko Movement Narmoda Bachao Movement Operation Flood Green revolution
50.	42. The abnormal growth and activities of a cell may cause *
	Mark only one oval.
	Cancer Typhoid
	Cholera
	Malaria
51.	43. Energy flow in an ecosystem is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Unidirectional
	Cyclic
	May be unidirectional or cyclic depending on condition
	Cannot be said

52.	44. Which one of the following can be used for disinfection of water *
	Mark only one oval.
	Chlorine Hydrogen peroxide
	Ozone
	Both a and c
53.	45. Air pollutant which reduces oxygen carrying capacity of hemoglobin is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Carbon monoxide
	Ammonia
	Hydrogen sulphide
	None of these
54.	46. A biotic factor of eco-system is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Sunlight
	Soil
	Wind
	Tree

55.	47. The main component of photochemical smog *
	Mark only one oval.
	Water vapour
	Sulphur dioxide
	Oxides of Nitrogen
	All of the above
56.	48. Which one of the following ozones is harmful to public health *
	Mark only one oval.
	Stratospheric ozone
	Tropospheric ozone
	Laboratory ozone
	All of these
57.	49. A person might be killed if the sound is *
	Mark only one oval.
	120 dB
	140 dB
	130 dB
	150 dB

58.	50. The loss of chlorophyll causing yellowing of leaf is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Chlorosis Photosynthesis Chlorolysis Chlorophylis
59.	51. Ozone hole in Antarctica is due to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Methane CFC Carbon dioxide Nitrogen
60.	52. The sunderban mangrove forest in west Bengal is located in the district of * Mark only one oval. Midnapur Birbhum Nadia 24 Paraganas

61.	53. Which of the following is not biodegradable *
	Mark only one oval.
	Polythene
	Cotton
	Vegetable waste
	Wood
62.	54.What is the name of instrument by which sound level can be measured in dB? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Sound level meter
	Viscometer
	Thermometer
	Sound pressure meter
63.	55. pH of the acid rain varies between *
	Mark only one oval.
	3-6
	9-11
	11-14
	6-9

64.	56. The coldest region of atmosphere is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Troposphere
	Ionosphere
	Mesosphere
	Stratosphere
65.	57.Sulphur cycle is *
	Mark only one oval.
	Hydrologic cycle
	Gaseous cycle
	Sedimentary cycle
	None of the above
66.	58. Which one is the example of 'climate factor' in bellow? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Light
	Altitude of mountain
	Structure of soil
	All of these

67.	59. World Environment Day is observed every year on *
	Mark only one oval.
	June 5
	July 5
	August 5
	September 5
68.	60. Kyoto Protocol is related to *
	Mark only one oval.
	Ozone layer depletion
	Greenhouse gases
	SPM
	Water pollution
69.	61. The name of the disease that occurs due to mercury pollution is
	Mark only one oval.
	Minamata disease
	Skin cancer
	Ouch-ouch disease
	Control Kidney damage

70	0.	62. Example of ex-situ conservation is
		Mark only one oval.
		Conservation of plants in botanical garden Sundarbans Wind Both (a) and (c)
7	1.	63. The common unit of noise is
		Mark only one oval.
		─ Kg─ Hz─ gm─ db
7:	2.	64. Green House gas is Mark only one oval.
		Carbon mono oxide Water vapour Nitrous oxide All of these

/3.	of India has established
	Mark only one oval.
	Green bench
	Pollution Control Board
	Department of Environment
	Department of Biotechnology
74.	66. Example of in-situ conservation is
	Mark only one oval.
	Deer park
	Seed bank
	Wild life sanctuary
	Aquarium
75.	67. The main source of water in India for agricultural purposes is
	Mark only one oval.
	Rain water
	Ground water
	Surface water
	Sea water

Mark only one oval. Conservation of atmosphere Maintenance of environment Conservation of environment None of these 77. 69. What is the unit of sound intensity (I)? Mark only one oval.	
Maintenance of environment Conservation of environment None of these 77. 69. What is the unit of sound intensity (I)?	
Conservation of environment None of these 77. 69. What is the unit of sound intensity (I)?	
None of these 77. 69. What is the unit of sound intensity (I)?	
77. 69. What is the unit of sound intensity (I)?	
,	
Mark only one oval.	
Wm^-2	
Nm^-2	
◯ dB	
Hz m^-2	
78. 70. The noise threshold limit values for 16 hours is	
Mark only one oval.	
80 dB	
100 dB	
90 dB	
110 dB	

79.	71. In what medium sound can propagate fast?
	Mark only one oval.
	Gas
	Solid
	Liquid
	None of these
80.	72. Which form of nitrogen is taken by plant?
	Mark only one oval.
	Nitrate
	Nitrite
	Both (a) and (b)
	Nitric acid
81.	73. Non symbiotic bacteria is
	Mark only one oval.
	Rhizobium
	Anabena
	Azotobactor
	Nostoc

82.	74. The maximum quantity of fresh water occurs in
	Mark only one oval.
	Rivers
	Ground water
	Polar ice caps and glaciers
	None of these
83.	75. BOD means
	Mark only one oval.
	Biological oxygen demand
	Biochemical oxygen demand
	Biggest oxygen demand
	Bio oxygen dissolved

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