Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021

Course Name - - Programming for Problem Solving Course Code - ESC(CSE)201

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8.

| Mark only one oval. | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Diploma in Pharmacy | | |
| Bachelor of Pharmacy | | |
| B.TECH.(CSE) | | |
| B.TECH.(ECE) | | |
| BCA | | |
| B.SC.(CS) | | |
| B.SC.(BT) | | |
| B.SC.(ANCS) | | |
| B.SC.(HN) | | |
| B.Sc.(MM) | | |
| B.A.(MW) | | |
| ВВА | | |
| B.COM | | |
| B.A.(JMC) | | |
| BBA(HM) | | |
| BBA(LLB) | | |
| B.OPTOMETRY | | |
| B.SC.(MB) | | |
| B.SC.(MLT) | | |
| B.SC.(MRIT) | | |
| B.SC.(PA) | | |
| LLB | | |
| B.SC(IT)-AI | | |
| B.SC.(MSJ) | | |
| Bachelor of Physiotherapy | | |
| B.SC.(AM) | | |
| Dip.CSE | | |
| Dip.ECE | | |
| <u>DIP.EE</u> | | |
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9.

| DIP.ME |
|---|
| PGDHM |
| MBA |
| M.SC.(BT) |
| M.TECH(CSE) |
| LLM |
| M.A.(JMC) |
| M.A.(ENG) |
| M.SC.(MATH) |
| M.SC.(MB) |
| |
| M.SC.(MSJ) |
| M.SC.(AM) |
| M.SC.CS) |
| M.SC.(ANCS) |
| M.SC.(MM) |
| B.A.(Eng) |
| |
| Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark. |
| . 1. What is the size of data type int in byte/s (16 bit compiler)? * |
| Mark only one oval. |
| 1 |
| 2 |
| 3 |
| 4 |

| 10. | 2. What is the size of data type float in byte/s? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | |
| | 3 |
| | 4 |
| | |
| 11. | 3.What is the size of data type double in bytes? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | |
| | <u> </u> |
| | 8 |
| | |
| 12. | 4. Which of the following specifier is used for integer? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | %d |
| | %f |
| | %c |
| | %a |
| | |
| | |

| 13. | 5. Which of the following is a primary memory? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | RAM |
| | Hard Disk |
| | Pendrive |
| | CD |
| | |
| 14. | 6. Which of the following is a secondary memory? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | RAM |
| | Hard Disk |
| | SRAM |
| | DRAM |
| | |
| 15. | 7. Arithmetic Logic Unit is a part of * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | Walk only one oval. |
| | Memory |
| | Central Processing Unit |
| | Input device |
| | Output device |
| | |

| 16. | 8. ASCII value of d is * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | <u>68</u> |
| | <u>69</u> |
| | 99 |
| | 100 |
| | |
| 17. | 9. Which of the following is operator in given expression? x%y * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | x |
| | у |
| | % |
| | Both x & y |
| | |
| 18. | 10. Which of the following is ternary operator? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | + |
| | = |
| | > |
| | ?: |
| | |
| | |

| 19. | 11. Which of the following is assignment operator? * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | + |
| | = |
| | > |
| | ?: |
| | |
| 20. | 12. Which of the following is conditional operator? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | + |
| | = |
| | > |
| | ?: |
| | |
| 21. | 13. Which of the following is binary operator? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | + |
| | |
| | * |
| | All of these |
| | |
| | |

| 22. | 14. Which of the following is bitwise operator? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | > |
| 23. | 15. Which of the following is logical operator? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | & & & & & & |
| 24. | 16. Which of the following declaration is invalid in C language? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | int 2roll; |
| | int roll; |
| | int Roll; |
| | int roLL; |
| | |

| 25. | 17. Which of the following is not correct? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | int name; |
| | int Name; |
| | int name123; |
| | int 123name; |
| | |
| 26. | 18. Which of the following is valid for a variable name? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | hello |
| | float |
| | int |
| | char |
| | |
| 27. | 19. Priority of operators defines - * |
| ۷1. | 19. Friority of operators defines - |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | which operator will evaluated first |
| | which operator will evaluated last |
| | which operator will not evaluated at all |
| | None of these |
| | |

| 28. | 20. Which of the following is a way of associativity in C? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | top to bottom |
| | left to right |
| | bottom to top |
| | All of these |
| | |
| 29. | 21.Which of the following has lowest precedence? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | ++ |
| | + |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 00 | |
| 30. | 22. Which of the following has highest precedence? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | <u></u> % |
| | + |
| | |
| | all has same priority |
| | |
| | |

| 31. | 23. C language was developed by - * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | Dennis Ritchie |
| | James Gosling |
| | Bill Gates |
| | Patrick Naughton |
| | |
| 32. | 24. Which of the following is not a keyword in C? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | int |
| | float |
| | main |
| | function |
| | |
| | |
| 33. | 25.Which of the following is/are keyword in C? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | for |
| | if |
| | Both for & if |
| | loop |
| | |

| 34. | 26. Expression x+=5 means * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | x=x+x |
| | x=x+5 |
| | x+5 |
| | x+5=x |
| | |
| 35. | 27. Which of the following operator is used for comparing two values? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | == |
| | = |
| | := |
| | equal |
| | |
| 36. | 28. && is operator. * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | bit wise |
| | relational |
| | logical |
| | None of these |
| | |

| 37. | 29. & is operator. * |
|-----|------------------------|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | relational |
| | bit wise |
| | logical |
| | None of these |
| | |
| 20 | 20 v ia apparator * |
| 38. | 30. x++ is operator. * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | pre increment |
| | post increment |
| | pre decrement |
| | post decrement |
| | |
| | |
| 39. | 31t is operator. * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | pre increment |
| | post increment |
| | pre decrement |
| | post decrement |
| | |

| 40. | 32. How many operand/s is/are required for using bitwise right shift operator? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | 1 |
| | 2 |
| | 3 |
| | 4 |
| | |
| 41. | 33. Which of the following is an example of post increment? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | |
| | ++w |
| | w |
| | |
| | |
| 42. | 34. Which of the following is an example of post decrement? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | |
| | ++w |
| | W |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| C?* |
|-----|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

| 46. | 38. Which of the following is used to terminate a statement in C? * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | |
| | |
| 47. | 39. Array index starts from * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | 0 |
| | 1 |
| | 2 |
| | 3 |
| | |
| 48. | 40. Array is * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | heterogeneous |
| | homogeneous |
| | Both heterogeneous & homogeneous |
| | None of these |
| | |

| 49. | 41. Elements of an array stored in * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | contiguous manner |
| | non-contiguous manner |
| | random manner |
| | All of these |
| | |
| 50. | 42. String in C is considered as * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | array of int |
| | array of float |
| | array of character |
| | All of these |
| | |
| | |
| 51. | 43. Character constant is declared within * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | 1 1 |
| | н н |
| | |
| | < > |
| | |
| | |

| 52. | 44.ASCII value of '\0' used in string is * |
|------------|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | 3 |
| | 2 |
| | 1 |
| | 0 |
| | |
| 5 2 | 45 stromp() function used in string for * |
| 53. | 45. strcmp() function used in string for * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | copy string |
| | comparing strings |
| | delete string |
| | concat strings |
| | |
| 54. | 46. strrev() function used in string for * |
| 04. | |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | reverse string |
| | comparing strings |
| | finding length |
| | append strings |
| | |
| | |

| 55. | 47.Which of the following is exit controlled loop? * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | while for do-while All of these |
| 56. | 48. Which of the following is unconditional control structure? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | if-else else-if do-while goto |
| 57. | 49. Array of characters is known as * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | double int string character |
| | |

| 58. | 50. continue keyword cannot be used with/in * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | for loop |
| | switch-case |
| | while loop |
| | do-while loop |
| | |
| 59. | 51.Which keyword is generally used in switch-case? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | goto |
| | exit |
| | break |
| | continue |
| | |
| 60. | 52. Which of the following best defines the use of break keyword? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | End the loop when encountered |
| | Skip the current iteration and move to next iteration |
| | Terminate the program |
| | All of these |
| | |

| 61. | 53. Size of a 1D array (in bytes) is calculated as * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | Size of data type |
| | Size of data type * size of an array |
| | Number of elements |
| | Size of data type + size of an array |
| | |
| 62. | 54. The total size of an array with declaration "int arr[10]" in 16-bit compiler is * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | 10 |
| | 20 |
| | 30 |
| | <u>40</u> |
| | |
| 63. | 55. Find the value of Y if X=5? (Y=X>3?1:0) * |
| | |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | 0 |
| | |
| | 3 |
| | 5 |
| | |

| 64. | 56. Actual arguments are the arguments of * |
|-----|---|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | Calling function |
| | Called function |
| | Both called & calling function |
| | None of these |
| | |
| 65. | 57. Return statement in function returns control to * |
| 00. | 37. Notain statement in function retains control to |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | Calling function |
| | Called function |
| | Both called & calling function |
| | None of these |
| | |
| | |
| 66. | 58. When function call itself, it is a concept of * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | loop |
| | iteration |
| | function |
| | recursion |
| | |

| 67. | 59. A structure is a data structure. * |
|-----|--|
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | homogeneous |
| | heterogenenous |
| | continuous |
| | None of these |
| | |
| | |
| 68. | 60. Which of the following operator is used to access elements of a structure (without pointer)? * |
| | Mark only one oval. |
| | dot |
| | arrow |
| | direction |
| | indirection |
| | |
| | |
| | |

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