

# Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021)

Course Name - --National Health Care Delivery System

Course Code - GEAHS201

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Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.

9. 1. What distinguishes primary health care from primary care

*Mark only one oval.*

- Works within a multidisciplinary framework
- Provision of interventions specific to the health need
- A focus on primary, secondary and tertiary intervention
- Planning and operation of services is centralized

10. 2. The main aim of public health is to improve health by

*Mark only one oval.*

- Providing medical intervention appropriate for the individual
- Promoting health and preventing disease in populations
- Performing research to compare the effectiveness of treatments
- Providing advice on risk markers and genetics to families

11. 3. Comprehensive primary health care is characterized by activities that work to change:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Social and political determinants of illness
- Economic and educational well-being
- Health status in communities, regions or cities
- All of these

12. 4. Primary health care focuses on:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Performing health surveillance measures
- Providing early diagnosis and treatment
- Exploring the relationship between determinants of health
- Reducing inequity and improving effects of disadvantage

13. 5. Which of the following models of health is the primary health care approach based on?

*Mark only one oval.*

- Behavioural
- Economic
- Social
- Education

14. 6. Primary health care is usually practiced in:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Community health services and NGOs
- Community and acute care clinics
- Aboriginal health services and NGOs
- Health education units

15. 7. Health equity refers to the

*Mark only one oval.*

- Right to fair distribution of health services
- Statistical differences in health between groups
- . Disparities in health status among individuals
- Discrimination inherent in health care

16. 8. What does the term selective primary health care mean?

*Mark only one oval.*

- Care focused on individual technology rather than equity
- An emphasis on promoting equity and justice
- A plan to confront determinants of illness
- Care focused on identifying causes of disease

17. 9. For primary health care to improve health, people must first have:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Access to medical services
- A health promotion program
- Their basic needs met
- Electronic medical records

18. 10. Allocation of health resources to one geographic area or group is an example of

*Mark only one oval.*

- Health inequity
- Health equity
- Health inequality
- Health justice

19. 11. What role were health professionals seen as fulfilling in health promotion?

*Mark only one oval.*

- Enabling and nurturing health promotion
- Controlling the health promotion agenda
- Monitoring the health care team
- Working with teachers

20. 12. Which WHO meeting leads to the health care providers to health care consumers and communities?

*Mark only one oval.*

- First International Health Promotion Conference
- Australian Better Health Commission
- Alma Ata
- Health for All by the Year 2000

21. 13. The headquarter of WHO is

*Mark only one oval.*

- Geneva
- Europe
- Ireland
- United Nation



22. 14. Alma-Ata conference was held on

*Mark only one oval.*

6-12 sep,1986

5-12 june,1978

6-12 sep,1978

8-12 sep,1978

23. 15. PRA in community participation is:

*Mark only one oval.*

Participatory Rural Appraisal

Participatory Rare Appraisal

Participatory Rural Appearance

Principle Rural Appraisal

24. 16. Trends affecting health care

*Mark only one oval.*

Demographic trend

Health workforce trend

Technology trend

All of these

25. 17. Which of the following is NOT for the communicable disease:

*Mark only one oval.*

- None of these
- National Leprosy Eradication Programme
- Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme
- National Diabetes Control Program

26. 18. Programmes for Non Communicable Diseases:

*Mark only one oval.*

- National Vector Borne Diseases Control Programme
- National Leprosy Eradication Programme
- National program for prevention and control of deafness
- National AIDS Control Programme

27. 19. National Nutritional Programs

*Mark only one oval.*

- Midday Meal Programme
- National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis Programme
- None of these
- All of these

28. 20. RBSK in National health mission is:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakram
- Rashtriya Boy Swasthya Karyakram
- Rashtriya Bal Swacha Karyakram
- None of these

29. 21. Influenza is caused by

*Mark only one oval.*

- Parasite
- Bacteria
- Virus
- None of these

30. 22. World cancer day is

*Mark only one oval.*

- 30th May
- 12th May
- 4th Feb
- 4th June

31. 23. Sidhha is effective in treating

*Mark only one oval.*

- Psoriasis
- Chronic liver disorders
- Bleeding piles
- All of these

32. 24. Naturopathy includes

*Mark only one oval.*

- Air therapy
- Magnet Therapy
- Mud packs
- All of these

33. 25. Second principle of Homoeopathy:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Principle Dose
- Single Medicine
- Minimum Dose
- All of these

34. 26. Cell is counted using:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Hemoglobinometer
- Hemocytometer
- Cell sorter
- Sphigmomanometer

35. 27. Heparin is used as:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Anticoagulating agent
- Blood thicker agent
- Antioxidant
- Clot activator

36. 28. The curative treatment consists of

*Mark only one oval.*

- Aushadhi
- Vihara
- Vritta
- Aushadhi and Vihara

37. 29. Unani system originated in:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Iran
- Greece
- Saudi Arab
- All of these

38. 30. Oedema means:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Pain
- Fluid accumulation
- Redness
- None of these

39. 31. The basic Principle of Ayurveda includes all except:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Vyau
- Pitta
- Kapha
- Ulcer

40. 32. Bacteria in Ayurveda is called as:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Krimi
- Fungus
- Virus
- Parasite

41. 33. Father of Homeopathy was

*Mark only one oval.*

- Hahnemann
- Pastuer
- Robert Cox
- Charak

42. 34. YOGA can increase

*Mark only one oval.*

- the cellular immunity
- Humoral immunity
- All of these
- None of these

43. 35. Unani is the ancient treatment of

*Mark only one oval.*

- Muslim Community
- Christian
- Punjab
- Jain

44. 36. Epidemiologists define disease occurrence in terms of:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Agent
- Host
- Environment
- All of these

45. 37. Virulence is the:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Ability to cause clinical disease
- Ability to cause severe disease
- The ability to evoke an immune response
- All of these



46. 38. An infectious disease agent may cause:

*Mark only one oval.*

- No infection
- Subclinical infection
- Clinical infection
- All of these

47. 39. The most common cause of cholera

*Mark only one oval.*

- E. coli
- Compylobacter
- Rotavirus
- V. cholerae

48. 40. The animal linked to Ebola virus is the:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Bat
- Rabbit
- Guinea pig
- Pigs

49. 41. Carcinogens are substances causing

*Mark only one oval.*

- Cancer
- Genetic disease
- Lung disease
- Liver disease

50. 42. The natural history of a disease describes the course of the disease in an individual starting from

*Mark only one oval.*

- Moment of exposure to outcome
- Moment of subclinical disease to outcome
- Moment of clinical disease to outcome
- All of these

51. 43. The factor which is not included in epidemiological triad model is

*Mark only one oval.*

- Agent
- Host
- Time
- Environment

52. 44. Cohort study design flows from

*Mark only one oval.*

- Outcome to exposure
- Exposure to outcome
- Exposure to no clinical symptom development
- None of these

53. 45. Odds ratio measures

*Mark only one oval.*

- The strength of association of risk factor to outcome
- Rate of exposure of suspected factor among cases and controls
- Incidence rate among exposed and non-exposed
- None of these

54. 46. Lymphoma is related to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Liver
- Kidney
- Heart
- Lymphocyte

55. 47. Melanoma related to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Kidney
- Skin
- Liver
- Spleen

56. 48. Hemostatic disorders deals with:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Bleeding abnormalities
- Clotting abnormalities
- Serum abnormalities
- None of these

57. 49. Diabetes is defined best as

*Mark only one oval.*

- A metabolic disease characterized by low blood sugar
- A metabolic disease characterized by high blood sugar
- A family of blood infections
- None of these

58. 50. Pulse Polio Program is started on:

*Mark only one oval.*

1998

1995

1992

2002

59. 51. Which one of the following is not a marker of inflammation:

*Mark only one oval.*

Redness

Swelling

Pain

None of these

60. 52. Anterior and posterior will develop from

*Mark only one oval.*

Coronal plane

Sagittal Plane

Horizontal Plane

None of these

61. 53. Sagittal sectioning leads to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Median and Lateral
- Anterior and posterior
- Dorsal and Ventral
- None of these

62. 54. Skin related disorders are known as:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Hepatitis
- Pancreatitis
- Dermatitis
- Dermotitis

63. 55. Phlebotomist is related to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Blood collection
- Urine collection
- Tissue biopsy collection
- None of these

64. 56. Mammo refers to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Hair
- Skin
- Lymph
- Breast

65. 57. Skull refers to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Crani
- Oto
- Sarco
- Lymph

66. 58. Juxta means in medical term:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Adjacent
- Around
- Below
- Inside

67. 59. Cervical is related to

*Mark only one oval.*

- Head
- Neck
- Shoulder
- All of these

68. 60. Osteoporosis is a disease related to:

*Mark only one oval.*

- Bone joint
- Skull
- Cardiac Muscle
- Ear

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