Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021

Course Name - - Communication Systems Course Code - BCS203A

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8.

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Bachelor of Pharmacy		
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LLB		
B.SC(IT)-AI		
B.SC.(MSJ)		
Bachelor of Physiotherapy		
B.SC.(AM)		
Dip.CSE		
Dip.ECE		
<u>DIP.EE</u>		
\ DIDCE		

9.

DIP.ME
PGDHM
MBA
M.SC.(BT)
M.TECH(CSE)
LLM
M.A.(JMC)
M.A.(ENG)
M.SC.(MATH)
M.SC.(MB)
M.SC.(MSJ)
M.SC.(AM)
M.SC.CS)
M.SC.(ANCS)
M.SC.(MM)
B.A.(Eng)
Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.
. 1. Demodulation of DSB-SC signal requires
Mark only one oval.
an envelope detector
an integrator
a synchronous detector
a discriminator

10.	2. In TV telecast, the sound signal is modulated in
	Mark only one oval.
	VSB SSB AM FM
11.	3. Regenerative repeaters can be used in
	Mark only one oval.
	analog communication system only digital communication system only analog and digital communication systems none of these
12.	4. The bit rate of a digital communication system is 34 Mbps. The modulation scheme is QPSK, the bout rate of the system is Mark only one oval.
	68 Mbps 34 Mbps 17 Mbps 85 Mbps

13.	5. The anti-aliasing is basically a
	Mark only one oval.
	Band pass filter used for band limiting low pass filter used as band limiting filter High pass filter used as band limiting filter none of these
14.	6. The signal to quantization noise ratio in n bit PCM system Mark only one oval.
	is independent of value n increase with increasing value of n depends upon the sampling frequency employed decreases with the increasing value of n
15.	7. Radio signals are made up of Mark only one oval. voltage and current electrons and protons electric and magnetic field none of thes

16.	8. A special AM broadcasting transmitter radiates 10 kW when the depth of modulation is 60%. The carrier power required is
	Mark only one oval.
	9 kW
	7.8 kW
	8.47 kW
	9.5 kW
17.	9. In digital transmission, the modulation technique that requires minimum
	bandwidth is
	Mark only one oval.
	◯ DM
	PCM
	DPCM
	PAM
18.	10. Thermal noise is also called as
	Mark only one oval.
	johnson noise
	avalanche noise
	shot noise
	flicker noise

19.	11. The spectrum of a signal extends from 200 Hz to 3200 Hz. This signal is
	Mark only one oval.
	a low pass signal a high pass signal a band pass signal a band stop signal
20.	12. The sampling process converts
	Mark only one oval.
	continuous time signal into continuous time signal continuous time signal into a discrete time signal discrete time signal into a continuous time signal discrete time signal into discrete time signal
21.	13. Which multiplexing technique transmits digital signal? Mark only one oval.
	TDM
	WDM
	FDM and TDM

22.	14. If the deviation is 75 kHz and maximum modulating frequency is 5 kHz, what is the bandwidth of an FM wave?
	Mark only one oval.
	80 kHz
	160 kHz
	40 kHz
	320 kHz
23.	15. Which of the following is not a major communication medium?
20.	
	Mark only one oval.
	free space
	water
	wires
	fiber optic cable
24.	16. One of the serious disadvantages of FM transmission is its
	Mark only one oval.
	high static noise
	limited line of sight range
	expensive equipment
	adjacent channel interference

25.	17. The broadcasting frequency range used in frequency modulator is
	Mark only one oval.
	30 MHz to 300 MHz
	88 MHz to 108 MHz
	3 MHz to 30 MHz
	1 MHz to 3 MHz
26.	18. The length of the antenna to transmit a signal must be at least
	Mark only one oval.
	1/3 wavelength
	1/4 wavelength
	2/3 wavelength
	2/4 wavelength
27.	19. Which of the following modulation is analog in nature
	Mark only one oval.
	PCM
	DPCM
	□ DM
	none of these

28.	20. In frequency modulation
	Mark only one oval.
	the frequency of the carrier remains constant
	the amplitude of carrier remains constant
	the amplitude of the carrier wave is varied
	the frequency of the signal is made equal to the carrier frequency
29.	21. Armstrong F. M. transmitter performs frequency multiplication in stages
	Mark only one oval.
	to increase the overall S/N ratio
	to reduce bandwidth
	to find the desired value of carrier frequency as well as frequency deviation
	for convenience
30.	22. Major advantage of Armstrong modulator is that
	Mark only one oval.
	it is capable to producing WBFM signals
	the centre frequency (carrier frequency when unmodulated) is extremely stable
	a large depth of modulation can be achieved
	none of these

31.	23. In phase modulation, the frequency deviation is
	Mark only one oval.
	independent of the modulating signal frequency increasingly proportional to the modulating signal frequency directly proportional to the modulating signal frequency inversely proportional to the square root of the modulating frequency
32.	24. The positive RF peaks of an AM voltage rise to a maximum value of 12 volt and drop to a minimum value of 4v. The modulation index assuming single tone modulation is
	Mark only one oval.
	3 1/3 1/4 1/2
33.	25. For which of the following systems, the signal to noise ratio is the highest? Mark only one oval. PAM PWM PPM PAM and PWM

34.	26. What are the three steps in generating PCM in the correct sequence?
	Mark only one oval.
	sampling, quantizing & encoding
	encoding, sampling & quantizing
	sampling, encoding & quantizing
	quantizing, sampling & encoding
35.	27. In a certain system, the signal power is 13 dB and noise power is -1 dB. The SNR
00.	will be
	Mark only one oval.
	14 dB
	13 dB
	12dB
	13 dB
36.	28. A narrowband noise shows
	Mark only one oval.
	amplitude modulation only
	frequency modulation only
	both AM and FM
	none of these

37.	29. Which of the following is not the modulation type for modem specifications?
	Mark only one oval.
	○ VSB ○ PSK
	FSK
	ASK
38.	30. Maximum efficiency in AM is
	Mark only one oval.
	25%
	50%
	33%
	83%
39.	31. If fm is the modulating frequency of an AM wave, the sideband frequencies of this wave are
	Mark only one oval.
	greater than fm
	equal to fm
	less than fm
	none of these

40.	32. On modulating a carrier of frequency fc by an audio signal fs the following components have resulted: fc, fc+fs and fc-fs .what is this type of modulation likely to be?
	Mark only one oval.
	amplitude modulation DSB
	single side-band modulation
	frequency modulation only
	amplitude or frequency modulation
41.	33. Thermal noise is independent of
	Mark only one oval.
	bandwidth
	temperature
	center frequency
	Boltzmann constant
42.	34. Which of the following modulated signals can be detected by an envelop detector?
	Mark only one oval.
	DSB-SC
	DSB-FC
	☐ FM
	SSB-SC

43.	indices of 0.3 and 0.4; the total modulation index is
	Mark only one oval.
	0.707
	0.5
	1
	none of these
44.	24 EM signal can be converted into AM signal using
44.	36. FM signal can be converted into AM signal using
	Mark only one oval.
	frequency discriminator
	square law detector
	slope detector
	none of these
45.	37. The most common modulation system used for telegraphy is
	Mark only one oval.
	frequency-shift keying
	two-tone modulation
	pulse-code modulation
	single-tone modulation

46.	38. What is the ratio of modulating power to total power at 100 percent modulation?
	Mark only one oval.
	2:3
	none of these
47.	39. Ring modulator is generally used for
	Mark only one oval.
	generating SSB-SC signal
	generating DSB-FC signal
	generating DSB-SC signal
	none of these
48.	40. Vestigial sideband modulation is normally used for
	Mark only one oval.
	HF point-to-point communications
	monoaural broadcasting
	TV broadcasting
	stereo broadcasting

49.	41. Number of sidebands in FM signal
	Mark only one oval.
	none of these
50.	42. Which of the following is considered as an AM signal?
	Mark only one oval.
	DPSK Differential encoded PSK QPSK
51.	43. A carrier of 100 W is amplitude modulated to the depth of 40%. The total transmitted power is
	Mark only one oval.
	116 W 112 W 108 W 118 W

52.	44. Shot noise is produced by
	Mark only one oval.
	Electrons Photons Electrons & Photons none of these
53.	45. The minimum height of antenna required for transmission in terms of \uplambda is
	Mark only one oval.
	3 λ/2
54.	46. Data transmitted for a given amount of time is called
	Mark only one oval.
	Noise
	Power
	Frequency
	Bandwidth

Mark only one oval.	
,	
It moves in both positive and negative direction	
It is positive for one half cycle	
It is negative for one half cycle	
It has infinite number of amplitudes in the range of values of the independent varial	ole
56. 48. What is Demodulation?	
Mark only one oval.	
Process of varying one or more properties of a periodic waveform	
Recovering information from modulated signal	
Process of mixing a signal with a sinusoid to produce a new signal	
Involvement of noise	
57. 49. Medium which sends information from source to receiver is called	
Mark only one oval.	
Transmitter	
Transducer	
Loudspeaker	

58.	50. Cell phones sent information in form of
	Mark only one oval.
	microwaves electrical signals infrared waves radio waves
59.	51. Which device is used for tuning the receiver according to incoming signal (especially in TV)? Mark only one oval.
	Low pass filter High pass filter Zener diode Varacter diode
60.	52. Square Law modulators are Mark only one oval. used for frequency modulation used for pulse width modulation used for amplitude modulation used for phase modulation

01.	53. The threshold effect is more dominant in
	Mark only one oval.
	AM FM PM
	PWM
62.	54. An AM wave is EAM(t)=(1+0.12cos1014+0.05cos103t)cos106t. The resultant modulation index is
	Mark only one oval.
	0.4
	0.3
	0.13
	0.14
63.	55. A narrow band FM has
	Mark only one oval.
	Two sidebands
	Equal amplitude sidebands
	Both sidebands with same phase difference with the carrier
	Does not show amplitude variations

64.	56. Two carrier signals 40MHz are frequency modulated by 4KHz signal such that the bandwidth is same in both the cases. The peak deviation is in the ratio of
	Mark only one oval.
	1:4
	1:2
	<u>1:1</u>
	2:1
65.	57. The Nyquist frequency(fs) and baseband signal frequency (fm) as per sampling theorem are related by
	Mark only one oval.
	fs=fm
	fs=2fm
	fs>2fm
	fs<2fm
66.	58. In a PCM system each quantization level is encoded into 8bits.The signal-to-quantization noise ratio is equal to
	Mark only one oval.
	48dB
	64dB
	128dB
	256dB

67.	59. Demodulation of PAM signal is done with
	Mark only one oval.
	LPF
	HPF
	BPF
	Schmitt Trigger
68.	60. Unlike AM, the biggest advantages of PCM is
	Mark only one oval.
	Larger noise
	Larger bandwidth
	Incompatability with TDM system
	Inability to handle analog signals
69.	61. The signal-to-quantization noise ratio in PCM depends upon:
	Mark only one oval.
	Message signal bandwidth
	Sampling rate
	Number of quantisation levels
	None of these

70.	62. In a PCM system, if the numbers of quantization levels are 16 and maximum signal frequency is 4KHz, the transmission bit rate is
	Mark only one oval.
	10kbps
	12kbps
	15kbps
	16kbps
71.	63. A DSB-SC signal can be demodulated using:
	Mark only one oval.
	An envelope detector
	A discriminator
	A low-pass filter
	A PLL
72.	64. Which of the following modulation technique is most affected by noise?
12.	,
	Mark only one oval.
	ASK
	PSK
	FSK
	None of these

73.	65. Coherent detection of binary ASK signal requires:
	Mark only one oval.
	Phase synchronization
	Timing synchronization
	Amplitude synchronization
	None of the above
74.	66. In a DM system, the granular(idling) noise occurs when the modulating signal
	Mark only one oval.
	Increase rapidly
	Remains Constant
	Decrease rapidly
	Creases to exist
75.	67. Calculate power in each sideband, if power of carrier wave is 176W and there is 60% modulation in amplitude-modulated signal?
	Mark only one oval.
	13.36W
	52W
	67W
	15.84W

/6.	68. Over modulation results in?
	Mark only one oval.
	Distortion
	Weakens signal
	Strengthens the signal
	provides immunity to noise
77.	69. What do you understand by the term "carrier"?
77.	
	Mark only one oval.
	waveform with constant frequency, phase and amplitude
	waveform for which frequency, amplitude or phase is varied
	waveform with high amplitude, low frequency and constant phase
	waveform to be transmitted
78.	70. If the modulating frequency of a carrier wave varies between 700Hz and 7KHz, find its bandwidth.
	Mark only one oval.
	10 KHz
	23 KHz
	17.3 KHz
	12.6 KHz

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