

Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021)

Course Name - Pathophysiology

Course Code - BP204T

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- M.SC.(MM)
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Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.

9. 1. Shwachman-Diamond syndrome is caused by

Mark only one oval.

- Nuclear damage
- Ribosomal damage
- Mitochondrial damage
- Cellular damage

10. 2. All of the followings are the clinical manifestations of atherosclerosis except

Mark only one oval.

- Shortness of breath
- Sweating
- Narrowing of coronary artery
- Fever

11. 3. All of the followings are the etiologies of hyperthyroidism except

Mark only one oval.

- Toxic thyroid adenoma
- Toxic multi-modular goitre
- Thyroiditis
- Inadequate function of thyroid gland

12. 4. Patatin-like phospholipase domain-containing protein 3 is responsible for which disease

Mark only one oval.

- Alcoholic liver disease
- IBD
- Jaundice
- Gout

13. 5. Amoxicillin-clavulnate therapy is used to treat

Mark only one oval.

- UTI
- Typhoid fever
- Tuberculosis
- Leprosy

14. 6. Increase in the number of parenchymal cells of an organ is called

Mark only one oval.

- Atrophy
- Hyperplasia
- Hypertrophy
- Neoplasia

15. 7. Which of the following is a leukotriene antagonist

Mark only one oval.

- Salbutamol
- Terbutaline
- Atenolol
- Monteleukast

16. 8. Accumulation of blood in joints leads to

Mark only one oval.

- Hemaarthrosis
- Haemophilicarthropy
- Haemophilia A
- Haemophilia B

17. 9. Deficiency of which vitamin causes osteoporosis

Mark only one oval.

- Vitamin A
- Vitamin B12
- Vitamin C
- Vitamin D

18. 10. All of the followings are the disease of upper UTI except

Mark only one oval.

- Acute pyelonephritis
- Chronic pyelonephritis
- Interstitial pyelonephritis
- Cystitis

19. 11. When disease or cell injury caused due to low oxygen level, it is called

Mark only one oval.

- Iatrogenic
- Idiopathic
- Hypoxia
- Psychogenic

20. 12. Which of the following is an anti-coagulant drug

Mark only one oval.

- Heparin
- Aspirin
- Spironolactone
- Paracetamol

21. 13. Identify the anti-parkinson's drug

Mark only one oval.

- Levodopa
- Salbutamol
- Terbutaline
- Atenolol

22. 14. Which of the following is the complication of ulcerative colitis

Mark only one oval.

- Severe bleeding
- severe dehydration
- osteoporosis
- colon cancer

23. 15. Pseudomonas aeruginosa is the causative organism for

Mark only one oval.

- Uncomplicated UTI
- Complicated UTI
- Both a & b
- Acute pyogenic meningitis

24. 16. Main anion in intracellular fluid is

Mark only one oval.

- Potassium
- Phosphate
- Chloride
- Bi-Carbonate

25. 17. All of the followings are the modifiable factors responsible for atherosclerosis except

Mark only one oval.

- Dyslipo-proteinaemia
- Tobacco smoking
- Genetics
- Vitamin B6 deficiency

26. 18. All of the followings are the clinical manifestations of folic acid deficiency anaemia except

Mark only one oval.

- Ringing in ears
- Reduced sense of taste
- Diarrhoea
- Vomiting

27. 19. All of the followings are the clinical manifestations of osteoporosis except

Mark only one oval.

- Back pain
- Loss of weight
- Fracture of the vertebrae, wrists, hips or other bones
- fever

28. 20. All of the followings are the characteristics of Tuberculoid leprosy except

Mark only one oval.

- presence of few or no Hansen's bacilli in lesion
- It gives positive result towards Lepromin test
- it is milder, less severe leprosy
- It gives negative result towards Lepromin test

29. 21. All of the following inflammatory mediators cause vasodilation except

Mark only one oval.

- Histamine
- Prostaglandin
- Bradykinin
- Nitric oxide

30. 22. All of the followings are the central effect of Diabetes Mellitus except

Mark only one oval.

- Polydipsia
- Stupor
- Weight loss
- Polyphagia

31. 23. Vasculutis is a clinical manifestation of

Mark only one oval.

- Rheumatoid arthritis
- COPD
- Acute renal failure
- Chronic renal failure

32. 24. Which of the following is not the causative organism of acute pyogenic meningitis

Mark only one oval.

- Escherichia coli
- Staphylococcus aureus
- Neisseria meningitides
- Streptococcus pneumonia

33. 25. Which one is not the clinical manifestation of Lepromatous leprosy

Mark only one oval.

- Bloody nose
- Laryngitis
- Swelling of lymph nodes
- Muscle stiffness

34. 26. All of following diseases are caused by ribosomal damage except

Mark only one oval.

- Dyskeratosis congenital
- Shwachman-Diamond syndrome
- Thalassemia
- Treacher Collins syndrome

35. 27. Hyperplastic arteriosclerosis is defined as

Mark only one oval.

- Thickening of walls of arterioles with progressive narrowing of lumina
- Decrease in blood flow to the Nephron
- Functional disorders of glomerular filtration rate
- Imbalance between myocardium oxygen requirement and oxygen supply

36. 28. All of the followings are the clinical manifestations of hypothyroidism except

Mark only one oval.

- Cold feeling
- Poor memory and concentration
- Constipation
- Hand tremors

37. 29. Incubation periods of Hepatitis A is

Mark only one oval.

- About 30 days
- About 10 days
- About 90 days
- About 50 days

38. 30. Identify the diagnosis test (s) for AIDS

Mark only one oval.

- Gram staining
- ELISA
- Western Blotting
- Both b & c

39. 31. Identify the function of histamine

Mark only one oval.

- Vasodilation
- Increased vascular permeability
- Vasoconstriction
- Decreased vascular permeability

40. 32. Which of the following cardiovascular disease is known as silent killer

Mark only one oval.

- Congestive heart failure
- Hypertension
- Angina Pectoris
- Atherosclerosis

41. 33. Which of the following is the clinical manifestation of severe stage of Alzheimer disease

Mark only one oval.

- Memory loss
- Language problems
- Mood swing
- Gait

42. 34. Which of the following hematological disorders causes osteoporosis

Mark only one oval.

- Monoclonalgammopathies
- Lymphoma
- Angina pectoris
- Leukemia

43. 35. Which of the following is not the clinical manifestation of urethritis

Mark only one oval.

- Discomfort in voiding
- Dysuria
- Frequency in urination
- Abdominal pain

44. 36. When disease or cell injury caused due to unwanted activity of physician to treat primary disease, it known as

Mark only one oval.

- Iatrogenic
- Idiopathic
- Hypoxia
- Psychogenic

45. 37. All of the followings are the complications of myocardial infraction except

Mark only one oval.

- Cardiac arrhythmia
- Pericarditis
- Hypertension
- Thromboembolism

46. 38. All of the followings are the surgical treatment of parkinson's disease except

Mark only one oval.

- Deep brain stimulation
- Pallidotomy
- Cryothalamotomy
- Total colectomy

47. 39. All of the followings are the salient features of Benign neoplasms except

Mark only one oval.

- Structural differentiation retained
- Nuclear variation in size
- normal mitosis
- abnormal mitosis

48. 40. All of the following are the causative micro-organisms for uncomplicated UTI except

Mark only one oval.

- E. coli
- Streptococcus faecalis
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- Staphylococcus saprophyticus

49. 41. Crystalloid type of osmotic pressure is exerted by

Mark only one oval.

- Electrolyte
- Protein
- Glucose
- Blood capillary

50. 42. Renal ischaemia means

Mark only one oval.

- Decrease in blood flow to the Nephron
- Functional disorders of glomerular filtration rate
- Nephron damage
- Sudden increase in metabolic waste-products

51. 43. Which of the following is the neurological symptoms of megaloblasticaemia

Mark only one oval.

- numbness and tingling of feet and fingers
- Fever
- Diarrhoea
- Vomiting

52. 44. Identify the function (s) of Allopurinol to treat osteoporosis

Mark only one oval.

- inhibit uric acid synthesis
- inhibit uric acid excretion
- Both a & b
- None of these

53. 45. Which of the following is the constitutional symptom of tuberculosis

Mark only one oval.

- Night sweating
- Non-productive cough
- Dyspnoea
- Non-resolving bronchopneumonia

54. 46. Which of the following disease is not caused by mitochondrial damage

Mark only one oval.

- Mitochondrial myopathy
- Diabetes mellitus and deafness
- Leber's hereditary optic neuropathy
- Angina pectoris

55. 47. Which one is not the disorder of sex development

Mark only one oval.

- Androgen insensitivity syndrome
- Gonadaldysgenesis
- Hermaphroditism
- Hypogonadism

56. 48. All of the followings are the clinical manifestations of rheumatoid arthritis except

Mark only one oval.

- Atherosclerosis
- pericarditis
- fever
- endocarditis

57. 49. The meningitis, which occurs in the dura matter, is called

Mark only one oval.

- Pachymeningitis
- Leptomeningitis
- Chemical meningitis
- Carcinogenous meningitis

58. 50. The range of CSF pressure in Acute pyogenic meningitis is

Mark only one oval.

- Above 180mm of water
- Above 250mm of water
- Above 300mm of water
- Above 80mm of water

59. 51. All of the followings are the etiologies of chloride responsive alkalosis except

Mark only one oval.

- Cystic fibrosis
- Contraction alkalosis (due to dehydration)
- Congenital chloride diarrhoea
- Excess glycyrrhizin consumption

60. 52. COPD can cause respiratory complications except

Mark only one oval.

- Cold
- Flu
- Pneumonia
- Heart attack

61. 53. Inadequate function of thyroid gland is known as

Mark only one oval.

- Tertiary hypothyroidism
- Secondary hypothyroidism
- Primary hypothyroidism
- Quaternary hypothyroidism

62. 54. Identify the clinical manifestation of rheumatoid arthritis

Mark only one oval.

- Hypertension
- Angina Pectoris
- Renal amyloidosis
- Nausea

63. 55. The diagnosis tests of Syphilis except

Mark only one oval.

- PCR
- Enzyme immunoassay
- DFA-TP
- Acid fast staining

64. 56. A clinical manifestation of inflammation, Dolor means

Mark only one oval.

- Increased blood flow
- Exudation of fluid
- Disruption of tissue structure
- Stretching of pain receptors and nerves by mediators

65. 57. The range of diastolic blood pressure in Stage 1 hypertension lies between

Mark only one oval.

- 140-159 mm of Hg
- > 160 mm of Hg
- <120 mm of Hg
- 90-99 mm of Hg

66. 58. Which is the causative micro-organism for peptic ulcer

Mark only one oval.

- H pylori
- E.coli
- Mycobacterium bovis
- Mycobacterium tuberculosis

67. 59. Identify the hereditary disease (s) responsible for predominately conjugated hyperbilirubinaemia

Mark only one oval.

- Gilbert's syndrome
- Crigler-Najjar syndrome
- Dubin-Johnson syndrome
- Both a & c

68. 60. Which one is the clinical manifestation of haemorrhagic cystitis

Mark only one oval.

- Haematuria
- Dysuria
- Frequency in urination
- Abdominal pain

69. 61. Reduction of the number and size of parenchymal cells of an organ is called

Mark only one oval.

- Atrophy
- Hyperplasia
- Hypertrophy
- Neoplasia

70. 62. All of the followings are the diagnosis tests for Atherosclerosis except

Mark only one oval.

- Angiography
- Doppler-ultrasound test
- ECG
- Acid fast staining

71. 63. Haemophilia A occurs due to inadequate quantity of

Mark only one oval.

- Clotting factor VIII
- Clotting factor VII
- Clotting factor VI
- Clotting factor IX

72. 64. Chronic, relapsing inflammation of any organ of digestive system is called

Mark only one oval.

- Ulcerative colitis
- Chron's disease
- Hepatitis
- Rheumatoid arthritis

73. 65. Identify the disease of upper UTI

Mark only one oval.

- Cystitis
- Urethritis
- Prostatitis
- Chronic pyelonephritis

74. 66. Colloid osmotic pressure (Oncotic pressure) exerted by

Mark only one oval.

- Electrolyte
- Protein
- Glucose
- Blood capillary

75. 67. All of the followings are the diagnosis tests of hypertension except

Mark only one oval.

- Chest X-ray
- ECG
- Complete blood count
- Gram staining

76. 68. Which of the followings is not the diagnostic test for thalassemia

Mark only one oval.

- Splenectomy
- Cholecystectomy
- Bone marrow transplantation
- C-reactive protein test

77. 69. All of the followings are the characterizations of acute gout except

Mark only one oval.

- Painful arthritic attack of sudden onset
- Usually occurring at night or in early morning
- Most common site of initial attack is metatarsophalangeal joint
- Frequency of attacks increases, continuous deposit leads to damage joints and chronic pain

78. 70. Mantoux test is used to diagnose

Mark only one oval.

- Leprosy
- Typhoid fever
- Tuberculosis
- Syphilis

79. 71. All of the followings are the anti-hypertensive drug except

Mark only one oval.

- Atenolol
- Propranolol
- Telmisatran
- Salbutamol

80. 72. All of the followings are the anti-Parkinson's drug except

Mark only one oval.

- Levodop
- Bromocryptin
- Carbidopa
- Salbutamol

81. 73. All of the following drugs are used in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis except

Mark only one oval.

- Aspirin
- Meloxicam
- Etodolac
- Atenolol

82. 74. All of the followings are the 3rd week clinical manifestation of typhoid fever except

Mark only one oval.

- Delirium
- Toxaemia
- Diarrhea
- Bradycardia

83. 75. Streptococcus pneumonia is the causative organism of acute pyogenic meningitis for

Mark only one oval.

- Neonates
- Infants
- Elder persons
- Adults

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