Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021

Course Name - - Analog and Digital Communication Course Code - PCC-EC401

* You can submit the form ONLY ONCE.

	 Fill the following information for further process Required
1.	Email *
2.	Name of the Student *
3.	Enter Full Student Code *
4.	Enter Roll No *
5.	Enter Registration No *
6.	Enter Course Code *

7. Enter Course Name *

8. *

Mark only one oval.
Diploma in Pharmacy
Bachelor of Pharmacy
B.TECH.(CSE)
B.TECH.(ECE)
BCA
B.SC.(CS)
B.SC.(BT)
B.SC.(ANCS)
B.SC.(HN)
B.Sc.(MM)
B.A.(MW)
BBA
B.COM
B.A.(JMC)
BBA(HM)
BBA(LLB)
B.OPTOMETRY
B.SC.(MB)
B.SC.(MLT)
B.SC.(MRIT)
B.SC.(PA)
LLB
B.SC(IT)-AI
B.SC.(MSJ)
Bachelor of Physiotherapy
B.SC.(AM)
Dip.CSE
Dip.ECE
<u>DIP.EE</u>
DIPCE

9.

	Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 202
<u>DIP.ME</u>	
PGDHM	
MBA	
M.SC.(BT)	
M.TECH(CSE)	
LLM	
M.A.(JMC)	
M.A.(ENG)	
M.SC.(MATH)	
M.SC.(MB)	
MCA	
M.SC.(MSJ)	
M.SC.(AM)	
M.SC.CS)	
M.SC.(ANCS)	
M.SC.(MM)	
B.A.(Eng)	
Answer all the questions	. Each question carry one mark.
. 1.Communication is th	e process of
Mark only one oval.	
keeping in touch	
broadcasting	
exchanging inform	ation
entertainment by e	electronics

10.	2. Maximum efficiency in AM is
	Mark only one oval.
	33.3%.
	0.5
	22.2%.
	0.87
11.	3. If the noise level of the signal is increased then capacity of a band limited AWGN channel
	Mark only one oval.
	is increased
	is decreased
	remains constant
	none of these
12.	4. The main advantage of PCM system is
	Mark only one oval.
	lower bandwidth
	O lower power
	lower noise
	none of these

13.	5. For generation of FSK the data pattern must be given in
	Mark only one oval.
	RZ format
	NRZ format
	split phase Manchester
	none of these
14.	6.Eye pattern is used to study
	Mark only one oval.
	☐ ISI
	quantization noise
	error rate
	none of these
15.	7.Coherent demodulation of FSK signal can be effected using
	Mark only one oval.
	correlation receiver
	BPF and envelope detector
	matched filter
	discriminator detection

16.	8.Quantization noise occurs in
	Mark only one oval.
	time division multiplexing
	frequency division multiplexing
	pulse code modulation
	pulse frequency modulation
17.	9.In DM granular noise occurs when the modulating signal
	Mark only one oval.
	increase rapidly
	remain constant
	decrease rapidly
	none of these
18.	10.Inter symbol interference is problem in
	Mark only one oval.
	AM transmission
	FM transmission
	PCM transmission
	PM transmission

19.	11. PLL can be used to demodulate
	Mark only one oval.
	PAM Signal PCM Signal FM Signal DSB-SC Signal
20.	12.A modulation index of 0.5 would be same as
	Mark only one oval.
	0.5 of modulation depth 55 % of modulation depth
	5% of modulation depth 50% of modulation depth
21.	13.The PAM, PWM and PPM are the types of Mark only one oval.
	analog pulse modulation digital pulse modulation analog and digital pulse modulation none of these

22.	14If the sampling takes place at a rate which is lower than the Nyquist rate then
	Mark only one oval.
	reconstruction of the signal is not possible
	an error called aliasing takes place
	no effect on the reconstructed signal
	none of these
23.	15. The aliasing effect can be eliminated by
	Mark only one oval.
	using an antialiasing filter
	reducing the sampling frequency
	increasing the sampling frequency
	increasing the modulating frequency
24.	16. In PCM the biggest disadvantage compared to analog modulation is
	Mark only one oval.
	large bandwidth
	larger noise
	inability to handle analog signals
	incompatibility with TDM system

25.	17. Demodulation of DSB-SC signal requires
	Mark only one oval.
	an envelope detector
	an integrator
	a synchronous detector
	a discriminator
26.	18.The transmitted power in an FM system is
	Mark only one aval
	Mark only one oval.
	dependent on the number of sidebands
	dependent on the carrier power and sidebands
	always constant
	none of these
27.	19. In AM, the modulating frequency should always be
	Mark only one oval.
	greater than fc
	lower than fc
	equal to fc
	none of these

28.	20. One of the serious disadvantages of FM transmission is its
	Mark only one oval.
	high static noise
	limited line of sight range
	expensive equipment
	adjacent channel interference
29.	21. The broadcasting frequency range used in frequency modulator is
	Mark only one oval.
	30 MHz to 300 MHz
	88 MHz to 108 MHz
	3 MHz to 30 MHz
	1 MHz to 3 MHz
30.	22. In QAM both identitiesare varied.
	Mark only one oval.
	amplitude and phase
	frequency and phase
	bit rate and phase
	bit rate and frequency

31.	23. When modulating frequency is doubled, the modulation index is halved and the modulating voltage remains constant. The modulation system is
	Mark only one oval.
	◯ AM
	☐ FM
	PM
	all of these
32.	24. In digital communication system, the data transmission rate is specified in
	Mark only one oval.
	MHz
	GHz
	bytes/second
	bauds
33.	25.Modulation is primarily accomplished to-
	Mark only one oval.
	produce side-bands
	mix two waves of different frequencies
	transmit-audio frequency signals over long distances
	improve transmission efficiency

34.	26.Limitations of AM modulation is/are-
	Mark only one oval.
	noisy reception
	poor audio quality
	low transmission efficiency and small operating range
	all of these
0.5	
35.	27. Balanced modulators are used to
	Mark only one oval.
	produce suppressed carrier signal
	produce SSB signal
	produced PCM signal
	none of these
26	20. The change wighth we assign a secret of AAA ways in
36.	28. The bandwidth requirement of AM wave is
	Mark only one oval.
	2fm where fm is the highest modulating frequency
	2fm
	2nfm where n is number of significant side-bands
	fc + fm where fc is the carrier frequency

37.	29.A balanced modulator circuit is used to reject
	Mark only one oval.
	carrier
	LSB
	USB
	LSB and USB
38.	30.VSB modulation as compared to SSB modulation, occupies
	Mark only one oval.
	more bandwidth
	less bandwidth
	same bandwidth
	signal-dependent bandwidth
39.	31.The ring modulator is generally used for
	Mark only one oval.
	generating SSB-SC signal
	generating ISI signal
	generating wideband signal
	generating DSB-SC signal

40.	32. Which one of the following modulation techniques has got maximum SNR?
	Mark only one oval.
	AM-SSB AM-DSB
	FM
	AM-SC
41.	33. Which one of the following is an indirect way of generating FM?
	Mark only one oval.
	reactance FET modulator
	varactor diode modulator
	armstrong modulator
	reactance tube modulator
42.	34. Major advantage of Armstrong modulator is that
	Mark only one oval.
	it is capable to producing WBFM signals
	the centre frequency (carrier frequency when unmodulated) is extremely stable
	a large depth of modulation can be achieved
	none of these

43.	35. In the generation of modulated signal, a varactor diode can be used
	Mark only one oval.
	FM generation only
	AM generation only
	PM generation only
	both AM & PM generation
44.	36.In phase modulation, the frequency deviation is
	Mark only one oval.
	independent of the modulating signal frequency
	increasingly proportional to the modulating signal frequency
	directly proportional to the modulating signal frequency
	inversely proportional to the square root of the modulating frequency.
45.	37. ASK is a result of combination of shift keying
	Mark only one oval.
	analog modulation
	amplitude modulation
	digital modulation
	none of these

46	. 38.The de-emphasis filter in an FM receiver comes
	Mark only one oval.
	before FM demodulator after FM demodulator and before base band filter after base band filter before RF amplifier
47	. 39. The most common detector used in an AM radio broadcast receiver is Mark only one oval. envelope detector coherent detector discriminator ratio detector
48	. 40.The most noise immune system is Mark only one oval. SSB PCM PDM PWM

49.	41. Maximum frequency present in a signal is 2.5 kHz. Then Nyquist rate is
	Mark only one oval.
	10 KHz 1.5 KHz 2.5 KHz
	5 KHz
50.	42.What are the three steps in generating PCM in the correct sequence?
	Mark only one oval.
	sampling, quantizing & encoding encoding, sampling & quantizing
	sampling, encoding & quantizing
	quantizing, sampling & encoding
51.	43. The signal to quantization noise ratio in an n-bit PCM system
	Mark only one oval.
	depends upon the sampling frequency employed
	is independent of the value of n
	increase with increasing value of n
	decreases with increasing value of n

52.	44.The signal to quantization hoise ratio in a PCIVI system depends on
	Mark only one oval.
	sampling rate
	number of quantization level
	message signal bandwidth
	none of these
53.	45.One disadvantage of adaptive delta modulation over linear delta modulation is that it
	Mark only one oval.
	requires more bandwidth
	is more vulnerable to channel errors
	requires a larger number of comparators in the encoder
	is not suitable for signals with periodic component
54.	46. MSK (Minimum Shift Keying) is an orthogonal FSK scheme that gets its name from the fact that
	Mark only one oval.
	the phase shift is minimum
	the error probability is minimum
	the transmission power required is minimum
	the transmission bandwidth required is minimum

55.	47.In case of data transmission, which one of the following systems will give the maximum probability error?
	Mark only one oval.
	ASK
	FSK
	PSK
	DPSK
56.	48. The number of frequencies produced at the output of binary FSK modulator is
	Mark only one oval.
	two
	infinite
	three
	power of two
57.	49. Which one of the following circuits transmits two messages simultaneously in one direction
	Mark only one oval.
	duplex
	diplex
	simplex
	quadruplex

58.	50. Which one of the following multiplexing technique involves signal composed of light beams?
	Mark only one oval.
	CDM
	TDM
	FDM
	WDM
5 0	
59.	51. The process of converting the analog samples into discrete form is called
	Mark only one oval.
	quantization
	modulation
	multiplexing
	sampling
60.	52. The technique that may be used to reduce to side band power is
	Mark only one oval.
	BPSK
	GMSK
	MSK
	BFSK

61.	53.In communication system noise is most likely to affect the signal
	Mark only one oval.
	at transmitter
	in channel
	in information source
	at destination
62.	54. The threshold effect is more dominant in
	Mark only one oval.
	FM
	AM
	PCM
	PM
63.	55.In TV telecast, the sound signal is modulated in
	Mark only one oval.
	VSB
	SSB
	☐ FM
	◯ AM

64.	56. Regenerative repeaters can be used in
	Mark only one oval.
	analog communication system only
	digital communication system only
	analog and digital communication systems
	none of these
65.	57.The spectral density of white noise is
	Mark only one oval.
	exponential
	uniform
	Poisson
	Gaussian
66.	58. Companding is used
	Mark only one oval.
	to overcome quantized noise in PCM
	to protect small signals in PCM from quantizing distortion
	to overcome impulse noise
	none of these

67.	59.The signal to quantization noise ratio in n bit PCM system
	Mark only one oval.
	is independent of value n
	increase with increasing value of n
	depends upon the sampling frequency employed
	decreases with the increasing value of n
68.	60.Voice frequency bandwidth of telephone system is approximately
	Mark only one oval.
	100 Hz
	300 KHz
	400 Hz
	200 Hz

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google.

Google Forms