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Course Name - Marketing Management Course Code - BBALLB401

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Diploma in Pharmacy Bachelor of Pharmacy B.TECH.(CSE) B.TECH.(ECE) BCA B.SC.(CS) B.SC.(BT) B.SC.(ANCS) B.SC.(HN) B.SC.(MM) B.A.(MW) BBA B.COM BAA.(JMC) BBA(LLB) BOPTOMETRY B.SC.(MB) B.SC.(MRIT) B.SC.(MRIT) B.SC.(PA) LLB B.SC.(MSJ) Bachelor of Physiotherapy B.SC.(AM) Dip.CSE Dip.ECE	Mark only one oval.		
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9.

DIP.ME
PGDHM
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M.SC.(BT)
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LLM
M.A.(JMC)
M.A.(ENG)
M.SC.(MATH)
M.SC.(MB)
M.SC.(MSJ)
M.SC.(AM)
M.SC.CS)
M.SC.(ANCS)
M.SC.(MM)
B.A.(Eng)
Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.
. 1. Good marketing is no accident, but a result of careful planning and
Mark only one oval.
execution
selling
strategies
research

10.	2. Rising promotion costs and shrinking profit margins are the result of
	Mark only one oval.
	changing technology
	globalization
	deregulation
	heightened competition
11.	3. The concept holds that consumers and businesses, if left alone, will ordinarily not buy enough of the organization's products.
	Mark only one oval.
	production
	selling
	marketing
	product
12.	4. One traditional depiction of marketing activities is in terms of the marketing mix or four Ps. The four Ps are characterized as being
	Mark only one oval.
	product, positioning, place, and price
	product, price, promotion, and place
	product, production, price, and place
	place, promotion, production, and positioning

13.	5 reflects the perceived tangible and intangible benefits and costs to customers.						
	Mark only one oval.						
	Loyalty						
	Satisfaction						
	Value						
	Expectations						
14.	6. Which of the following would be the best illustration of a subculture?						
	Mark only one oval.						
	A religion						
	A group of close friends						
	Your university						
	Your occupation						
15.	7. Customers' perception of the performance of the product or service in relation to their expectation can be referred as						
	Mark only one oval.						
	Customer value						
	Satisfaction						
	Brand loyalty						
	Customer imagery						

16.	8. The process by which a company creates a distinct image and identify for its products, services, or brands in consumers' minds is known as					
	Mark only one oval.					
	Targeting					
	Positioning					
	Segmentation					
	Perceptual mapping					
17.	9. The controllable variables a company puts together to satisfy a target group is called the					
	Mark only one oval.					
	Marketing strategy					
	Marketing mix					
	Strategic planning					
	Marketing concept					
18.	10. The holds that the organization's task is to determine the needs, wants, and interests of target markets and to deliver the desired satisfactions more effectively and efficiently than competitors in a way that preserves or enhances the consumer's and the society's well-being					
	Mark only one oval.					
	Customer-centered business					
	Societal marketing concept					
	Focused business model					
	Ethically responsible marketing					

19.	11. The factors such as the buyer's age, life-cycle stage, occupation, economic situation, lifestyle, personality and self-concept that influences buyer's decisions refers to which one of the following characteristic?
	Mark only one oval.
	Personal characteristics
	Psychological characteristics
	Behavioral characteristics
	Demographic characteristics
20.	12. WOM is a part of
	Mark only one oval.
	Communication
	Sales
	Distribution
	Marketing research
21.	13 is the ratio between customers' perceived benefits and the resources they use to obtain those benefits
	Mark only one oval.
	Customer Satisfaction
	Customer Value
	Customer Perception
	Customer Cognition

22.	14. The marketing mix includes all EXCEPT which of the following?
	Mark only one oval.
	Product Price
	Place
	Purchase
23.	15. The buying process starts when the buyer recognizes a
	Mark only one oval.
	Product
	an advertisement for the product
	a salesperson from a previous visit
	problem or need
24.	16. If a firm is practicing, the firm is training and effectively motivating its customer-contact employees and all of the supporting service people to work as a team to provide customer satisfaction
	Mark only one oval.
	double-up marketing
	interactive marketing
	service marketing
	internal marketing

25.	17. Adding new features to a product is advocated by which of the approaches?
	Mark only one oval.
	Product Approach
	Production Approach
	Marketing Approach
	Selling Approach
26.	18. In marketing theory, every contribution from the supply chain adds to the product.
	Mark only one oval.
	value
	costs
	convenience
	ingredients
27.	19. In consumers may share a strong need that cannot be satisfied by an existing product.
	Mark only one oval.
	negative demand
	latent demand
	declining demand
	irregular demand

28.	20. A change in an individual's behavior prompted by information and experience refers to which one of the following concept?
	Mark only one oval.
	Learning
	Role selection
	Perception
	Motivation
29.	21. While buying milk which kind of behaviour is displayed by a person?
	Mark only one oval.
	Extensive problem solving behaviour
	Routinized buying behaviour
	Variety seeking behaviour
	None of the above
30.	22. What is the basic property of a service which makes it different from a product?
	Mark only one oval.
	Shape
	Size
	Very expensive
	Intangibility

31.	process refers to which of the following markets?
	Mark only one oval.
	Consumer markets
	Government markets
	Business markets
	International markets
32.	24. The refers to the various companies that are involved in moving a product from its manufacturer into the hands of its buyer
	Mark only one oval.
	distribution network
	supply chain
	promotion network
	product supply
33.	25 is the study of how individuals, groups, and organizations select, buy, use, and dispose of goods, services, ideas, or experiences to satisfy their needs and wants
	Mark only one oval.
	Target marketing
	Psychographic segmentation
	Product Differentiation
	Consumer behavior

buyers normally do not think of buying, such as insurance, encyclopedias, a funeral plots. Mark only one oval. marketing concept selling concept production concept product concept	
information search social interaction purchase decision 35. 27. The is practiced most aggressively with unsought goods, good buyers normally do not think of buying, such as insurance, encyclopedias, a funeral plots. Mark only one oval. marketing concept selling concept production concept product concept Cognitive dissonance Cognitive dissonance	
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purchase decision 35. 27. The is practiced most aggressively with unsought goods, good buyers normally do not think of buying, such as insurance, encyclopedias, a funeral plots. Mark only one oval. marketing concept selling concept production concept product concept product concept Cognitive dissonance	information search
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product concept 36. 28 refers to the information a consumer has stored in their mer about a product or service. Mark only one oval. Cognitive dissonance	selling concept
36. 28 refers to the information a consumer has stored in their mer about a product or service. Mark only one oval. Cognitive dissonance	production concept
about a product or service. Mark only one oval. Cognitive dissonance	product concept
about a product or service. Mark only one oval. Cognitive dissonance	
Mark only one oval. Cognitive dissonance	
Cognitive dissonance	out a product or service.
	rk only one oval.
Product knowledge	Cognitive dissonance
	Product knowledge
Product research	Product research
Marketing research	Marketing research

37.	29	is defined as the difference between the benefits a
	customer sees from	a market offering and the costs of obtaining those benefits.
	Mark only one oval.	
	Customer value	
	Satisfaction sca	ıle
	Profit margin	
	Competitive ber	nefit
0.0		
38.	process of planning distribution of ideas	larketing Association defines marketing as follows: "the and executing the conception, pricing, promotion, and s, goods, and services to create exchanges that idual and organizational goals." [fill in the blank]
	Mark only one oval.	
	Convince	
	manipulate	
	satisfy	
	define	
39.		is the process of obtaining a desired products from ving the party something in return [fill in the blank]
	Mark only one oval.	
	Transaction	
	Exchange	
	Value	
	None of these	

40.	32. Which one is a benefit of Demand Forecasting?
	Mark only one oval.
	company does not store huge inventories
	company generate supernormal profits
	company can build core competency
	company can design better product
41.	33. Among the given options which one is not a part of demography based segmentation parameter?
	Mark only one oval.
	Gender
	Age
	Education
	Lifestyle
42.	34. Marketing Myopia is
	Mark only one oval.
	Far sightedness
	Short sightedness
	Long sightedness
	None of these

43.	35. Need which as a customer we don't know that it exist is known as;
	Mark only one oval.
	Basic need
	Psychological need
	Biological need
	Latent need
44.	36. "Provide the customer with whatever he wants but not at the cost of society" This concept is known as
	Mark only one oval.
	Marketing
	Societal Marketing
	Branding
	Advertising
45.	37. Advertisement is a part of
	Mark only one oval.
	Product
	Price
	Place
	Promotion

46.	38. When the demand for one product increases the demand for another' is an explanation of
	Mark only one oval.
	Joint demand
	Derived demand
	Fluctuating demand
	Negative demand
47.	39. 'Situation in which a purchaser buys the same product in the same quantities from the same vendor' is
	Mark only one oval.
	A new buy selling situation
	A modified rebuy
	A straight rebuy
	A complex buying situation
48.	40. When there is a proper balance between demand and supply that is known as
	Mark only one oval.
	Latent Demand
	Overfull Demand
	Full demand
	No Demand

49.	41. Among the following options of 4P's which one only causes cash inflow for the company
	Mark only one oval.
	Product
	Price
	Place
	Promotion
50.	42. Among the following which one is not a basis of market segmentation?
	Mark only one oval.
	Geographic
	Demographic
	Psychographic
	Mental
51.	43. Among the given options which one is not a part of demography based segmentation parameter?
	Mark only one oval.
	Gender
	Age
	Lifestyle
	Education

52.	44. Value is equal to
	Mark only one oval.
	Benefit/Cost
	Cost/Benefit
	Profit/Costs
	None of these
53.	45. SBU stands for
	Mark only one oval.
	Simple Business Unit
	Strategic Business Unity
	Strategic Business Unit
	Simple Business Unity
54.	46. Which of these can not represent a brand?
	Mark only one oval.
	Logo
	Brand Name
	Theme Line
	Demand

5	5.	47. Customer need identification was first considered in theconcept (fill in the blank)
		Mark only one oval.
		Selling
		Marketing
		Societal Marketing
		Production
5	6.	48. The size of the market refers to:
		Mark only one oval.
		Measurability
		Marketability
		Accessibility
		Substantiality
5	7.	49. Penetration Pricing does not assume
		Mark only one oval.
		Brand Loyalty
		Brand Switching
		Brand Proliferation
		None of these

58.	50. One who fights for the same rupee of my customer is my
	Mark only one oval.
	Supplier Competitor Consumer
	Channel partner
59.	51. Popular figure who can influence consumer decisions are called
	Mark only one oval.
	Opinion leader
	Reference group
	Influencer
	All of these
60.	52. Among the following options which one is a type of intermediary
	Mark only one oval.
	Manufacturer
	Distributor
	End User
	None of these

61.	53. Which of the following is Customer Oriented Pricing?
	Mark only one oval.
	Skimming Pricing Penetration Pricing Perceived Value Pricing Loss Leader Pricing
62.	54. A want backed up by willingness and ability to pay is known as Mark only one oval.
	Need Want Value Demand
63.	55. The extra premium a customer is ready to pay for a particular brand is known as Mark only one oval. Brand Rejuvenation Brand Loyalty Brand Proliferation Brand Equity

64.	56. Total number of lines provided by a company is known as
	Mark only one oval.
	Product Depth
	Product Width
	Product Length
	Product Mix
65.	57. 'Value-added services' means
03.	57. Value-added services means
	Mark only one oval.
	Core product
	Expected product
	Augmented product
	Potential product
66.	58. A 'Call' in marketing language means
	Mark only one oval.
	Calling on a sales person
	Calling on a customer
	Making a phone-call
	Tele-marketing

67.	59. Market segmentation means
	Mark only one oval.
	Segmenting the salesmen
	Segmenting the employees
	Segmenting the customers as per their needs
	Segmenting the products
68.	60 requires understanding the financial and nonfinancial returns to
	business and society from marketing activities and programs.
	Mark only one oval.
	Performance marketing
	Integrated marketing
	Relationship marketing
	internal marketing

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