Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021

Course Name - - Environmental Microbiology Course Code - BMBC402

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_ .. . _ _

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Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.

9. 1. Which of the following problems is not created by noise pollution?

- 🔵 Diarrhoea
- Hypertension
- Deafness
- Irritation

10. 2. Which is the renewable exhaustible natural energy resource?

Mark only one oval.

Coal
Petroleum
Kerosene
Biomass

11. 3. In an ecosystem, the energy flow is always

Mark only one oval.

Always unidirectional
None

- In any direction
- Always down directional
- 12. 4. The study of living organisms with the environment is known as _____

Mark only one oval.

Ecosystem

Environment

Community

Ecology

13. 5. An ecosystem consists of

Mark only one oval.

Population

A biotic community

- A population and its non-living elements
- A biotic community and its non-living elements
- 14. 6. A simple detritus food chain starts with

Mark only one oval.

- 🔵 green plant
- wastes of organisms and dead organisms
- both green plant & wastes of organisms and dead organisms
- none of these
- 15. 7. World Environmental Day' is celebrated every year on

- 5th May
- 🔵 5th June
- 5th July
- 18th July

16. 8. Eutrophication means

Mark only one oval.

Water purification

- Neutralization of waste water
- Waste water Treatment process
- Enrichment of plant nutrients in water bodies

17. 9. Organic farming is

Mark only one oval.

- enhancing biodiversity
- promoting soil biological activity
- farming without using pesticides and chemical fertilizers
-) all the above

18. 10. A food web consists of

- A portion of food chain
- A set of similar consumers
- Interlocking of food chains
- Producers, consumers and decomposers

19. 11. Which of the following is major Environmental issues in Mining activities?

Mark only one oval.

Water pollution

- Soil Degradation
- Air pollution and Dust
- All the above
- 20. 12. Smog is combination of

Mark only one oval.

- Smoke and snow
- Snow and fog
- Smoke and fog
- All the above
- 21. 13. The adverse effect of modern agriculture is

- Soil pollution
- Water pollution
- Wastes logging
- All of these

22. 14. Loss of water content through the plants into the atmosphere is called :

Mark only one oval.

Evaporation

- **Vaporization**
- Hydraulic cycle
- Transpiration
- 23. 15. Good example of sedimentary cycle is

Mark only one oval.

- Oxygen cycle
- Sulphur cycle
- Nitrogen cycle
- Phosphorus cycle
- 24. 16. Water quality involves measuring the number of colonies of

Mark only one oval.

Cells

____ Protozoa

- Chromosomes
- Coliform bacteria

25. 17. Which of the following is the largest sink for carbon dioxide gas?

Mark only one oval.



26. 18. Which gas is mainly produced due to incomplete burning of wood?

Mark only one oval.

- C0
 S02
 N02
 N03
- 27. 19. Which of the following is a liquid form of aerosol?



28. 20. Which of the following leads to a disease called broncho spasm?

Mark only one oval.

S02
S03
S04
C02

29. 21. Which of the following air pollution control device has maximum efficiency?

Mark only one oval.

- Electrostatic precipitator
- Dynamic precipitator
- Spray tower
- Wet cyclonic scrubber
- 30. 22. Which of these is NOT a primary pollutant?



- Carbon dioxide
- Ground level ozone
- 🔵 Oxygen

31. 23. Which of the following are classified as major sources to air pollution?

Mark only one oval.

- Fuel consumption by local citizens
- Sewage treatment plants
- Dry cleaning and laundries
- None of the mentioned
- 32. 24. BOD stands for

Mark only one oval.

- Biotic Oxygen Demand
- Biological Oxidation Demand
- Biological Oxygen Demand
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- 33. 25. Itai-itai disease is caused by

- Hg Poisoning
- Cd poisoning
- Pb poisoning
- Cu poisoning

34. 26. Which of the following is the cause of biomagnification?

Mark only one oval.

Eutrophication

- Detergent pollution
- Pesticide pollution
- Industrial pollution
- 35. 27. Which of the following mentioned GHGs has the highest atmospheric lifetime?

Mark only one oval.

- Carbon tetrafluoride
 Nitrous oxide
 Methane
- CFC
- 36. 28. What is the reason for extreme difference in temperatures at day and night in deserts?

- Carbon dioxide concentrations are low in desert regions, therefore heat escapes easily
- Sand has high heat conduction properties
- 📃 Lack of moisture leads to escape of heat
- All of the mentioned

37. 29. A moth having a speckled wing, able to blend into its background due to its dark colouration is called

Mark only one oval.

- Industrial melanism
- Adaptation
- Predation
- Evolution
- 38. 30. Areas that are under the influence of DDT may observe a decline in the population of birds. This is due to the fact that

Mark only one oval.

- Birds stopped laying eggs altogether
- ____ The eggs did not hatch
- Predation of the eggs increased
- None of the above.
- 39. 31. _____ is an organism used to gauge the quality of an ecosystem.

- Decomposers
- Predator
- Bio-remediator
- Bioindicator

40. 32. Lichens are good bioindicators for

Mark only one oval.

- Environmental radiation
- Water and air pollution
- Soil pollution
- None of the above
- 41. 33. Who discovered the ozone layer?

Mark only one oval.

- Henri Buisson & Charles Fabry
- Carl Sagan & Charles Fabry
- G.M.B Dobson
- Carl Sagan &G.M.B Dobson
- 42. 34. _____ is one of the most prevalent hotspots of biodiversity in India

- 🔵 Himalayas
- 📃 Western Ghats
- Ganges
- None

43. 35. Global warming can be controlled by _____

Mark only one oval.

Reducing solid waste

- Reducing water wastage
- Burning human-generated waste
- Reducing fossil fuel consumption
- 44. 36. _____ is not generally seen in biodiversity hotspots.

Mark only one oval.

- 🔵 Endemism
- Species richness
- Loss of diversity
- Lesser interspecific competition
- 45. 37. _____ is a non-renewable resource

Mark only one oval.

Crude oil

Uranium

Hot spring

🔵 Silica

46. 38. _____ occurs when the death of the last individual in a species occurs

Mark only one oval.

Adaptation

- Phylogenic diversity
- Speciation
- Extinction
- 47. 39. Plant species with a wide range of genetic distribution evolve into a local population known as

Mark only one oval.

Ecotype
Population

Ecosystem

- Biome
- 48. 40. Which of the following lake zones has phytoplanktons in abundance?



- Benthic zone
- C Lemnitic zone
- Profoundal zone

49. 41. This is not a biofertilizer

Mark only one oval.

Agrobacterium

Nostoc

- Rhizobium
- Mycorrhiza
- 50. 42. Carbon dioxide is not released in which of the following processes?

Mark only one oval.

- Lactate fermentation
- Alcoholic fermentation
- Aerobic respiration in animals
- Aerobic respiration in plants
- 51. 43. During which stage of the purification of the sewage water are microbes used?

- Primary treatment
- Secondary treatment
- Tertiary treatment
- Both Primary treatment & Secondary treatment

52. 44. What does high value of BOD(Biochemical Oxygen Demand) indicate

Mark only one oval.

That water is pure

- _____ that water is less polluted
- _____ that water is highly polluted
- that consumption of organic matter by microbes is higher in the water
- 53. 45. This group consists of non-renewable organic resources

Mark only one oval.

- Water, air and minerals
- 🔵 natural gas, oil and coal
- wood, water and natural pastures
- sand, air and clay
- 54. 46. Which of the following is not an air pollutant?

Mark only one oval.

Smoke

- Carbon Dioxide
- 🔵 Nitrogen Gas
- Sulphur Dioxide

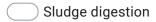
55. 47. Burning of fossil fuels:

Mark only one oval.

- decrease greenhouse gases
- increases greenhouse gases
- increased level of oxygen
- Increased level of ethane
- 56. 48. Soil conservation is the process where

Mark only one oval.

- 🔵 soil is aerated
- soil is protected against loss
- sterile soil is converted to fertile soil
- soil erosion is allowed
- 57. 49. At this stage of wastewater treatment, methanogenic microbes are the most significant



- Primary treatment
- Secondary treatment
- Biological oxidation

58. 50. This cleanup approach includes removal of groundwater or soil from its natural setting to permit for bioremediation

Mark only one oval.

- Bioaugmentation
- in situ bioremediation
- _____ ex situ bioremediation
- Phytoremediation
- 59. 51. Biodiversity loss can lead to everything except this

Mark only one oval.

- increased resistance to the environmental perturbance
- decline in plant production
- increased variability in water use
- increased variability in pest and disease cycle
- 60. 52. The National aquatic animal of India is

- 🔵 Sea horse
- River Dolphin
- Blue whale
- Gangetic shark

61. 53. A process using microbes to convert toxic industrial wastes to less toxic or non-toxic compounds is

Mark only one oval.

- Precipitation
- Complement fixation
- Bioconversion
- Bioremediation
- 62. 54. ______ bacterium can withstand doses of radiation which are several times higher than what human cells can tolerate

Mark only one oval.

- Escherichia coli
- Conus magus
- Deinococcus radiodurans
- Staphylococcus aureus
- 63. 55. The bioremediation process involving usage of plants to degrade pollutants is

- Compositing
- Biopile
- Phytoremediation
- Land farming

64. 56. This is not an indigenous microbe used for bioremediation

Mark only one oval.

- Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- Piscirickettsia salmonis
- Phanerochaete sordida
- 🔵 E. coli
- 65. 57. Bioaugmentation involves

Mark only one oval.

- eliminating sludge
- ____ plants usage for bioremediation
- addition of microbes to a cleanup site
- bioventing
- 66. 58. Key enzymes of cellulose degradation

- Ectoglucanases
- Endoglucanases
- Endomycanases
- Endodextranases

67. 59. β-glucosidase degrades

Mark only one oval.

Cellulose

- Hemicellulose
- ____ Lignin
- All of these
- 68. 60. Endo-1,4- beta-xylanas degrades

Mark only one oval.

- Cellulose
- Hemicellulose
- 🔵 Lignin
- All of these

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