## Online Examinations (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2020 - 2021)

Course Name - - Medicinal Chemistry III Course Code - BP601T

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8.

Mark only one oval.			
Diploma in Pharmacy			
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B.TECH.(ECE)			
BCA			
B.SC.(CS)			
B.SC.(BT)			
B.SC.(ANCS)			
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BBA			
B.COM			
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B.OPTOMETRY			
B.SC.(MB)			
B.SC.(MLT)			
B.SC.(MRIT)			
B.SC.(PA)			
LLB			
B.SC(IT)-AI			
B.SC.(MSJ)			
Bachelor of Physiotherapy			
B.SC.(AM)			
Dip.CSE			
Dip.ECE			
<u>DIP.EE</u>			
DIPCE			

	Chimic Examinations (Even Contr. are in Examinations 2020	
DIP.ME		
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M.SC.(MB)		
MCA		
M.SC.(MSJ)		
M.SC.(AM)		
M.SC.CS)		
M.SC.(ANCS)		
M.SC.(MM)		
B.A.(Eng)		

Answer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.

- 9. 1.Lipophilicity of Tetracycline increases by esterification of OH group at position

  Mark only one oval.
  - \_\_\_ C 5
  - \_\_\_\_ C 10
  - \_\_\_\_ C 6
  - \_\_\_\_ C 12

10.	2.All of the following antibiotics bind to the 50S subunit of the ribosome thereby inhibiting proteinsynthesis EXCEPT
	Mark only one oval.
	Chloramphenicol
	Erythromycin
	Linezolid
	Doxycycline
11.	3.An electron withdrawing substituent on the alpha carbon of side chain of Penicillin provides
	Mark only one oval.
	beta lactamase resistance
	acid resistance
	Penicillinase resistance
	both (a) and (b)
12.	4.The cephalosporin with the highest activity against gram positive cocci is
	Mark only one oval.
	Cefaclor
	Cephalothin
	Cefuroxime
	Cefepime

13.	5.Aminoglycosides		
	Mark only one oval.		
	Have a β lactam ring		
	Can produce neuromuscular blockade		
	Are DNA gyrase inhibitors		
	Normally reach high CSF concentrations		
14.	6. Which of the following is a second generation cephalosporin?		
	Mark only one oval.		
	Cefaclor		
	Ceftazidime		
	Cephalexin		
	Cefotaxime		
15.	7.Benzyl penicillin is also known as		
	Mark only one oval.		
	Penicillin - G		
	Penicillin - V		
	Penicillin - F		
	Penicillin - K.		

16.	8.Penicillins act by
	Mark only one oval.
	inhibiting cell wall synthesis
	inhibiting protein synthesis
	binding with nucleic acids
	inhibiting folic acid synthesis
17.	9.In cephalosporins, higher resistance to hydrolysis by $\beta$ -lactamases is shown when
	Mark only one oval.
	The amino group is acylated
	Replacement of sulphur with oxygen
	Oxidation of ring sulphur to sulphoxide or sulphone
	Introduction of C-7 α-methoxy group
18.	10.Demeclocycline differs from chlortetracycline only by
10.	10. Demeclocycline differs from chilor tetracycline only by
	Mark only one oval.
	absence of - CH3 group on carbon 6
	presence of – OH group on carbon 6
	absence of – OH group on carbon 3
	absence of - N (CH3)2 group on carbon 4

19.	11,Which semi synthetic penicillin is active against penicillinase?
	Mark only one oval.
	ampicillin
	cloxacillin
	amoxicillin
	penicine V
20.	12.Which semi synthetic penicillin is bactericidal in nature?
	Mark only one oval.
	oxacilline
	cloxacillin
	amoxicillin
	penicillin V
21.	13.What is the full form of 6-APA?
	Mark only one oval.
	6-amino penicillanic-acid
	6-amino penicilloic-acid
	6-amino penicillanic-anhydride
	6-aceto penicillanic-acid

22.	14.Central six member ring of dihydrostreptomycin called		
	Mark only one oval.		
	2-deoxy streptamine		
	streptidine		
	streptose		
	streptamine		
23.	15.Tetracyclines are characterized by		
	Mark only one oval.		
	decahydronaphthacenes skeleton		
	heptahydronaphthacenes skeleton		
	tetrahydronaphthacenes skeleton		
	octahydronaphthacenes skeleton		
24.	16.Chloroquine act by inhibiting following enzyme		
	Mark only one oval.		
	DNA and RNA polymerase		
	DNA gyrase		
	Dihydro folate reductase		
	DNA DNA		

25.	17.Amodiaquine Iminoquinone is	_ product of amodiaquin.
	Mark only one oval.	
	Oxidized	
	Reduced	
	Alkylating	
	None of these	
26.	18.Clindamycin	
	Mark only one oval.	
	Inhibits bacterial cell wall synthesis	
	Is often used for prophylaxis of endocardition undergoing dental procedures	is in patients with Valvular disease who are
	Penetrates through BBB into CSF well	
	Works well against enterococci and gram r	negative aerobic organisms
27.	19. Which of the following is an ester?	
	Mark only one oval.	
	aspirin	
	methadone	
	methoxyflurane	
	adrenaline	

28.	20.Chloramphenicol is obtained from
	Mark only one oval.
	Streptomyces capreolus
	Streptomyces venezulae
	Streptomyces orchidaceus
	Streptomyces griseus
29.	21.Primaquine is a derivative of
	Mark only one oval.
	4-aminoquinoline
	8-aminoquinoline
	2, 4-diaminopyrimidine
	8-hydroxyquinoline
30.	22."Endoperoxide bridge" is the important chemical characteristic of
	Mark only one oval.
	Quinine
	Qnuinidine
	Halofantrine
	Artemether

31.	23,The structure of biguanides contain
	Mark only one oval.
	6 nitrogen atoms
	5 nitrogen atoms
	3 nitrogen atoms
	7 nitrogen atoms
32.	24.Sugars are linked to the central moiety of macrolides by
	Mark only one oval.
	C- glycosidic bond
	O- glycosidic bond
	N- glycosidic bond
	S- glycosidic bond
00	
33.	25.In acid degradation of erythromycin the first obtained intermediate is
	Mark only one oval.
	Spiroketal
	Hemiketal
	Desosamine
	Cladinose

,	34.	26.Modification at the primary alcoholic group on C-1 atom of Chloramphenicol results in
		Mark only one oval.
		Increase in activity
		decrease in activity
		No change in activity
		Abolishing activity
(	35.	27.Ethambutol is used to treat
		Mark only one oval.
		hypertension
		tuberculosis
		poisoning
		HIV
(	36.	28.PAS is
		Mark only one oval.
		Para-amino-sulfuric acid
		Para-amino-sorbitol
		Para-amino-salicylic acid
		Para-amino-sufonamide

37.	29.Which isomer of chloroquine is more toxic?
	Mark only one oval.
	D-isomer
	L-isomer
	both are equally toxic
	both are non-toxic
38.	30.Artemether is used in
	Mark only one oval.
	Glaucoma
	Tuberculosis
	malaria
	dysentery
	dyschiery
39.	31.Kaposis's Sarcoma is associated with
	Mark only one oval.
	mank emy ene evan
	Diabetes
	AIDS
	Tuberculosis
	Ulcer

40.	32.Regarding resistance to antibiotics
	Mark only one oval.
	Penicillinases cannot inactivate cephalosporins
	Macrolides can be inactivated by transferases
	Mutation of aminoglycoside binding site is its main mechanism of resistance
	Tetracycline resistance is a marker for multidrug resistance
41.	33,Influenza causing virus is
	Mark only one oval.
	Herpes virus
	Orthomyxovirus
	Retrovirus
	Adenovirus
42.	34.Ciprofloxacin
	Mark only one oval.
	Is a defluorinated analogue of nalidixic acid
	Inhibits tropoisomerases 2 and 3
	Has no gram positive cover
	Has bioavailability of 30%

43.	35.Regarding antivirals
	Mark only one oval.
	Delvindine is a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor (NRTI)
	Zidovudine (AZT) is a non nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor (NNRTI)
	NRTIs activate HIV-1 reverse transcriptase
	NRTIs require intracytoplasmic activation to the triphosphate form
44.	36.Which of the following moieties are present in the structure of acyclovir?
	Mark only one oval.
	Adenine
	Cytosine
	Guanine
	Thymine
45.	37.Amantadine is used as
	Mark only one oval.
	anti-viral drug
	anthelmintic drug
	antiprotozoal drug
	antibacterial drug.

46.	38,The antiviral drug with no heterocyclic ring system is
	Mark only one oval.
	Nelfinavir
	Loviride
	Troviridine
	Zidovudine
47.	39.Which of the following is not a 4-amino quinoline
	Mark only one oval.
	Amodiaquine
	Mefloquine
	Primaquine
	Chloroquine
48.	40.Zalcitabine is an analog of
	Mark only one oval.
	cytosine
	guanine
	uracil
	adenine

49.	41, Which antibiotic is used against both TB and leprosy?
	Mark only one oval.
	ampicillin
	cloxacillin
	amoxicillin
	rifampicin
50.	42,Major metabolite of Isoniazid is
	Mark only one oval.
	N-acetyl Nicotinamide
	N-acetyl isoniazid
	N-methyl isoniazid
	N-methyl Nicotinamide
<b>5</b> 4	
51.	43.Fluoroquinolones contains F substituent at
	Mark only one oval.
	C-3
	C-4
	C-5
	C-6

52.	44.Ciprofloxacin is which type of drug?
	Mark only one oval.
	Antifungal antibiotics
	Anti-tubercular antibiotics
	. Quinolines
	Quinolone Antibacterials
53.	45.Nalidixic acid is used in
	Mark only one oval.
	urinary tract infection
	Malaria
	Fungal infection
	none
54.	46.Tuberculous meningitis involves
	Mark only one oval.
	respiratory system
	nervous system
	GI tract
	none

55.	47.Amikacin is a
	Mark only one oval.
	semisynthetic aminoglycoside synthetic aminoglycoside natural aminoglycoside none
56.	48.Example of HIV protease inhibitors  Mark only one oval.  Abacavir  Ritonavir  Aciclovir  Ganciclovir
57.	49.Idoxuridine is  Mark only one oval.  RT inhibitors  DNA polymerase inhibitor  none both

58.	50.Malaria is caused by
	Mark only one oval.
	Bacteria
	Virus
	Protozoa
	All of these
59.	51.Cycloguanil acts by
	Mark only one oval.
	30 S ribosomal inhibition
	dihydrofolate reductase inhibition
	50 S ribosomal inhibition
	Protein synthesis inhibition
60.	52.Sulfonamides are metabolized by humans principally by
	Mark only one oval.
	Acetylation
	Deamination
	Oxidation
	Conjugation

61.	53.Which is/are the major side effect of sulfonamide?
	Mark only one oval.
	Crystalurea
	Peripheral neuritis
	Kernictus
	All of the above
62.	54.Which is the basic ring present in sulfadiazine?
	Mark only one oval.
	Pyridine
	Pyrimidine
	Pyridazine
	Piperidine
63.	55.Chemically Albendazole is
	Mark only one oval.
	Indole derivative
	Benzimidazole derivative
	Quinoline derivative
	Carbazole derivative

64.	56.Regarding the "azole" group of antifungals
	Mark only one oval.
	Fluconazole has low water solubility
	Ketoconazole may be given IV/PO
	Itraconazole undergoes renal elimination
	They work by reduction of ergosterol synthesis by inhibition of fungal cytochrome P450 enzymes
65.	57.Example of an anthelmintic drug
	Mark only one oval.
	Flucloxacillin
	Mebendazole
	Rifampicin
	Cephalothin
66.	58.All of the following are true regarding metronidazole EXCEPT
	Mark only one oval.
	It is used to treat giardia
	It causes a metallic taste in the mouth
	It inhibits alcohol dehydrogenase
	It is used to treat gardnerella

67.	59.Albendazole contains which of the following
	Mark only one oval.
	Imidazole
	Fural
	Thazolidine
	Benzimidazol
68.	60.Natural anthelmintic agent is
	Mark only one oval.
	Avermectin
	Metrifonate
	Levamisole
	Niridazole
69.	61.In vivo, prontosil is converted to
	Mark only one oval.
	Sulphanilamide
	Sulphacetamide
	Sulphadiazine
	Sulphathiazole

70.	62.The chemical name of sulphadiazine is
	Mark only one oval.
	N 1 -2-pyrimidinylsulphanilamide  N 1 -5-methyl-3-isooxazolylsulphanilamide  N 1 -2-pyridylsulphanilamide  N 1 -acetylsulphanilamide.
71.	63.Antifungal polyene macrolide that preferentially binds to fungal ergostero which alters cellular permeability.  Mark only one oval.  amphotericin B  ketoconazole  flucytosine  grisefulvin
72.	64,Which class of antifungal drugs work by inhibiting squalene epoxidase?  Mark only one oval.  Echinocandins  Polyenes  Allylamines  None of them

73.	65.The process by which DNA is copied to produce two daughter DNA molecules is
	Mark only one oval.
	translation
	transcription
	reproduction
	replication
74.	66.What term is used to signify a preparation that appears identical to the preparation of an active drug but which has no biological activity?
	Mark only one oval.
	Dummy drug
	Peptidomimetic
	Placebo
	Gazebo
75.	67.Which of the following descriptions most accurately describes binding sites and
73.	binding regions?
	Mark only one oval.
	a binding site is part of a binding region
	a binding region is part of a binding site
	a binding region is the same as a binding site
	a binding region is on a drug whereas a binding site is on a macromolecular target

76.	68.What does the symbol P represent in a QSAR equation?
	Mark only one oval.
	pH
	plasma concentration
	partition coefficient
	prodrug
77.	69.A measure of the steric properties for a substituent
	Mark only one oval.
	Molar refractivity is a steric factor
	Molar refractivity is an electronic factor
	Molar refractivity is a hydrophobic factor
	Molar refractivity is a stereoelectronic factor
78.	70.What software programme is used to determine the Verloop steric parameter?
	Mark only one oval.
	Alchemy
	Chem3D
	Sterimol
	ChemDraw

/9.	/1.Full form of QSAR
	Mark only one oval.
	Qualitative structure-activity retention
	Quantitative structure-activity retention
	Qualitative structure-activity relationship
	Quantitative structure-activity relationship
80.	72,Combinatorial chemistry can be useful at various stages of the drug design / development process. Which of the following is such a stage?
	Mark only one oval.
	Purifying a lead compound
	Optimising a lead compound
	Structure determination
	Pharmacological testing
81.	73.Chemically Albendazole is
	Mark only one oval.
	Indole derivative
	Benzimidazole derivative
	Quinoline derivative
	Carbazole derivative

82.	74.What is meant by ADME in pharmacokinetics?
	Mark only one oval.
	Affinity, dosage, marketing, efficacy
	Absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion
	Agonism, dependence, mobility, efficiency
	Antagonism, deficiency, mean, efflux
83.	75.What is meant by a linker or an anchor?
	Mark only one oval.
	bubbleThe bond which links a molecule to a solid support.
	A reactive functional group on the solid support which allows a molecule to be attached to the solid support.
	A molecular unit which is attached to the solid support and which contains a reactive functional group that allows attachment of a starting material
	The functional group on the starting material which is used to attach the molecule to the solid support.

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