## Online Assessment (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2019 - 2020

Course Name - Human Anatomy and Physiology II Course Code - BP201T

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9.

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	MBA
	M.SC.(BT)
	M.TECH(CSE)
	LLM
	M.A.(JMC)
	M.A.(ENG)
	M.SC.(MATH)
	M.SC.(MB)
Ar	nswer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.
9.	1. System of the body which coordinates and controls its activity is known as*
	Mark only one oval.
	Organ system
	Muscular system
	Nervous tissue
	Nervous system
10.	2. Which of the following is NOT the component of the PNS? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Elastic connective tissue
	Cranial nerves
	Spinal nerves
	Ganglia

11.	3. Name the basic structural and functional unit of the nervous system. *
	Mark only one oval.
	Ganglia
	Glial cells
	Neurons
	Perikaryon
12.	4. Name the multipolar neuron which is located entirely within the central nervous system. *
	Mark only one oval.
	Motor neuron
	Efferent neuron
	Afferent neuron
	Interneuron
13.	5.Reflex arc consists of*
	Mark only one oval.
	Motor nerve
	Sensory nerve
	Both motor and sensory nerve
	Mixed nerve

14.	6. What is the pH of an empty stomach? *
	Mark only one oval.
	0.13
	1.3
	13
15.	7. Islets of Langerhans are found in*
	Mark only one oval.
	Liver
	Stomach
	Pancreas
	Intestines
16.	8. Humans have lobes in the right lung. *
	Mark only one oval.
	3
	2
	4
	1

17.	9. In humans, the urinary system is also known as *
	Mark only one oval.
	excretory system
	mineral absorption system
	salt absorption system
	blood oxygenation system
18.	10. An enlarged thyroid is the result of deficiency. *
	Mark only one oval.
	Calcium
	Olodine
	Iron
	Phosphorus
19.	11. The uppermost portion of intestine is: *
	Mark only one oval.
	Duodenum
	Colon
	lleum
	Rectum

20.	12.A microscopic gap between a pair of adjacent neurons over which nerve impulses pass when going from one neuron to the next is called: *
	Mark only one oval.
	Neurotransmitter
	Synapse
	Axon
	None of these
21.	13. The pH of gastric acid is: *
	Mark only one oval.
	1.5 to 3.5
	<u> </u>
	7.4
	None of these
22.	14.An action potential: *
	Mark only one oval.
	Involves the out flux of negative ions to depolarize the membrane.
	Involves the influx of negative ions to depolarize the membrane.
	Is initiated by potassium ion movements.
	Is essential for nerve impulse propagation.

23.	15. Enzyme which is formed in mouth, is known as *
	Mark only one oval.
	Starch Amylase Lipase Insulin
24.	16. Which of the following convert's proteins into peptides? *  Mark only one oval.  Lipase
	Amalyse Pepsin Trypsin
25.	17. Chemical messengers secreted by ductless glands are called*  Mark only one oval.  Lymph Platelets Plasma Hormones

26.	18. Name the hormone which is a fat soluble hormone? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Amine hormone
	Peptide hormone
	Thyroid hormone
	None of these
27.	19. The secretions from which of these glands differs between males and females?
	Mark only one oval.
	Adrenal
	Parathyroid
	Gonadal
	Pancreas
28.	20. Which of these is not an endocrine gland? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Pancreas
	Testes
	Salivary gland
	Parathyroid

29.	21. The testes are located outside the abdominal cavity within a pouch called*
	Mark only one oval.
	Thyroid gland
	Parathyroid gland
	scrotum
	Thymus gland
30.	22.Where do the female gonads (paired ovaries) lie? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Pelvic cavity
	Thoracic cavity
	Abdominal cavity
	Scrotal sacs
31.	23.The villi are found in the *
	Mark only one oval.
	Small intestine
	Large intestine
	Stomach
	Esophagus

32.	24. Cirrhosis is a disease that affects which among the following organs? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Liver
	Gall bladder
	Pancreas
	Kidney
33.	25. Diabetes mellitus occurs due to the deficiency of: *
55.	
	Mark only one oval.
	Insulin
	Thyroid
	Glucagon
	Parotid
34.	26.The largest endocrine gland is the*
	Mark only one oval.
	Thyroid
	pituitary
	Pharynx
	Adrenal cortex

35.	27.The endocrine gland responsible for the body's circadian rhythm is the: *
	Mark only one oval.
	Thymus gland Pineal gland Parathyroid gland Pituitary gland
36.	28.Which of the following is an energy source for the sperm? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Somatostatin Prostaglandin Proteins Fructose
37.	29 is an abundant inhibitory neurotransmitter in CNS. *  Mark only one oval.  Adrenaline  Acetylcholine  GABA  Noradrenaline

38.	30. The pituitary hormone that stimulates the male testes to produce sperm and stimulates the development of the follicle in the female on a monthly cycle is: *
	Mark only one oval.
	growth hormone
	luteinizing hormone
	prolactin
	follicle-stimulating hormone

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