Online Assessment (Even Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2019 - 2020

Course Name - Marketing Research
Course Code - BBA605M_BBA605M(BL/OLD)

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A	nswer all the questions. Each question carry one mark.
9.	1. Research is
	Mark only one oval.
	Searching again and again
	Measurement technique
	Working in a scientific way to search for truth of any problem
	None of these

10.	2 research is the gathering of primary data by watching people
	Mark only one oval.
	Informative
	Observational
	Experimental
	Causal
11.	3. A is written account of the plan for the research project
	Mark only one oval.
	Research design
	Research proposal
	Hypothesis
	All of these
12.	4. The null hypothesis is
	Mark only one oval.
	which is to be disprove
	H0
	Both of which is to be disprove And H0
	None of these

13.	5. The research which is "unstructured, qualitative, highly flexible " is called as
	Mark only one oval.
	Causal
	Exploratory
	Descriptive
	None of these
14.	6. Which of the following is an advantage of stating of HYPOTHESIS?
	Mark only one oval.
	It forces researcher to think deeply and specifically about the possible outcome of study
	It simplifies the study
	None of these
	All of these
15.	7. Alternative hypothesis is trade in India.
	Mark only one oval.
	H0
	Ha
	Which shows positive relationship between the variables
	Both Ha and Which shows positive relationship between the variables

16.	8. Interview is an example of which data?
	Mark only one oval.
	Primary Secondary Both of Primary and Secondary None of these
17.	9. Main drawback of primary data is?
	Mark only one oval.
	Biasness sample design Research problem all of these
18.	10 usually is a list of population members to obtained a sample Mark only one oval. Sample Sampling Frame All of these

19.	11. Convenience sampling is an example of
	Mark only one oval.
	Probabilistic sampling
	Stratified sampling
	Nonprobabilistic sampling
	Cluster sampling
20.	12. Which of the following is an example of nonprobabilistic sampling?
	Mark only one oval.
	Simple random sampling
	Stratified simple random sampling
	Cluster sampling
	Judgment sampling
21.	13. Your colleague is confused about using the marketing research process, as he knows that something is wrong but is not sure of the specific causes to investigate. He seems to be having problems with, which is often the hardest step to take.
	Mark only one oval.
	Selecting a research agency to help
	Defining the problem and research objectives
	Developing the research plan
	Determining a research approach

22.	14is kind of prelude to the end result one hopes to achieve and therefore it requires considerable thoughts
	Mark only one oval.
	Hypothesis
	Expenditure
	Research problem
	None of these
23.	15. In qualitative research proposal you would not expect to see a
	Mark only one oval.
	Research questions
	Research rim
	Hypothesis
	Operational definition
24.	16. All the 50 employees of an office were interviewed to find out their job satisfaction. This sample is called
	Mark only one oval.
	Heterogeneous Sample
	Universe Sample
	Random Sample
	Convenience Sample

25.	17. A company manufacturing a seasonal product looks for
	Mark only one oval.
	Immediate weather report Time series data on weather Market data None of these
26.	18. Depth interviews should be conducted
	Mark only one oval.
	by telephone
	personally
	by mail
	over internet
27.	19. What is a "test market"?
	Mark only one oval.
	a smaller version of a whole market
	a prototype product
	a new shop
	a form of sales promotion

28.	20. Sue wanted to research parental attitudes to toy advertising so she invited six mothers to get together, watch some carefully selected adverts and then discuss them. She asked them some questions but mainly just encouraged them to talk. Which research technique was she using?
	Mark only one oval.
	case study survey focus group Observation
29.	21. Problem identification research is undertaken to
	Mark only one oval.
	Help identify problems that are not apparent on the surface and yet exist or may exist in the future
	Develop clear, concise marketing segments
	Help solve specific research problems
	Establish a procedure for development of primary research plan
30.	22. In contrast to marketing researchers, management decision makers are more focused on
	Mark only one oval.
	Scientific and technical analysis of emerging phenomenon
	Market performance
	Proactive research
	Long-term strategic investigation of marketplace

31.	23. Which of the following is not a projective technique
	Mark only one oval.
	Pictorial construction
	Role plays
	Word association test
	In-depth interview
32.	24. Causal research is used to
	Mark only one oval.
	Describe marketing problems or situations
	Find information at the outset in an unstructured way
	Test hypotheses about cause-and-effect relationships
	Quantify observations that produce insights unobtainable through other forms of research
33.	25. The most common research instrument used is the
	Mark only one oval.
	Questionnaire
	Moderator
	Telephone interviewer
	Mechanical device

34.	26. In marketing research, the phase is generally the most expensive and most subject to error.
	Mark only one oval.
	Interpreting and reporting the findings
	Exploratory research
	Data collection
	Data validation
35.	27. Qualitative research is exploratory research used to uncover consumer
	attitudes, motivations and behavior. What techniques can be applied to obtain
	qualitative research?
	Mark only one oval.
	Elicitation interviews
	One to one interviews
	Focus groups
	All of these
36.	28. "What new product should be developed" is an example of??
	Mark only one oval.
	Causal
	Exploratory
	Descriptive
	None of these

37.	29 is called pre-assumption of the expected result of the research
	Mark only one oval.
	Expenditure
	Hypothesis
	Research problem
	None of these
38.	30. A is written account of the plan for the research project.
	Mark only one oval.
	Research design
	Research proposal
	Hypothesis
	All of these
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