

## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

## Course – BTECH (CS)

## **Engineering Physics II (PH201)**

(Semester - 2)

Time allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group -A  $10 \times 1 = 10$ (Multiple Choice Type Question) 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following (i) The number of pins of the IC741 OP-AMP is a. 10 b. 12 c. 8 d. 16 The emissive power of a black body is proportional to (T is the temperature in K) (ii) a.  $T^4$ b. T<sup>3</sup> c. T<sup>-1</sup> d.  $T^5$ An ideal OP AMP has (iii) a. infinite input impedance b. zero output impedance d. all of the above c. infinite voltage gain (iv) Photons obey a. MB Statistics b. BE Statistics c. FD Statistics d. None of these

- (v) Two wave functions  $\psi_m(x)$  and  $\psi_n(x)$  are orthogonal to each other. Which of the following relation must hold for them?
  - a.  $\psi_m^*(x)\psi_n(x) = 0$

- b.  $\psi_m^*(x)\psi_n(x) = 1$
- c.  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \psi_m^*(x) \psi_n(x) dx = 1$
- d.  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \psi_m^*(x) \psi_n(x) dx = 0$

(vi)	If the refractive indices of core and cladding of an optical fiber are $n_1$ and $n_2$ respectively. Then					
		$n_1 \rangle n_2$ $n_1 = n_2$		$n_1 \langle n_2$ None of these		
(vii)	FET is	s advantageous over BJT since it is				
	a.	thermally more stable	b.	it use one p-n junction		
	c.	it is a voltage controlled device	d.	none of these		
(viii)	Which of the following devices is expected to have the highest input impedance					
	a.	MOSFET	b.	FET		
	c.	BJT	d.	OPAMP		
(ix)		Ne laser, neon atoms get energy				
		on collision with He atoms	f.	from chemical reactions		
	•	from optical pumping		from electrical pumping		
(x)	The co	ommon mode rejection ratio of an O	P AN	MP is		
		much smaller than unity unity		much larger than unity none of these		
		Group	) – I	3		
	(Short Answer Type Questions)					
Answ 2.	What do	hree from the following by you mean by Lissajous figure? Colle ratio for SHM when the kinetic e				
3.	Why is t	he field-effect transistor called unin	alar	device? What is the	[2+3]	
4.	Why is the field-effect transistor called unipolar device? What is the significance of the term field-effect? Define the pinch-off voltage  Write down i) MB distribution ii) BE distribution iii) FD distribution					
		State also the assumptions involve	d in	each case. State also the	[5]	
5.	meaning of each notation used.  Define slew rate. The output voltage of operational amplifier changes by				[2]	
6.	10V within 5 µs. Calculate the slew rate. [2] Write short note on Ruby Laser.			[2+3] [5]		

## Group - C

		(Long Answer Type Questions)	3 x 15 = 45	
Answer any <i>three</i> from the following				
7.	(a)	Define CMRR. Derive an expression of CMRR.	[1+2]	
	(b)	Describe the use of an operation amplifier as an adder. What type of feedback is used in an OPAMP adder?	[4+1]	
	(c)	Develop the theory of the action of OPAMP as an integrator.		
	(d)	In an Integrator circuit, the value of RC is 1 Sec, find out the output voltage at t=3Sec when input voltage in 2 V. Notations carry the usual meanings.	[5] [2]	
8.	(a)	Describe briefly the inadequacy of classical mechanics.	[3]	
	(b)	Prove that $\begin{bmatrix} \hat{x}, \hat{p_x} \end{bmatrix} = i\hbar$		
		Trove that $\begin{bmatrix} x, p_x \end{bmatrix} = m$	[5]	
	(c)	A system has two energy states $\varepsilon_0$ and $3\varepsilon_0$ . $\psi_1$ and $\psi_2$ are the		
		corresponding normalized wave functions. At an instant, the system		
		is in a superposed state $\psi = C_1 \psi_1 + C_2 \psi_2$ and $C_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$		
		i) Find the value of $C_2$ if $\psi$ is normalized.		
		ii) Find out the expectation value of energy.	[3+4]	
9.	(a) (b)	Compare the performance of n-channel and p-channel MOSFETs An amplifier has a voltage gain of -100. The feedback ratio of -0.04.	[5]	
	(0)	Find (i) the voltage gain with feedback (ii) the output voltage of the feedback amplifier for an input voltage of 40 mV (iii) the feedback		
		factor (iv) the feedback voltage.	[5]	
	(c)	Mention the advantage and disadvantage of negative feedback		
10.	(a)	amplifier.  Derive the relation between Einstein's A and B coefficients	[5]	
10.	(a)	associated with LASER.	[7]	
	(b)	Write down the fundamental postulates of quantum mechanics.	[5]	
	(c)	Obtain Wien's law of radiation from Planck's law of radiation.	[3]	
11.	(a)	Explain the behaviour of Fermi distribution formula at $T = 0$ K and $T > 0$ K. Present the behaviour graphically. Hence define Fermi		
		energy level.	[3+3+2+2]	
	(b)	Calculate the Fermi temperature and Fermi velocity for Sodium whose Fermi level is 1.6 eV.	[2.2.2.]	
		(Given Boltzmann constant =1.38 X 10 <sup>-23</sup> JK <sup>-1</sup> ; mass of electron =		
		$9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ Kg}$	[5]	