

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Course -MBA

Financial Derivatives, Options, Futures and Risk Management (FM403)

(Semester - 4)

Time allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group -A $10 \times 1 = 10$ (Multiple Choice Type Question) 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following (i) In the money Put option is when a. St = Kb. St > Kc. St < Kd. None of the above (ii) A player goes long on Call if she apprehends b. Market for Underlying will depreciate a. Market for Underlying will appreciate c. Market for Underlying will be d. None of the above volatile (iii) Which one of the following initiate an arbitrage opportunities? b. $p = Ke^{-rt} - S_0$ a. $p = S_0 - Ke^{-rt}$ d. $p > Ke^{-rt} - S_0$ c. $p < S_0 - Ke^{-rt}$ Which one of the following is a factor impacting the price of a derivative on stock? (iv) a. Foreign Exchange rate b. Stock price c. Stock Alpha d. Stock beta (v) Which one of the following derivative needs initial margin? a. Forwards b. Futures c. Options d. Swaps (vi) Which one of the following is suitable in making gain in Bull market?

b. Short Call

d. Forward

a. Long Call

c. Long Put

(vii)	Suppose you are holding 500 stocks of a company. Bear in stock market is approaching. Which one of the following derivatives could shield your loss in bull market?						
	a.	Long Put	b.	Long Call			
	c.	Short Put	d.	Short Call			
(viii)	A long	g futures contract holder apprehends					
	a.	Underlying will depreciate	b.	Underlying will appreciate			
	c.	Underlying will be volatile	d.	None of the above			
(ix)	Option	n transaction is a zero sum game beca	ause				
	a.	Gain of long > Gain of short	b.	Gain of Short = Loss of Short			
	c.	Gain of Long = Loss of Short	d.	Gain of long < Gain of short			
(x)	Holder of which of the following derivatives bears least obligation?						
	a.	Forwards	b.	Futures			
	c.	Options	d.	Swaps			
$Group - B$ (Short Answer Type Questions) $3 \times 5 = 15$							
	(Short Answer Type Questions)						
Ansv 2.	•	hree from the following atures of futures contract.			[5]		
3.	You are a long put option holder with $K = Rs.120$. On date of maturity, if $St = Rs. 100$, will you exercise the option? If yes, what will be your gain neglecting premium?						
4.	You are an exporter of goods to US worth \$30000, receivable after three months. You are apprehending that \$ will depreciate in three months. Do you hedge your position through futures contract? If yes explain your action.						
_					[5]		
5.	Differentiate Short futures and Short Call option.						
6.	Define exotic option.						

Group-C

		(Long Answer Type Questions)	$3 \times 15 = 45$
Ans	wer a	ny three from the following	
7.	(a)	Explain Credit risk.	[8]
	(b)	Explain volatility of market.	. .
0	(0)	Define Commo and Vego	[7]
8.	(a)		[8]
	(b)	Write down advantages of interest rate derivatives.	[7]
9.	(a)	Explain Transaction exposure.	[7]
9.	(a) (b)	Write short note on Energy derivatives.	[8]
	(0)	write short note on Energy derivatives.	[7]
10.	(a)	If $S_0 = 200, K = 100 \text{ and } e^{0.05} = 1.0512$ compute price of a	[/]
10.	(u)	futures contract today considering maturity of 1 year.	[6]
	(b)	If $K = 50$, $S_T = 120$ and $c = 5$ then compute the gain of a long	[0]
	(0)	call holder at time $t = T$.	[5]
	(c)	You went short in a futures contract at time $t = 0$ when $F_0 =$	[3]
	(-)	200. The settlement price at the end of trading is 350. Compute your	
		gain/loss in margin account.	
		6	[4]
11.	(a)	Write true or false of the following statement:	
	` /	"Put option writer has the right to sale the underlying if situation	
		permits but has no obligation"	[2]
	(b)	Write one distinguishing feature of American Call option	[2]
	(c)	Draw the pay-off diagram of Long call and Short put.	[6]
	(d)	Differentiate Arbitraging and Hedging	[5]
