



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22
Programme – Diploma in Computer Science & Engineering
Course Name – Computer Fundamentals
Course Code - DCSE106
(Semester I)

Time : 1 Hr.15 Min.

Full Marks : 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (1) Which unit is responsible for taking input from user?

a) Memory Unit	b) Arithmetic & Logic Unit
c) Input Unit	d) Output Unit
- (2) The value of radix in binary number system is

a) 2	b) 8
c) 10	d) 1
- (3) Select the operating system

a) Windows	b) Linux
c) Mac	d) All of these
- (4) Operating system

a) interact between software and hardware	b) interact between CPU and memory
c) interact between input unit and output unit	d) all of these
- (5) Which operator has the lowest priority?

a) ++	b) +
c) %	d) =
- (6) Format specifier for character -

a) %c	b) %char
c) %d	d) %f
- (7) ASCII value of '\0' used in string is

a) 0	b) 48
c) 2	d) 65
- (8) Which of the following is not keyword of 'C' ?

a) float	b) main
----------	---------

- c) int
d) function
- (9) Which of the following operator has high precedence?
a) --
b) %
c) +
d) -
- (10) Which of the following is not a relational operator?
a) >>
b) !=
c) >=
d) <
- (11) C is a language
a) High level
b) Low level
c) Assembly level
d) Machine level
- (12) The number of the relational operators in the C language is
a) 4
b) 6
c) 3
d) 1
- (13) Which operator in C is called a conditional operator
a) if..then
b) ++
c) ? :
d) ()
- (14) An ampersand before the name of a variable denotes
a) Actual Value
b) Address
c) Variable Name
d) Data type
- (15) if a=5, a++ will be
a) 6
b) 7
c) 3
d) 4
- (16) The printf() function is
a) library function
b) user defined function
c) both library function and user defined function
d) None of these
- (17) P+++ mean
a) P=P+1
b) P=P+2
c) P=P-1
d) Not a valid statement
- (18) Which of the following operator has the highest precedence?
a) *
b) ==
c) +
d) ()
- (19) Operators have hierarchy. It is used to know which operator
a) is most important
b) is used first
c) is faster
d) operates on large numbers
- (20) The equality operator is represented by
a) :=
b) .EQ.
c) =
d) ==
- (21) The operator & is used for
a) Bitwise AND
b) Bitwise OR
c) Logical AND
d) Logical OR
- (22) The operator && is an example for ___ operator.
a) Assignment
b) Increment
c) Logical
d) Relational

- a) always
b) Not always
c) Depend on else condition
d) None of these
- (38) What is the output of the following: `if(5); printf("You entered 5");`
a) You entered 5
b) No output
c) Compile time error
d) Run time error
- (39) What is the output of the following: `int i=5; if(i==5); printf("You are right"); else printf("You are wrong");`
a) You are right
b) You are wrong
c) Compile time error
d) No output
- (40) What is the value of Y if `a=10 & b=12: Y=(a!=6 && b>5);`
a) 1
b) 0
c) -1
d) 2
- (41) What is the value of Y if `a=10: Y=!(a<10);`
a) 2
b) 0
c) 1
d) -1
- (42) Which function is used to read character?
a) `getchar()`
b) `gets()`
c) `putchar()`
d) `puts()`
- (43) Default return type of `main()` function is
a) Void
b) float
c) int
d) char
- (44) return statement in function return the control to
a) Calling function
b) same function
c) Re-called function
d) Called function
- (45) ASCII value of A is
a) 65
b) 66
c) 97
d) 98
- (46) Function declared (without body) after the header file to avoid run time error is called
a) argument
b) prototype
c) parameter
d) None of these
- (47) Code defined in the term of itself is a concept of
a) function
b) loop
c) recursion
d) iteration
- (48) In call by reference, which is/are required?
a) function
b) pointer
c) both function and pointer
d) None of these
- (49) Arguments that take input by user during run time are called
a) Main functions arguments
b) Main arguments
c) Command line arguments
d) Parameterized arguments
- (50) Which keyword can be used for coming out of recursion?
a) `break`
b) `return`
c) `exit`
d) Both `break` and `return`
- (51) What is the output of this code `void main() { char name[] = "brainware"; char city[] = "barasat"; strcat(name,city); printf("%d",strlen(name)); }`

- a) 16
c) 15
- (52) An array is
a) Homogeneous
c) Contiguous
- (53) Elements of character array are stored in
a) contiguous memory allocation
c) Index memory allocation
- (54) The binary of 22 is
a) 10110
c) 11110
- (55) Decimal of 1001 is
a) 8
c) 4
- (56) Find out : which line number give an error ? Line 1: void main () Line 2: { Line 3: printf("\n Hello World") Line 4: }
- (57) Invalid variable name in C -
a) Students
c) students_123
- (58) Which among the following is unconditional control structure?
a) do-while
c) goto
- (59) Array subscripts in C always start at
a) 0
c) -1
- (60) The continue command cannot be used with
a) for
c) do-while
- b) 9
d) 17
- b) Heterogeneous
d) both Homogeneous and Contiguous
- b) Non- contiguous memory allocation
d) All of these
- b) 10111
d) 10001
- b) 9
d) 5
- b) Line 2
d) Line 4
- b) students123
d) 123_students
- b) if-else
d) for
- b) 1
d) None of these
- b) switch
d) while