Online Examinations (Odd Sem/Part-I/Part-II Examinations 2021 - 2022)

Course Name - - Pathology Course Code - BMRIT302

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10. 1. Pap smear of a 30 years old woman is found to have atypical cells suggestive of HPV infection. Which of the following abnormalities describe the characteristic cytologic feature caused by HPV infection in Pap smear?
Mark only one oval.
Acanthosis
Parakeratosis
Hyperkeratosis
Koilocytosis

11.	2. Xeroderma pigmentosum is characterized by the following features except:
	Mark only one oval.
	Autosomal recessive inheritance
	Inability to repair sunlight-induced damage to DNA
	Proneness to develop various skin cancers
	Irregular accumulation of melanin in the basal layer
12.	3. Most frequently and severely involved joints in rheumatoid arthritis are:
	Mark only one oval.
	Knees
	Elbows
	Interphalangeal
	Sacroiliac
13.	4. Osteoarthritis has the following pathologic changes except:
	Mark only one oval.
	Progressive loss of cartilaginous matrix
	Increased osteoclastic activity
	Osteophyte formation at the joint margin
	Atrophy of synovium
14.	5. Abdominal fat aspiration is done for the diagnosis of:
	Mark only one oval.
	Obesity
	Amyloidosis
	Metastatic cancer
	Multiple myeloma

15.	6. CSF cytology is not useful for the diagnosis of
	Mark only one oval.
	Leukaemia
	Medulloblastoma
	Ependymoma
	Meningioma
16.	7. Haematoxylin and eosin staining is employed as cytologic stain for:
	Mark only one oval.
	Wet-fixed smears
	Air-dried smears
	All FNAC smears
	All cases of crush smear only
17.	8.Pap smear is based method for diagnosis of
17.	
	Mark only one oval.
	Cervical cancer
	Peptic ulcer
	Hepatitis B
	COPD
18.	9. What is occult blood?
	Mark only one oval.
	Bleeding in urine
	Presence of blood in sputam
	Hidden blood in stool
	Bleeding through stool

19.	10. Each of the following agents is a recognized cause of diarrhea except
	Mark only one oval.
	Clostridium perfringens Vibrio cholerae Enterococcus faecalis Escherichia coli
20.	11. Each of the following organisms is an important cause of urinary tract infections except:
	Mark only one oval.
	Klebsiella pneumoniaeEscherichia coliBacteriodes fragilisProteus mirabilis
21.	12. Which ONE of the following does not impair healing of a wound? Mark only one oval. Deficiency of galactosamine Deficiency of vitamin C. Good vascular supply. Tissue hypoxia.

22	. 13. Which ONE of the following is not an endogenous mediator of increased vascular
	Mark only one oval.
	Angiotensin
	Kallikrein
	Prostaglandin E2
	C3a and C5a
00	
23	. 14. If the following features of the acute inflammatory reaction were placed in
	Mark only one oval.
	Arteriolar contraction.
	Blood flow slow
	Dilatation of arterioles.
	Emigration of leucocytes from blood vessels.
24	. 15. Which ONE of the following is not a useful effect of acute inflammation?
	Mark only one oval.
	Dilution of toxins
	Formation of fibrin.
	Phagocytosis
	Swelling of tissues

25.	16. Which ONE of the following is not an acceptable characteristic of a granuloma.
	Mark only one oval.
	Composed of altered macrophages.
	Composed of epithelioid cells
	Composed of polymorphonuclear leucocytes, cellular debris and fibrin
	Composed of a mixture of chronic inflammatory cells.
26.	17. If the following events were placed in their most probable order of occurrence
	Mark only one oval.
	Wound edges united by collagen
	Loss of vascularity of fibrous scar.
	Blood clot formation
	Migration of epithelial cells from wound edges.
27.	18. If the following events in the healing of an open wound were in their most
	Mark only one oval.
	Myofibroblast contraction
	Epithelial proliferation
	Orientation of fibroblasts parallel to the capillary buds.
	Emigration of polymorphonuclear leucocytes and macrophages.

28	3. 19. Splenomegaly is commonly found in
	Mark only one oval.
	Malaria
	fever
	None of these
	All of these
29	20. Leukemia is
	Mark only one oval.
	Blood cancer
	Infection
	Inflammation
	All of these
30). 21. Anemia is due to
	Mark only one oval.
	Low hemoglobin
	High hemoglobin
	Low level of WBCs
	None of these
31	. 22. Leucocytosis is called when WBC count is
	Mark only one oval.
	Above 11,000
	Below 5000
	<u> </u>
	None of these

32.	23. Common cause of obstructive jaundice is
	Mark only one oval.
	Stone in the bile duct
	Stone in the kidney
	Infection
	None of these
33.	24. Diabetes is diagnosed by measuring
	Mark only one oval.
	Fasting glucose
	PP- glucose
	None of these
	Both of these
34.	25. Complication of diabetes
	Mark only one oval.
	Retinal involvement
	Infection
	Kidney disorder
	All of these
35.	26. Rheumatic fever is caused by
	Mark only one oval.
	E. coli
	Streptococcus pyogenes
	ТВ
	None of these

36.	27. Encephalitis is the infection of
	Mark only one oval.
	Meninges
	Brain
	Kidney
	Renal system
37.	28. Lung cancer can be diagnosed by
	Mark only one oval.
	X-ray
	MRI
	CT scan
	All of these
38.	29. Which ONE of the following is not a feature of interferons?
50.	
	Mark only one oval.
	Imparts resistance to virus infection.
	Species specific cellular protein
	Inhibits virtually all viruses
	Virus specific antiviral effect
39.	30. Which one of the following is the best definition of gangrene?
	Mark only one oval.
	Digestion of dead tissue by saprophytic bacteria.
	Digestion of living tissue by saprophytic
	Necrosis of tissue caused by bacterial toxins
	Necrosis of tissue caused by ischaemia

40.	31. Which ONE of the following is not associated with thrombosis?
	Mark only one oval.
	Activation of the coagulation mechanism.
	Formation of platelet aggregates
	Endothelial damage.
	Thrombocytopenia
41.	32. Which ONE of the following is not a feature of amyloid?
	Mark only one oval.
	Extracellular fibrillar material
	Intracellular protein
	Filaments of 75 nm diameter.
	Present initially in the wall of small blood vessels.
42.	33. For which ONE of the following tumours is there a definite genetic basis in a
	Mark only one oval.
	Bronchial carcinoma.
	Vaginal carcinoma
	Cervical carcinoma
	Colonic carcinoma

43.	34. Which ONE of the following is not associated with Epstein bar virus infection?
	Mark only one oval.
	Burkitt's lymphoma.
	Infectious mononucleosis.
	Carcinoma of the cervix uteri.
	None of these
44.	35. Which ONE of the following is not involved in the aetiology of systemic
	Mark only one oval.
	Arteriolosclerosis
	Raised sodium intake.
	Chronic glomerulonephritis.
	None of these
45.	36. Which ONE of the following is not a histological feature of chronic bronchitis?
	Mark only one oval.
	Calcification of bronchial cartilages.
	Goblet cell metaplasia.
	Hypertrophy of smooth muscle
	Mucous gland hyperplasia

46.	37. Gross splenomegaly is a striking feature of which ONE of the following?
	Mark only one oval.
	Acute lymphoblastic leukaemia
	Acute granulocytic anaemia
	Acute monoblastic leukaemia
	None of these
47.	38. Which ONE of the following is the commonest neoplastic cause of
47.	enlargement
	Mark only one oval.
	Chronic lymphatic leukaemia.
	Follicular lymphoma
	Secondary carcinoma.
	None of these
48.	39. In which ONE of the following conditions is fatty change of the liver not a
	Mark only one oval.
	Kwashiorkor
	Obesity
	Pernicious anaemia
	Viral hepatitis

49.	40. Which ONE of the following forms a cystic tumour mass in the cerebellum in
	Mark only one oval.
	Ependymoma
	Haemangioblastoma
	Astrocytoma
	Medulloblastoma
50.	41. Programmed cell death is
	Mark only one oval.
	Necrosis
	Apoptosis
	None of these
	Both of these
51.	42.Increase in size of organ due to increase in cell size is
	Mark only one oval.
	Hypertrophy
	Hyperplasia
	None of these
	Both of these
52.	43. Acute phase protein is
	Mark only one oval.
	CRP
	Vit. B
	None of these
	Both of these

53.	44. Hypersensitivity reaction in type-I is due to
	Mark only one oval.
	IgE IgH None of these Both of these
54.	45. Delayed hypersensitivity reaction is also called
	Mark only one oval.
	Type IV
	Type III
	None of these
	Both of these
55.	46. Blood cancer is called as
	Mark only one oval.
	Leukemia
	Leukocytosis
	None of these
	Both of these
56.	47. Most common cause of splenomegaly is
	Mark only one oval.
	Kala-azar
	anemia
	None of these
	Both of these

57.	48. Increased cause of leukocyte is
	Mark only one oval.
	Leukocytosis
	Leucopenia
	None of these
	Both of these
58.	49. Obstructive jaundice is caused by
	Mark only one oval.
	Gallstone
	hepatitis
	None of these
	Both of these
59.	50. Increased blood glucose is caused
	Mark only one oval.
	Diabetes mellitus
	Asthma
	None of these
	Both of these
60.	51. Type of diabetes is
	Mark only one oval.
	Type I
	Type li
	None of these
	Both of these

61.	52. Diabetic complication include
	Mark only one oval.
	Cataract
	Heart failure
	Kidney failure
	All of these
62.	53. Increased blood pressure is called as
	Mark only one oval.
	Hypertension
	Hypotension
	None of these
	Both of these
63.	54. Common type of lung caused by
	Mark only one oval.
	Adenocarcinoma
	Verrucous carcinoma
	None of these
	Both of these
64.	55. Lung cancer is commonly caused by
	Mark only one oval.
	Smoking
	Alcohol
	None of these
	Both of these

65.	56. Atheroscierosis is an important cause of
	Mark only one oval.
	Heart attack
	Lung failure
	None of these
	Both of these
66.	57. Trop-T test is for diagnosis of
	Mark only one oval.
	Myocardial infarction
	Lung infection
	None of these
	Both of these
67.	58. Complete resolution occurs in
	Mark only one oval.
	Lobar pneumonia
	Bronchopneumonia
	None of these
	Both of these
68.	59. Meningitis is
	Mark only one oval.
	Leptomeningitis
	Pachymeningitis
	None of these
	Both of these

69.	60. Alkaline phosphatase is increased in
	Mark only one oval.
	Obstructive jaundice
	Fever
	None of these
	Both of these

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