

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Course - M.Sc. (HN)

Computer Network (MHN104)

(Semester - 1)

Time allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group -A
(Multiple Choice Type Question)

0

		(Multiple Choic	e Iy	pe Question)		
		· -	·	$10 \times 1 = 1$		
1.	Choose the correct alternative from the following					
(i)	How	long is an IPv6 address?				
	a.	16 bits	b.	32 bits		
	c.	128 bits	d.	256 bits		
(ii)	Whe	re is a hub specified in the OSI mo	del?			
	a.	Application layer	b.	Data Link layer		
	c.	Physical layer	d.	Session layer		
(iii)	DHCP server provides to client.					
	a.	protocol	b.	IP address		
	c.	MAC address	d.	Network address		
(iv) A set of rules that govern all aspects of information communication				mation communication is called		
	a.	Server	b.	Internet		
	c.	Protocol	d.	OSI Model		
(v)	The subnet mask 255.255.255.224 of a class C network extends the network portion to					
	a.	1 bit	b.	2 bits		
	c.	3 bits	d.	4 bits		
(vi)	Frames from one LAN can be transmitted to another LAN via the device					
	a.	Router	b.	Bridge		
	c.	Repeater	d.	Modem		

(vii	i) In full duplex data transmission, both the sender and the receiver					
	a.	cannot talk at once	b.	can receive and send data sim	ultaneously	
	c.	can send or receive data	d.	can do one way data transmiss	sion only	
(vii	i) Con	one at a time nection establishment involves a		way handshaka in	тСр	
(VII		one		two	ici	
		three		four		
(iv					mail	
(IA	(ix) Which of the following TCP/IP protocol is used for transferring electronic messages from one machine to another?					
	a.	FTP	b.	SNMP		
	c.	SMTP	d.	RPC		
(\mathbf{x})	Rem	note login can be done through				
	a.	TCP	b.	UDP		
	c.	TELNET	d.	DHCP		
		Grou	p –	В		
		(Short Answer				
		(Answer any three)	ron	i the following)	3 x 5 = 15	
2.	State th	e advantage and disadvantages of St	ar a	nd Ring Topology.	[5]	
3.	Discuss the responsibilities of Data link layer in ISO-OSI layer.				[5]	
4.	A subne	et mask in class C addressed netwo	ork :	has twenty eight 1's. How		
	many s	subnets does it define? How man	y h	osts are present in each		
	subnet?				[2.5+2.5]	
5.	Discuss	the jobs of ARP and RARP.			[2.5+2.5]	
6.		e basic structure of a HTML webpa	σe.	Create a web page having	. ,	
0.		Buttons", "Checkbox" and "Drop	_			
		buttons, checkbox and brop	יעי	JWII LIST WITH SUDINIT	[2+2]	
	button.				[2+3]	
		Grou	p –	\cdot C		
		(Long Answer				
		(Answer any three	fron	n the following)	$3 \times 15 = 45$	
7.	(a) Γ	Discuss three methods of Controlled	l Ac	cess. Compare among those	3 x 13 = 43	
		nethods.			[6+4]	
					r	

	(D)	write now message is exchanged in CDMA?	[5]
8.	(a)	Discuss bit stuffing in framing.	[3]
	(b)	What are the advantages of dynamic routing over static routing?	[3]
	(c)	Discuss OSPF with a proper example. How does it differ from	
		"HELLO" protocol?	[7+2]
9.	(a)	Describe all the fields of a TCP Segment header in brief.	[5]
	(b)	An organization is using an IP network 175.100.10.0 and needs 500	
		subnets and 126 usable hosts in each subnet. Determine the subnet	
		mask. Also determine the 1st host address of the 5th subnet and last	
		host address of the 10 th subnet.	[8]
	(c)	Discuss about broadcast addresses.	[2]
10.	(a)	Differentiate between half-close and full-close states in 3-way	
		handshaking with proper examples.	[4]
	(b)	Discuss SSL and its subprotocols.	[8]
	(c)	Write different types of Resolution in DNS?	[3]
11.		Write short notes on any three of the following:	$[3 \times 5]$
	(a)	Static Routing	
	(b)	FIREWALL	
	(c)	TELNET	
	(d)	ISDN	