



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2018 - 19

Programme – Bachelor of Science (Honours) in Computer Science

Course Name – Introduction to Automata Theory

Course Code – BCS 503

(Semester - 5)

Time allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group –A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

10 x 1 = 10

1. *Choose the correct alternative from the following*

(i) The output of a Moore machine depends on

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| a. The present state only | b. The present state and the input symbol |
| c. The input symbol only | d. Stack symbol |

(ii) Which of the following is not a regular language over $\{0,1\}$?

- | | |
|---|--|
| a. Set of all strings containing 1110011 as substring | b. Set of all palindromes |
| c. Set of all strings beginning with 0110 | d. Set of all strings ending with 1101 |

(iii) An FSM

- | | |
|--|---|
| a. Can recognize only natural language such as Hindi | b. Can recognize all types of languages |
| c. Cannot recognize any language | d. Can recognize only regular language |

- (iv) The string 1111 can be generated through the regular expression:
- I. $(11)^*$
 - II. $(1+01)^*$
 - III. $(11+01)$
 - IV. $(00+1)^*$
- a. I only
 - b. I and II only
 - c. I,II,IV only
 - d. Using all
- (v) The Regular set denoted by the regular expression $(a+b)(a+b)$ is
- a. $\{aa,ba\}$
 - b. $\{aa,ab,ba,bb\}$
 - c. $\{a,b\}$
 - d. $\{a,b,ab,ba\}$
- (vi) Which of the following regular expression represents the language $L=\{a^{2n} \mid n \geq 0\}$?
- a. $(aa)^*$
 - b. a^*
 - c. aa^*a
 - d. a^*a^*
- (vii) A pumping lemma is used for proving that
- a. a language is natural
 - b. two regular sets are equivalent
 - c. a language is not regular
 - d. a language is recursively enumerable
- (viii) The language accepted by finite automata is
- a. Type 0
 - b. Type 1
 - c. Type 2
 - d. Type 3
- (ix) The language $L=\{a^n b^{2n} \mid n \geq 1\}$
- a. Can be accepted by both PDA and finite automaton
 - b. Can be accepted neither by PDA nor by a finite automaton
 - c. Can be accepted by a finite automaton but not by a PDA
 - d. Can be accepted by a PDA but not by a finite automaton
- (x) For the standard Turing Machine
- a. Σ is a proper subset of Γ
 - b. $\Gamma \subseteq \Sigma$
 - c. $\Sigma \subseteq \Gamma$
 - d. $\Sigma = \Gamma$

Group – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5 = 15

Answer any *three* from the following

2. Write a brief note on Chomsky classification of grammars. 5
3. Construct a Mealy machine which can output EVEN , ODD according as the total number of 1's encountered is even or odd. The input symbols are 0 and 1. 5
4. What do you meant by Deterministic Finite Acceptor? Find a deterministic finite accepter that recognizes the set of all strings on $\Sigma=\{a,b\}$ which contains even number of a's and odd number of b's. 2+3
5. Prove that there exists an algorithm for determining whether a regular language, given in standard representation, is empty finite or infinite. 5
6. Find the highest type number which can be applied to the following productions:
 $S \rightarrow Aa , A \rightarrow c \mid Ba , B \rightarrow abc$ 5

Group – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

3 x 15 = 45

Answer any *three* from the following

7. (a) What do you meant by Push Down Automata? Explain with example. 5
- (b) Construct a Push Down Automata accepting $\{ a^n b^m c^n \mid m,n \geq 1 \}$ by Final state. 10
8. (a) Show that the family of regular languages is closed under differences. 5
- (b) Explain the Pumping Lemma in the context of Regular Language. 5
- (c) Using Pumping Lemma show that $L=\{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ is not regular. 5

9. (a) What do you meant by Context Free Languages? 5
- (b) Construct a context free grammar G generating all integers with sign. Use the grammar to obtain -35 5
- (c) Let $G = \{V, T, P, S\}$ be given by the productions
 $S \rightarrow AB$, $A \rightarrow a$, $B \rightarrow b$, $B \rightarrow C$, $E \rightarrow c$. Find G' such that every variable in G' derives some terminal string. 5
10. (a) Describe Turing Machine with example. 5
- (b) Design a Turing Machine over $\{1, b\}$ which can compute concatenation function over $\Sigma = \{1\}$. If a pair of words (w_1, w_2) is the input, the output has to be w_1w_2 . 10
11. (a) What do you meant by an Uncountable set? Give example of uncountable set. 5
- (b) Prove that the set of all strings over any finite alphabets are countable. 10
