



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2019 – 20

Programme – Master of Law

Course Name –Legal Education and Research Methodology

Course Code –LLM103

(Semester – 1)

Time allotted: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group –A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

20 x 1 = 20

1. Answer any *twenty* from the following
 - (i) “A systematic step-by-step Procedure following logical process of reasoning” called

a. Experiment	b. Observation
c. Deduction	d. Scientific method
 - (ii) Scientific method is committed to

a. Objectivity	b. Ethics
c. Proposition	d. Neutrality
 - (iii) Social Science deals with

a. Objects	b. Human beings
c. Living things	d. Non living things
 - (iv) Science is broadly divided into

a. Natural and Social	b. Natural and Physical
c. Physical and Mental	d. Social and Physical
 - (v) Social Science try to explain Between human activities and natural laws governing them

a. Causal Connection	b. Reason
c. Interaction	d. Objectives

- (vi) Research conducted to find solution for an immediate problem is
- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a. Fundamental Research | b. Analytical Research |
| c. Survey | d. Action Research |
- (vii) Fundamental Research is otherwise called
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| a. Action Research | b. Survey |
| c. Pilot study | d. Pure Research |
- (viii) Motivation Research is a type of research
- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| a. Quantitative | b. Qualitative |
| c. Pure | d. Applied |
- (ix) Research conducted in class room atmosphere is called
- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Field study | b. Survey |
| c. Laboratory Research | d. Empirical Research |
- (x) Research method is a part of
- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| a. Problem | b. Experiment |
| c. Research Techniques | d. Research methodology |
- (xi) ICSSR stands for
- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| a. Indian Council for Survey and Research | b. Indian Council for Strategic Research |
| c. Indian Council for Social Science Research | d. Inter National Council for Social Science Research |
- (xii) UGC Stands for
- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a. University Grants Commission | b. Union Government Commission |
| c. University Governance Council | d. Union government Council |
- (xiii) JRF is for
- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Junior Research Functions | b. Junior Research Fellowship |
| c. Junior Fellowship | d. None of the above |
- (xiv) The first step in formulating a problem is
- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| a. Statement of the problem | b. Gathering of Data |
| c. Measurement | d. Survey |
- (xv) The purpose of Social Science Research is
- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| a. Academic and Non academic | b. Cultivation |
| c. Academic | d. Utilitarian |

- (xvi) A is an abstraction formed by generalization from particulars
- a. Hypothesis
 - b. Variable
 - c. Concept
 - d. facts
- (xvii) A tentative proposition subject to test is
- a. Variable
 - b. Hypothesis
 - c. Data
 - d. Concept
- (xviii) Hypothesis which explain relationship between two variables is
- a. Causal
 - b. Relational
 - c. Descriptive
 - d. Tentative
- (xix) Null means
- a. One
 - b. Many
 - c. Zero
 - d. None of these
- (xx) Hypothesis Research
- a. Guide
 - b. Misguide
 - c. Alter
 - d. Change
- (xxi) In testing a Hypothesis the common error is
- a. Type I
 - b. Type I and II
 - c. Type II
 - d. None of these
- (xxii) Survey is always a study
- a. Field
 - b. Laboratory
 - c. Office
 - d. Class room
- (xxiii) The final stage in a survey is
- a. Reporting
 - b. Field work
 - c. Assignment
 - d. Calculation
- (xxiv) Final stage in the Research Process is
- a. Problem formulation
 - b. Data collection
 - c. Data Analysis
 - d. Report Writing
- (xxv) Bibliography means
- a. Foot Note
 - b. Quotations
 - c. List of Books referred
 - d. Biography

Group – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 x 5 = 20

Answer any *four* from the following

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|----|---------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| 2. | Explain plagiarism. | 5 |
| 3. | Describe the technique applied in stratified random sampling. | 5 |
| 4. | Analyze steps of drafting. | 5 |
| 5. | Explain research ethics. | 5 |
| 6. | Explain pure and applied research. | 5 |
| 7. | Explain necessities of law reforms in India. | 5 |

Group – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

2 x 10 = 20

Answer any *two* from the following

- | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 8. | Explain doctrinal study of research. | 10 |
| 9. | Analyze qualitative and quantitative research methods. | 10 |
| 10. | Explain methods of sampling. | 10 |
| 11. | Explain criteria of a good research. | 10 |
