



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2024-2025 Programme – B.Tech.(ME)-2024 Course Name – Introduction to Mechanics Course Code - BBS00013 (Semester I)



	Marks: 60 he figure in the margin indicates full marks. Ca own words as	andidates are required to give far as practicable.]	Time: 2:30 Hours their answers in their	
1.		oup-A ce Type Question) ving :	1 x 15=15	
(i)	The moment of inertia of a circular disk is			
	a) $\frac{2}{3}mr^2$	b) $\frac{2}{5}mr^2$		
	c) $\frac{1}{2}mr^2$	d) mr^2		
(ii)	Potential energy and kinetic energy are typ	pes of		
(iii)	a) electrical energy c) thermal energy A force of 100 N is applied on a body of n the body.	b) magnetic energy d) mechanical energy nass 50 kg. Calculate the acc	eleration of	
	a) 5000 ms ⁻²	b) 150 ms ⁻²		
	c) 50 ms ⁻²	d) 2 ms ⁻²		
(iv)	The quality factor Q for an L-C-R circuit i	is		
	 a) ωR/ L c) ωL/R Meniscus of mercury in capillary is 	b) ω/LR d) $R/L\omega$		
	a) concave c) plane	b) convex d) cylindrical		
(vi)	Identify the property due to which plants g	get water through the roots.		

a) Capillarity

b) Viscosity

c) Gravity (vii) Longitudinal strain is possible in the case of	d) Elasticity			
a) gases c) only solids (viii) If the amplitude of a simple harmonic oscilla	b) liquid d) only gases & liquids			
a) remain the same. c) become double. (ix) Which physical law explains the recoil of a g	b) become half. d) become four times larger. gun?			
a) Law of conservation of energyc) Newton's second law of motion(x) Centrifugal force is a	b) Newton's first law of motion d) Newton's third law of motion			
a) real forcec) frictional force(xi) What is the phase difference between displace executing SHM?	b) pseudo force d) gravitational force ement and velocity for a particle			
a) 0 c) - $3\pi/4$ (xii) For a particle executing SHM, which of the f velocity and acceleration?	b) $\pi/2$ d) π following statements is true for			
 a) When velocity is maximum, acceleration is maximum c) When velocity is zero, acceleration is zero (xiii) If φ = yz, then its gradient is 	b) When velocity is maximum, accele is zerod) The acceleration is independent of velocity			
$z \hat{j} + y \hat{k}$	b) $y \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$			
c) $z \hat{j} - y \hat{k}$	d) 0			
(xiv) Determine the constant 'a' so that the vector $\mathbf{A} = (x+3y)\mathbf{i} + (y-2z)\mathbf{j} + (x+az)\mathbf{k}$ is solenoidal.				
a) 0c) 2(xv) Angular velocity is measured in which unit?	b) 1 d) -2 Library b) Meters/sec d) Newton/sec Brainware 398, Ramkishnapu Kolketa, West	iversity Baras		
a) Degree/secc) Radians/sec	b) Meters/sec d) Newton/sec Brainwate Brai	Beuds1-10015		
Group	o-B			
(Short Answer Ty	DO ()IIOCHONC)	3 x 5=15		
2. Define impulse of a force. Recognize the well-k dimension with impulse.	nown physical quantity having same	(3)		
3. Find the relation between linear velocity (v) and	d angular velocity (ω).	(3)		
4. What is angular momentum? Explain with units	and dimensions.	(3)		
5. Show that the fluid motion given by the vector solenoidal.	$V=(y+z)\mathbf{i}+(z+x)\mathbf{j}+(x+y)\mathbf{k}$ is	(3)		

6. Derive the dimension of coefficient of viscosity from Stoke's law.

(3)

OR

For a wire of length L, maximum change in length under stress condition is 2 mm. What is the change in length under same conditions when length of wire is halved?

(3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

- 7. Explain the stress-strain diagram of an elastic body and from the diagram, mark proportional limit, elastic limit, breaking stress and plastic region.
- (5)

8. Explain co-planar and non-coplanar forces.

- (5)
- 9. A nucleus is at rest in the laboratory frame of reference. Show that if it disintegrates (5)into two similar nuclei the products must be emitted in opposite directions.

10. Write a short note on moment of inertia of a body.

(5)

11. Establish the differential equation of Simple pendulum.

- (5)
- 12. Two masses m_1 and m_2 ($m_2 > m_1$) are tied at the ends of an inextensible string of (5)tension T. The string passes over a light and frictionless pulley as shown below. Mass m_1 moves upward with acceleration a and mass m_2 moves downward with the same acceleration. Find expressions of a and T in terms of m_1 and m_2 .

