

Brainware University
Barasat, Kolkata -700125



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2024-2025
Programme – B.Sc.(OTT)-2021/B.Sc.(OTT)-2022
Course Name – Electronics and Technology in Surgery and Anesthesia
Course Code - BOTTS602
(Semester VI)

Full Marks : 60 Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- Choose the correct alternative from the following :
- (i) Select the correct term for a device that measures the oxygen concentration in a patient's blood.
 - a) ECG

b) Oximeter

c) MRI

- d) Ventilator
- (ii) Recall a safety precaution associated with the use of OT lights.
 - a) Ensuring proper grounding
- b) Regular calibration

c) Frequent repositioning

- d) Adjusting brightness manually
- (iii) Select the term for a device used to control the concentration of inhaled anesthetic gases in anesthesia machines.
 - a) Vaporizer

b) Nebulizer

c) Pacemaker

- d) Stimulator
- (iv) Identify the moral duty of an operation theater technologist to prioritize patient safety above all else.
 - a) Empathy

b) Integrity

c) Professionalism

- d) Efficiency
- (v) Discover the ethical obligation of an operation theater technologist to report any negligence or errors in patient care.
 - a) Empathy

b) Integrity

c) Professionalism

- d) Efficiency
- (vi) Select the term for the moral duty of an operation theater technologist to prioritize patient safety above all else.
 - a) Empathy

b) Integrity

c) Professionalism

- d) Efficiency
- (vii) State the purpose of logging off from a computer system when not in use.
 - a) Protecting patient confidentiality
- b) Enhancing computer performance
- c) Decreasing energy consumption
- d) Improving internet speed

	(viii)	Identify the concept related to ensuring that information on a computer system.	only authorized users can access sensitive	
		a) Logging off	b) Encryption	
	(ix)	c) Word processing Choose the appropriate action when sending	d) Spreadsheet confidential patient information via email.	
	(x)	 a) Use unsecured email c) Share the password publicly Identify the primary function of antivirus soft 	 b) Encrypt the email d) Share the information on social mediware in computer security. 	a
	(xi)	a) Enhancing internet speed c) Protecting against malware Identify the security measure that prevents unetwork.	b) Preventing hardware failure d) Improving system performance nauthorized access to a computer	
		a) Firewall	b) Spreadsheet	
	(xii)	c) Word processor State the importance of logging off from a co	 d) Presentation software mputer system after completing tasks. 	
	(xiii)	a) Protecting patient confidentiality c) Decreasing energy consumption Identify the concept related to securing data be accessed by authorized users.	b) Enhancing computer performance d) Improving internet speed by converting it into a code that can only	
		a) Logging on	b) Encryption	
		c) Word processing	d) Spreadsheet	
	(xiv)	Recognize the importance of regular software security.	e updates in maintaining computer	
		a) Reducing system storage	b) Increasing vulnerability	
	(xv)	 c) Improving system speed Choose the appropriate scenario where encreommunication. 	d) Patching security vulnerabilities yption would be necessary in email	
		a) Sending a personal greeting c) Transmitting sensitive medical records	b) Sharing public information d) Forwarding a newsletter	
		Gr	oup-B	
		(Short Answer	Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
2. Define the role of defibrillators in cardiac resuscitation protocols, outlining their function and application in emergency situations.				(3)
	th	Express the significance of proper indenting procedures in operation theaters, illustrating the impact of efficient inventory management on patient safety, cost-effectiveness, and workflow efficiency.		(3)
health records (EHRs), digital imaging, an workflow, data analysis, and decision su			n theaters, highlighting its role in electronic rmation management systems for efficient	(3)
	0	Define the role of defibrillators in cardiac resuscitation protocols and explain the importance (3 of early defibrillation in improving survival rates following cardiac arrest.		
		valuate the different types of electrodes used diagnostic and therapeutic interventions.		s (3)
		lassify strategies for avoiding the misuse of de ffective use by trained medical personnel.	OR fibrillators and ensuring their safe and	(3)
	-	receive use by trained medical personnel.		
			oup-C	
		(Long Answer	Type Questions)	5 x 6=30

- 7. Analyze the physiological and psychological impacts of prolonged surgical procedures on patients, considering factors such as anesthesia duration, intraoperative stressors, and postoperative recovery trajectories, and proposing strategies for optimizing perioperative care to mitigate adverse outcomes and enhance patient well-being.
- 8. Criticize the ethical implications of resource allocation decisions in the operation theatre, highlighting dilemmas related to scarcity, prioritization, and distributive justice, and proposing ethical frameworks and decision-making processes to guide equitable and transparent allocation of surgical resources.
- 9. Indicate the key components and functionalities of modern pacemakers, delineating their (5) pivotal role in managing cardiac arrhythmias and enhancing patients quality of life through advanced pacing algorithms and remote monitoring capabilities.
- Report on the key functions and benefits of suction machines in operation theaters,
 illustrating their role in maintaining a clear surgical field, reducing contamination risks, and optimizing surgical outcomes.
- 11. Complete a comprehensive review of the key features and functionalities of OT (Operating (5) Theater) tables, outlining their role in facilitating surgical procedures and patient positioning, as well as the importance of customization and adaptability for different surgical specialties.
- 12. Analyze the physiological aspects of patients undergoing surgical interventions, elucidating (5) the systemic responses, perioperative considerations, and complications associated with anesthesia administration, hemodynamic instability, and surgical stressors.

OR

Contrast the functionalities and features of hospital information systems (HIS) versus electronic medical records (EMR) platforms, highlighting differences in scope, scalability, interoperability, and regulatory compliance requirements.

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