



LIBRAKY
Brainware University
Barasat, Kolkata -700125

## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

Term End Examination 2024-2025
Programme – B.Tech.(CSE)-DS-2022
Course Name – Operational Research
Course Code - OEC-CSD601C
( Semester VI )

Full Marks: 60 (The figure in the r	margin indicates full ma	rks. Candidates are require	Time: 2:30 No.			
		<b>Group</b> (Multiple Choice T	-A	1 × 15=15		
<ol> <li>Choose the corre</li> </ol>	ect alternative from the	following:	,,,			
(i) Select the correct opti	tion. In the optimum so	olution, if a primal variabl	e is basic then the correspo	onding dual slack value is		
a) Positive c) Zero			b) Negative d) Can't be said.			
<ul><li>(ii) Consider the maximu writing a formulation option. The total num</li></ul>	with f as the maximur	n nodes and m arcs. You a m flow. Identify the corre				
a)	and a second second	the control of the control of	b)			
m			n			
c)			d)			
m+n			m.n	epageva . A section		
(iii) Define the primary ob	jective of formulating	a Linear Programming Pr	oblem.			
a) To maximize or r	minimize a linear objec	ctive function subject	b) To solve complex mat	nematical equations		
to linear constra c) To analyze non-l (iv) Select the correct optio	linear systems	d in Operations Research c	d) To optimize quadratic onsists of	functions.		
a) Judgement phase c) Action phase	2	2.0 de Con 30	<ul><li>b) Research phase</li><li>d) All of these</li></ul>			
(v) Consider the LP prob Maximize 5X <sub>1</sub> + 8X <sub>2</sub>	лет. <u>ф</u>	- 20 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		STATE OF STREET		
subject to 3X <sub>1</sub> + 4X <sub>2</sub> ≤ 16						
5X₁+2X₂≤12						
$X_1, X_2 \ge 0$ Identify the corner p	oint obtained by solvi	ng 3X <sub>1</sub> +4X <sub>2</sub> =16 and 5X <sub>1</sub> +2	2X <sub>2</sub> =12 is			
a) (8/7, 22/7) c) (8/7, 7/22)			b) (7/8, 22/7) d) (7/8, 7/22)			

Brainware LIES	RAR	ty hiversity								
Brainware Barasat, Ko	lkati (vi)	a -700125 Consider the LP problem:								
Duit.		Maximize 7x +6y								
		Subject to								
		$x+y \le 4$								
		$2x + y \le 6$								
		and $x, y \ge 0$	easiver the following:							
		and $x, y \ge 0$ Solve by algebraic method and	BIGHT	×I .						
		The number of basic solutions	15		b)	4				
					d)	6				
		a) 1								
		c) <sub>2</sub>								
	(vii)	Consider the LP problem:								
		Maximize 7X <sub>1</sub> + 6X <sub>2</sub>								
		subject to $X_1 + X_2 \le 4$								
		2X1 + X2 ≤ 6								
		$\chi_1, \chi_2 \ge 0$ .	and answer the following	e da zekelî t						
		If we solve for X1 and X2 as	; basic, the value of X2 is _	<u> </u>	ь)					
	_					1				
		a) 0			d)	4			Thef	set Jaundry
		c) 2		s and ave Th	ere	are two types	of laundries -	- fast and si	nt at the	end of day 1
	(viii)	c) 2 Consider the napkins proble	m where the requirement	used on day 3) an	d the	e slow laundr	takes 3 days entify the corr	rect option.	. The total	number of
		be used on day 4). The o	costs of the new napkins	nd the two laund	ries	are known.				
		variables in the formulation	is		b) 5	58			to Thors	s is a total
		a) 56		things to invest i	a) = n. E>	camples could	be TV, radio,	newspaper	terms	1,5
	(ix)	variables in the formulation a) 56 c) 55 Consider the media selection budget restriction and limit	n problem with n possible on investment in each. Ch	oose the correct	opti	on. The objec	tive function i			
	•	budget restriction and limit	DII IIIVESTIII		<ul><li>b) r</li><li>d) r</li></ul>	า+1 า-1		Th	ore is a tot	al budget
		a) n c) n+2 Consider the media selection	and with a possible thi	ngs to invest in. Ex	amp	les could be T	/, radio, newspi variables is	aper etc. 111	iere is a re-	
	(x)	c) n+2 Consider the media selection prestriction and limit on investr	nent in each. Choose the co	orrect option. The	num h) r	n-2				
		a) n-1			d) r	n+1				
		c) n								
		Consider the LP problem	•							
		Minimize $3X_1 + 8X_2 + 3X_3 + 7X_3$								
		subject to $3X_1 + 5X_2 + X_3 \ge 10$								
		$5X_1 + 3X_2 - X_4 \ge 12$ ,			•					
		$X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4 \ge 0.$			<b>t</b> 0					
		Identify the correct option. I	The number of artificial va	anabies required						
		a) 1			b) 2					
		c) 3			d) 4	•				
		Wed .								

(xii) Con	nsider the LP problem	Barasat, Kolkata -7001
Mir	nimize 3X <sub>1</sub> + 8X <sub>2</sub>	
sub	bject to	
зх		
	x <sub>1</sub> + 3X <sub>2</sub> ≥ 12 , X <sub>2</sub> ≥ 0.	
	elect the correct option. The number of variables in the simplex table for is	
	a) 4 b) 5 c) 6 d) 7 shee the LP problem using Simplex algorithm	
	inimize 2X1 + 3X2	
sut	bject to	
XI	1 + X2 ≥ 4	
XI	151	
X1,	, X2 ≥ 0 and identify the correct option.	
Th	ne value of the objective function at the optimum is	
	a) 7	
	c) 10	
ha	d) 11 entify the correct option. The primal has m constraints and n variables. The dual as constraints andvariables.	
	a) m, m b) n, n	
(xv) De	c) III, II	
(,	etermine the correct oneAlternative solution exists of an LPP, when  a) one of the constraints is redundant	
	c) objective function equation is parallel to one of the constraints d) all of these.	nstraints are parallel
	Group-B	
	(Short Answer Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
	2. Define Operations Research and its importance.	(3)
	3. Discuss any three advantages of using models in Operations Research.	
	5. Discuss any timee advantages of using models in Operations Research.	(3)
	<ol> <li>Identify the solution of the following linear programming problem by graphical method.</li> </ol>	(3)
	$\operatorname{Max} Z = 100x + 100y.$	
	Sub to: $10x + 5y \le 80$	
	$6x + 6y \le 66$	
	$4x + 8y \ge 24$	
	$5x + 6y \le 90$	
	$x,y\geq 0$	
	5. Examine the solution of the following linear programming	problem by
	Graphical method	
	Maximiza z	
	Maximize $z = -x + y$	
	subject to: 3x + γ≥ 6	
	2x + y ≤3	
	x, y ≥0	

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6. A shop can make two types of sweets (A and B). They use two resources – flour and sugar. To Make one packet of A, they need 2 kg of flour and 5 kg of sugar. To make one packet of B, they need 3 kg of flour and 3 kg of sugar. They have 25 kg of flour and 28 kg of sugar. These sweets are sold at Rs 800 and 900 per packet respectively. Find the best product mix. Formulate the appropriate LPP.

OR

Test if the following LPP has a feasible solution:

:

Maximize

Z=2x+3y

Subject to:

x+y≤4,

2x+2y≥10,

x≥0, y≥0.

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

(3)

7. A manufacturer produces two types of chairs: wooden and plastic. Each wooden chair requires 3 hours of carpentry work and 2 hours of polishing, while each plastic chair requires 2 hours of carpentry work and 1 hour of polishing. The company has 18 hours of carpentry work and 10 hours of polishing available per day. The profit per wooden chair is ₹50, and for a plastic chair, it is ₹40. Deduce the optimal solution of the LPP graphically to maximize profit.

8.

(5)

Identify the optimal solution the following LPP by using two phase simplex method

 $Max = 5x_1 + 8x_2$ 

Subject to

 $3x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 3$ 

 $x_1 + 4x_2 \ge 10$ 

 $x_1 + x_2 \le 5$ 

 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

9. Illustrate the dual of the following problem:

(5)

(5)

Maximize  $z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4$ 

Subject to

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 1$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 3$$

 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$  and  $x_3$ ,  $x_4$  are unrestricted in sign. Show further that the dual of the dual problem is primal.

10. Given the constraints:

2x+y≤10,

x+3y≤15,

x, y≥0

Estimate the feasible region and evaluate the corner points. Also, test if the function Z=4x+3y attains its maximum at any of these points.

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optimai soluti	ion of the	following	L.P.P by applyi	ng the Charne's Big-	Barasat, Kolk	)
NQ.						
ne constraint						
2 6 4						
, M <sub>2</sub> , M <sub>3</sub> . The	time req	r chair an	d Ks.30 per tal	nle Both products are to be	processed on three	(5)
Machine	Chair	Table	Available Time(hrs)			
$M_1$	3	3	36			
M <sub>2</sub>	5	2	50			
M <sub>3</sub>	2	6	60			
				ogramming problem to max	imize the profit.	(5)
	the constraint  3 2 6 4 2 0 5 two types of lepartment is lepartment in lepartment is lepartment in lepartment is lepartment in l	the constraint  3 2 6 4 2 0 5 two types of furniture lepartment is Rs. 20 per lepartment is Rs. 20 per lepartment is as follows:  Machine Chair  M1 3 M2 5 M3 2  The mathematical formulae mathematical formulae is as formulae is as formulae is as formulae is as follows:	the constraint  3 2 6 4 2 0 5 two types of furniture — chairs and the constraint and the	the constraint  3 2 6 4 2 0 5 two types of furniture – chairs and tables. The lepartment is Rs. 20 per chair and Rs.30 per tall, M <sub>2</sub> , M <sub>3</sub> . The time required in hours by each le is as follows:  Machine Chair Table Available Time(hrs)  M <sub>1</sub> 3 3 36  M <sub>2</sub> 5 2 50  M <sub>3</sub> 2 6 60  The mathematical formulation to this linear products the product of the constraints of the constrai	two types of furniture — chairs and tables. The profit for each product as of the profit is Rs. 20 per chair and Rs.30 per table. Both products are to be an eight is as follows:  Machine Chair Table Available Time(hrs)  M1 3 3 36  M2 5 2 50  M3 2 6 60  The mathematical formulation to this linear programming problem to max on the product of the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product of the product and total time available and the product and the product and total time available and the product a	the constraint  3 26 4 20 5 two types of furniture — chairs and tables. The profit for each product as calculated by the lepartment is Rs. 20 per chair and Rs.30 per table. Both products are to be processed on three 1, M2, M3. The time required in hours by each product and total time available in hours per week on e is as follows:  Machine Chair Table Available Time(hrs)  M1 3 3 36  M2 5 2 50  M3 2 6 60  The mathematical formulation to this linear programming problem to maximize the profit.