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BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2024-2025
Programme – B.Tech.(CSE)-DS-2022
Course Name – Information Extraction and Retrieval
Course Code - PEC-CSD602C
(Semester VI)

Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

(i) What is the primary purpose of an Information Retrieval System (IRS)?

a)
To retrieve all documents from a database

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following:

b) To retrieve relevant documents based on a query

c) To delete irrelevant documents

d) To store structured data

(ii) Which of the following components is essential in an inverted index?

a) Query processor

b) Term dictionary and postings list

c) URL resolver

d) PageRank algorithm

(iii) In Boolean retrieval, what is the result of a query using the AND operator?

 a) All documents containing any of the query terms b) Only documents containing both query terms

c) Only documents containing one of the query terms

d) Documents excluding the query terms

(iv) What is the primary advantage of index compression in IR systems?

a) Reducing storage space and improving retrieval speed

b) Improving query performance but increasing storage

c) Deleting unnecessary documents

d) Removing stop words from queries

(v) Which component helps in handling spelling errors in queries?

a) Query expansion

b) Tolerant retrieval

c) Document indexing

d) Term frequency normalization

(vi) What is an example of a stop word?

a) Information

b) The

c) Retrieval

d) Index

(vii) What is the main purpose of a text retrieval system?

a) Image classification

b) Storing large images

c) Retrieving relevant text documents

d) None of the these

(viii) Which component is essential for constructing an inverted index?

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		b) Postings list	
	a) Term vocabulary	d) None of the these	
	c) Both a and b		
(ix)	Boolean retrieval models rely on which type	b) Predicate logic	
	a) Propositional logic	d) None of the these	
	c) Fuzzy logic	l" refer to?	
(x)	c) Fuzzy logic In text retrieval, what does "tolerant retrieva	b) Ignoring stop words	
	Iliag variations dilu cirore	landan operators	
	c) Storing data efficiently	news articles into predefined categories?	
(xi)	a) Handling spelling variationsc) Storing data efficientlyWhich model should you develop to classify r	b) Naïve Bayes	
	N. 1. 4.4	1) 0444	
	a) k-Means c) DBSCAN Plan a feature extraction strategy for a text cl	assification model. Which method would	
(xii)	Plan a feature extraction strategy for a text of	4555	
(,,	be most effective?	b) Applying TF-IDF to extract importan	t words
	anly stonwords	d) Removing all words except nouns	
(viii)	How would you utilize K-ININ for text classified	nonr	
(/////	a) Use it for classification by finding the k	b) Apply it for text clustering	
	nearest neighbors		
-		d) None of the above	
(viv)	c) Use it to generate word embeddings How does Naïve Bayes classification compare	with k-NN in terms of computational	
(XIV)	efficiency?		
	Naïve Bayes is more computationally	b) k-NN is faster as it requires model to	raining
	expensive than k-NN		
	e) Naïve Bayes is faster as it computes	d) Both have the same computational	
	probabilities instead of distances	complexity	
(sa) (probabilities instead of distances Contrast supervised and unsupervised learning	ng in the context of text classification.	hottor
(xv) (b) Unsupervised learning always gives	better
а) Supervised learning requires labeled data,		
	while unsupervised does not	accuracy d) There is no significant difference be	S(WEEL)
c) Both require labeled data for training	them	
	Gro	oup-B	3 x 5=15
	(Short Answer	Type Questions)	2 4 2-12
	ter IDE in toxt classification.		(3)
 Describe the role of TF-IDF in text classification. Explain how DBSCAN differs from K-Means in text clustering. 			(3)
3. Explain how DBSCAN differs from k-victars in clustering.			(3)
 Explain now DBSCAN difference in clustering. Explain the PAM algorithm and its role in clustering. Compare Boolean retrieval and query expansion-based retrieval. 			(3)
5. Com	pare Boolean retrieval and query expansion		(3)
6. Expl	ain the structure of the web as a graph.	OR	
		The state of the s	(3)
Expl	ain the role of anchor text in web search.		
	The state of the s	oup-C	
		•	5 x 6=30
	(Long Answer	Type Questions)	
			(5)
7. How does BM25 differ from the TF-IDF ranking model?			(5)
8. How does the KL-divergence retrieval model rank documents?			(5)
9. What is tolerant retrieval in IR? Discuss different tolerant retrieval techniques.			(5)
10. Explain the importance of feature selection in text classification and discuss common			(5)
	hods used.	TO A STATE OF THE	
		dits impact on retrieval performance.	(5)
11. Explain the term "relevance feedback" in IR and its impact on retrieval performance. 12. Explain the need for index construction in IR systems. How does index compression			(5)
	rove performance?		