



Brainware University Barasat, Kolkata -700125

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2024-2025 Programme - B.Sc.(ANCS)-Hons-2022 Course Name - Windows Server Administration II **Course Code - BNCSC602** (Semester VI)

Time: 2:30 Hours Full Marks: 60 [The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following:
- (i) Choose the primary purpose of root hints in DNS.
 - a) To configure forwarders.

- b) To resolve external DNS queries.
- c) To define zone delegation.
- d) To restrict zone transfers.
- (ii) Select the of root hint servers that are typically configured in Windows Server DNS.
 - a) 4

b) 13

c) 26

- d) 52
- (iii) Choose the benefit of multiple root hint servers.
 - a) Load balancing.

b) Redundancy.

c) Faster query resolution.

- d) Improved security.
- (iv) Choose the interval of updating the root hints by Windows Server DNS.
 - a) Every 24 hours.

- b) Every 7 days.
- c) Every time server restarts.
- d) None of these.
- (v) Show the process to varify root hint configuration in Windows Server DNS.
 - a) Using nslookup command.
- b) Checking Event Viewer logs.
- c) Reviewing DNS debug log.
- d) Running ipconfig /displaydns command.
- (vi) Choose the primary purpose of a caching-only DNS server.
 - a) Host authoritative DNS zones.
- b) Provide DNS resolution for internal clients.
- c) Store and retrieve DNS records from cache.
- d) Perform zone transfers.
- (vii) Identify the DNS zone that is used to resolve names for a specific part of the DNS namespace but does not store any actual DNS records.
 - a) Primary

b) Secondary

c) Stub

- d) Forward
- (viii) State the recommended number of Global Catalog servers per site for redundancy in a multi-domain forest.
 - a) At least one.

b) At least two.

c) At least three.

d) It does not matter; one is enough.

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(ix)	Select from the following tools that can be use Active Directory.	ed to perform an authoritative restore in	
	a) dcdiag	b) ntdsutil	
	c) taskmgr	d) repadmin	
(x)	Discover the primary purpose of an NTP serve	A A STATE OF THE S	
17	a) To synchronize network devices.	b) To route internet traffic.	
	c) To secure network communications. d) To manage user accounts.		
(vi)	elect the protocol that is used by DHCP for dynamic IP address allocation.		
(11)			
	a) TCP	b) UDP	
,	c) HTTP	d) ICMP	
(XII)	Identify the message type that a DHCP client r server.	equests an IP address from a DHCP	
	a) Discover	b) Request	
	c) Offer	d) Acknowledge	
(xiii)	Discover the purpose of a scope In a DHCP ser	ver.	
) To define the range of IP addresses that can b) To restrict access to certain network be assigned to clients. resources.		k
	c) To specify the DNS server addresses.	 d) To determine the lease duration for addresses. 	· IP
(xiv)	Find the port no that DHCP use to communica	te with clients.	
	a) Port 53	b) Port 67	
	c) Port 80	d) Port 161	
(xv)	Indicate the OSI layer where DHCP Relay agent	•	
(,	a) Layer 1	b) Layer 2	
	c) Layer 3	d) Layer 4	
	cy Layer 3	u, 22, 0	
	Gro	up-B	
		Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
2 D	efine Root hints in DNS.		(3)
	st the primary features of authoritative DNS se	rvers.	(3)
	immarize the role of a DNS resolver.		(3)
	5. Implement a DNSSEC configuration for secure DNS resolution.		
	6. Analyze the need for VPN.		
		DR	(3)
Aı	nalyze SLIP.		(3)
	Gro	up-C	
		Type Questions)	5 x 6=30
7 5	explain about the different DNS records.		(5)
8. (the state of the s		
	- 11 1 C . CDOAC		
10 F	LO. Explain Failover Cluster and its working mechanism.		
11 5	11. Explain P Security Architecture and its features.		
12. Analyze the different types of Active Directory Trusts based on transitivity and direction. OR			(5) (5)
MT.	La		(5)
	Compare transitive and non-transitive trusts with	in examples.	(3)