



17489



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2024-2025

Programme – LL.B.-2024

Course Name – Law of Crimes II

Course Code - LLB203

(Semester II)

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SCHOOL OF LAW
Barasat, Kolkata- 700125

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (i) Choose the Section mentioned in the Sanhita that deals with Cognizable Offence.
 - a) Section 2(g)
 - b) Section 2(h)
 - c) Section 2(d)
 - d) Section 2(k)
- (ii) Show the section below which mentions 'Directorate of Prosecution.'
 - a) Section 17
 - b) Section 19
 - c) Section 18
 - d) Section 20
- (iii) Under which section of BNSS, 2023 can a police officer arrest a person without a warrant?
 - a) Section 35
 - b) Section 36
 - c) Section 40
 - d) Section 50
- (iv) Which section of BNSS, 2023 provides for anticipatory bail?
 - a) Section 480
 - b) Section 482
 - c) Section 485
 - d) Section 490
- (v) Who is considered a 'Victim' under BNSS?
 - a) A person accused of an offense
 - b) A person who has suffered harm due to an offense
 - c) A witness in a criminal case
 - d) A police officer investigating a case
- (vi) What does 'Investigation' mean under BNSS?
 - a) Inquiry by the Magistrate
 - b) Collection of evidence by police
 - c) Decision on bail by courts
 - d) Filing of a criminal appeal
- (vii) Which law did BNSS replace in India?
 - a) Indian Penal Code
 - b) Code of Criminal Procedure

- c) Evidence Act
(viii) Which section of BNSS defines 'Cognizable Offense'?
a) Section 2(a)
c) Section 19
(ix) What does an FIR stand for?
a) First Information Report
c) Formal Inquiry Record
(x) Which document marks the conclusion of an investigation?
a) FIR
c) Charge Sheet
(xi) What is the role of victim compensation under BNSS, 2023?
a) To compensate victims
c) To support witnesses
(xii) What is the purpose of reference under BNSS, 2023?
a) To seek clarification from the High Court
c) To expedite the trial process
(xiii) Explain the primary function of the Public Prosecutor in a criminal trial under BNSS.
a) Investigate the crime
c) Present evidence on behalf of the State
(xiv) Describe the process of framing charges in a warrant case under BNSS.
a) Charges are framed after conviction
c) Charges are framed before the trial begins
(xv) Interpret the principle of Proof Beyond Reasonable Doubt in BNSS criminal trials.
a) Accused is convicted if some evidence exists
c) Court can convict without evidence
- d) None of these
b) Section 6
d) Section 25
b) Final Investigation Report
d) Forensic Investigation Report
b) Inquest Report
d) Final Order
b) To deter crimes
d) To benefit the accused
b) To allow trial courts to dismiss cases
d) To limit appellate jurisdiction
b) Represent the accused
d) Pass the final judgment
b) Charges are framed after evidence is recorded
d) Charges are not required in warrant cases
b) Prosecution must prove guilt conclusively
d) Defense must prove innocence

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. List the essential functions of criminal courts under BNSS. (3)
3. Identify the rights of an arrested person under BNSS. (3)
4. Mention the main components of an FIR. (3)
5. Identify the authorities empowered to issue a warrant of arrest. (3)
6. Analyze the impact of electronic trial proceedings. (3)

OR

Differentiate between an inquiry and a trial. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Identify the legal safeguards available to an arrested person under BNSS. (5)
8. Recall the different stages of an arrest under BNSS. (5)
9. Describe the role of a Magistrate in criminal cases. (5)
10. Identify the provisions for victim compensation under BNSS. (5)
11. Justify the inclusion of digital policing measures in BNSS. (5)
12. Analyze the role of the Supreme Court in criminal appeals. (5)

OR

Compare the impact of digital FIRs with traditional FIR registration.

(5)

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