

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2020 - 21

Programme – Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Communication Engineering **Course Name – Basic Electrical Engineering**

> Course Code - ESC(ECE)101 Semester / Year - Semester I

Time allotted: 75 Minutes

a network with——

Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full mark answers in their own words	•	
Group-	•	
-	e Type Question) 1 x 60=60	
1. (Answer any Sixty)		
(i) Which, among the following is the correct e	expression for admittance?	
a) $Y=Z$	b) Y=1/Z	
c) Y=Z2	d) Y=1/Z2	
(ii) According to Kirchoff's voltage law,		
a) The algebraic sum of all the e.m.f's in the circuit is zero	b) Algebraic sum all the voltage drops the circuit is zero	in
c) Algebraic sum of e.m.f's plus algebraic sum of voltage drops is equal to zero	d) All of these	
(iii) In any network of wires carrying currents, meeting at a point is equal to	the algebraic sum of all currents	
a) Sum of all the currents	b) Zero	
c) Sum of outgoing current	d) Sum of incoming current	
(iv) Kirchhoff's laws are useful in determining		
a) Current flowing in a circuit	b) EMFs and Voltage drops in a circuit	
c) Power in a circuit	d) All of these	

(v) According to Thevenin's theorem, any bilateral network can be replaced by

a) An independent current source in parallel to the equivalent resistance	b) An independent voltage source in series with the equivalent resistance
c) An independent voltage source in parallel to the resistance	d) None of these
(vi) Voltmeter has aresistance	
a) very small	b) 1 ohm
c) 0 ohm	d) very high
(vii) Internal resistance of an ideal voltage source	ce is
a) 0	b) 1
c) infinity	d) None of these
(viii) Two bulbs B1 100 W, 200 V and B2 40 W across 200 V battery, the total circuit resistance	
a) 1000 ?	b) 400 ?
c) 1400 ?	d) 135 ?
(ix) Electrical Appliances are not connected in s	series because
a) Series circuit is complicated	b) Power loss is more
c) Appliances have different current ratings	d) None of these
(x) Brushes are always placed on, i commutation?	in order to achieve sparkles
a) GNA	b) MNA
c) either GNA or MNA	d) None of these
(xi) Resistance of a wire is directly proportional	to its
a) Diameter	b) Area of cross section
c) Length	d) All of these

(xii) Three resistance 14.5 ?, 25.5 ? and 60 ? V. What will be the voltage drop across 14.5	
a) 29 V	b) 13.5 V
c) 14 V	d) 18 V
(xiii) Internal resistance of an ideal current s	ource is
a) 0	b) 1
c) infinity	d) None of these
(xiv) Ammeter has aresistance	
a) very small	b) 1 ohm
c) 0 ohm	d) very high
(xv) Transformers are rated in:	
a) KW	b) MW
c) KVA	d) KVAR
(xvi) Two wattmeter method of power meas	urement is suitable for:
a) balanced load only	b) unbalanced load
c) both balanced and unbalanced load	d) delta connected load
(xvii) Resonant frequency of an ac series cir	cuit is:
a) 1/2?(LC)1/2	b) 1/4?(LC)1/2
c) 1/4?lc	d) 1/2?LC
(xviii) Electric charge is equal to:	
a) It	b) I/t
c) I2t	d) I2/t
(xix) Synchronous speed of a 3 phase, 4 pole	e, 50Hz induction motor is
a) 1500 rpm	b) 1440 rpm

c) 3000 rpm	d) 2880 rpm
(xx) The time taken by an alternating quant	ity to complete one cycle
a) Time period	b) Frequency
c) Angular velocity	d) Time constant
(xxi) The power factor of pure resistive circ	cuit is
a) zero	b) leading
c) lagging	d) none of these
(xxii) The algebraic sum of currents meetin	g at a junction is equal to
a) 1	b) -1
c) 0	d) None of these
(xxiii) A practical voltage source consists o	f an ideal voltage source in
a) Series with an internal resistance	b) Parallel with an internal resistance
c) Both a and b	d) None of these
(xxiv) The power- factor at resonance in R-	L-C circuit is
a) zero.	b) unity.
c) 0.5 lagging.	d) 0.5 leading
(xxv) The input of an ac circuit having p.f. drawn by the circuit is kW.	of 0.8 lagging is 20 kVA. the power
a) 12	b) 20
c) 16	d) 8
(xxvi) Ohm is unit of all of the following ex	kcept
a) inductive reactance	b) capacitive reactance
c) resistance	d) capacitance

(xxvii) The r.m.s. value of half wave rectified s	ine wave is 200 V. the r.m.s.
value of full wave rectified ac. will be	
a) 282.8	b) 141.4
c) 111	d) 100
(xxviii) Which of the following statements pert	ains to resistors only?
a) can dissipate considerable amount of power	b) can act as energy storage devices
c) connecting them in parallel increases the total value	d) oppose sudden changes in voltage
(xxix) The apparent power drawn by an a.c. circ is 8 kW. the reactive power in the circuit is	cuit is 10 kVA and active power
a) 4 kVAR	b) 6 kVAR
c) 8 kVAR	d) 16 Kvar
(xxx) The reactance offered by a capacitor to al 50 hz is 20 ohm. if frequency is increased to 10 ohms.	
a) 2.5	b) 5
c) 10	d) 20
(xxxi) In a series R-L-C- circuit at the resonant	frequency the
a) current is maximum	b) current is minimum
c) impedance is maximum	d) voltage across c is minimum
(xxxii) The apparent power drawn by an a.c. cirpower is 8 kVAR. The active power in the circu	
a) 4 kW	b) 6 kW
c) 8 kW	d) 16 Kw
(xxxiii) The unit of inductive reactance is	

a) Ohm	b) Mho
c) Farad	d) henry
·	A single phase transformer, the current flowing ormer is 10A. What will be the current flowing
a) 100A	b) 120A
c) 125A	d) 130A
xxxv) The power transformer is	a constant
a) voltage device	b) current device
c) power device	d) main flux device
xxxvi) A transformer has	
a) two winding	b) one winding
c) no winding	d) None of these
xxxvii) A transformer has voltag	ge rating of 110/220 volt. It is
a) step-up transformer	b) step-down transformer
c) both a and b	d) None of these
xxxviii) Input power and output	power remains constant in
a) generator	b) motor
c) induction motor	d) transformer
xxxix) Which one of the followi	ng can not operate in d.c.
a) generator	b) transformer
c) motor	d) either of a,b,c
xl) Which one of the following i	s fixed loss
a) core loss	b) copper loss

c) both a and b	d) none of these
(xli) If field current is decreased in shunt dc n	notor, the speed of the motor.
a) remains same.	b) increases.
c) decreases.	d) none of these
(xlii) What is the mechanical power develope maximum?	d by a DC series motor is
a) Back Emf is equal to half the applied voltage.	b) Back Emf is equal to applied voltage
c) Back Emf is equal to zero.	d) None of these
(xliii) Hysteresis loop represents the area of	
a) copper loss	b) eddy current loss
c) hysteresis loss	d) total iron losses
(xliv) A DC generator without Commutator is	s a
a) AC generator	b) DC motor
c) DC generator	d) Induction motor
(xlv) In DC machine yoke offers	
a) mechanical protection to the machine	b) flux path completion
c) produce working flux	d) both A and B
(xlvi) In DC macines brushes are used for	
a) collecting of current without any sparkings	b) collecting of voltage
c) reduce eddy current loss	d) convert ac armature current in to dc
(xlvii) Which of the following windings gives machines?	s the result A=2 in all dc

a) closed winding	b) lap winding
c) wave winding	d) open type winding
(xlviii) DC machine windings are	
a) full pitched	b) short pitched
c) either of these	d) None of these
(xlix) Lap winding is preferred for which type	of machines?
a) low current and low voltage	b) high current and high voltage
c) high current and low voltage	d) low current and high voltage
(l) In a BJT	
a) The base region is sandwiched between	b) The collector is sandwiched between
emitter and collector	base and emitter
c) The emitter region is sandwiched between base and collector	d) None of these
(li) If T is the time period for a chopper circuit chopping frequency is	and? is its duty cycle, then the
a) Ton/?	b) Toff/?
c) ?/Toff	d) ?/Ton
(lii) The load voltage of a chopper can be contr	colled by varying the
a) duty cycle	b) firing angle
c) reactor position	d) extinction angle
(liii) A step - down choppers can be used in	
a) Electric traction	b) Electric vehicles
c) Machine tools	d) All of these
(liv) The average value of the output voltage in	a step - down dc chopper is

given by	
a) $V 0 = V s$	b) V 0 = D V s
c) $V 0 = V s / D$	d) $V 0 = V s / (1 - D)$
(lv) When the diode is forward biased, it is equi	ivalent to
a) An off switch	b) An On switch
c) A high resistance	d) None of these
(lvi) The capacitance of a reverse biased PN jur	nction
a) Increases as reverse bias is increased	b) Decreases as reverse bias is increased
c) Increases as reverse bias is decreased	d) Is insignificantly low
(lvii) Active power in 3 phase circuit is:	
a) ?3 VLIL Cos?	b) 3 VLIL Cos?
c) ?2 VLIL Cos?	d) 2 VLIL Cos?
(lviii) Fuse wire should possess	
a) High specific resistance and high melting point	b) High specific resistance and low melting point
c) Low specific resistance and low melting point	d) Low specific resistance and high melting point
(lix) Best practicable material for a fuse wires is	S
a) Aluminium	b) Copper
c) Iron	d) Tin

b) dangerous

d) complicated

(lx) Using a high current fuse in a low current appliance is very

a) safe

c) required