



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY
Term End Examination 2020 - 21
Programme – Master of Business Administration
Course Name – Indian Ethos and Business Ethics
Course Code - MBA108

Semester / Year - Semester I

Time allotted : 75 Minutes

Full Marks : 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

1. *(Answer any Sixty)*

(i) What is whistle blowing?

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) Spreading malicious rumours about managers not behaving ethically | b) Announcing a high standard of ethical behaviour to persuade outsiders of the benefits of dealing with an organization. |
| c) Calling for an end to unethical practice in an organization. | d) Revealing unethical behaviour to superiors or outsiders. |

(ii) What is the origin of the word 'Ethics'?

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| a) Ethica | b) Ethicia |
| c) Dharma | d) Ethikos |

(iii) The term 'value' is derived from the French word

- | | |
|-----------|------------------|
| a) Valoir | b) Valas |
| c) Velois | d) None of these |

(iv) represent an individual's highest priorities and deeply held driving forces.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| a) Values | b) Principles |
| c) Culture | d) Ethics |

(v) Indian life has fundamental goals.

- a) Three
- b) Five
- c) Four
- d) Two

(vi) Indian ethos is the outcome of way of life.

- a) Buddha
- b) Hindu
- c) Christian
- d) Muslim

(vii) The 'guna' of dark force is

- a) Raja Guna
- b) Satva Guna
- c) Tams Guna
- d) None of these

(viii) Holism means

- a) Oneness
- b) Divinity
- c) Materiality
- d) All of these

(ix) Unable to understand others lead to

- a) Information
- b) Money
- c) Unhappiness
- d) None of these

(x) Expectation is a kind of

- a) Natural acceptance
- b) Artificial acceptance
- c) Value
- d) Act of expecting

(xi) Reality implies that

- a) Autocratic
- b) What we really are
- c) Free rein
- d) Paternalistic

(xii) Right Understanding helps to

- a) To make worse relationship
- b) Improve relationship
- c) To demolish relationship
- d) None of these

(xiii) Preamble of Indian Constitution states:

- | | |
|---|--|
| a) Constitution of SOVEREIGN,
SOCIALIST, SECULAR, DEMOCRATIC
REPUBLIC | b) JUSTICE, SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND
POLITICAL |
| c) Both Constitution of SOVEREIGN,
SOCIALIST, SECULAR, DEMOCRATIC
REPUBLIC and JUSTICE, SOCIAL,
ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL | d) neither Constitution of SOVEREIGN,
SOCIALIST, SECULAR, DEMOCRATIC
REPUBLIC nor JUSTICE, SOCIAL,
ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL |

(xiv) Which Fundamental Right aims at the abolition of social distinctions?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| a) Right to equality | b) Right to property |
| c) Right against exploitation | d) Right to freedom |

(xv) Preamble means?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| a) The inauguration of a ceremony. | b) The head of a body |
| c) The top most portion of anything. | d) Preface, introduction especially that of
an act of Parliament stating its aims &
objectives. |

(xvi) The Preamble of the Indian Constitution serves the purpose of?

- | | |
|--|--|
| a) Pointing out what the people expect the
Government of India to accomplish. | b) Indicating that the authority of the
Government is derived from the people |
| c) Helping judges to interpret various
provisions of the Constitution properly. | d) All of these. |

(xvii) Right to speedy trial is:

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a) Legal right | b) Constitutional Right |
| c) Fundamental right | d) Directive Principles of State. |

(xviii) The recognition of the close link between an organization's decisions and activities and its impact on the natural environment is called _____.

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| a) Global environment | b) Greening of management |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|

c) Social actions

d) None of these

(xix) What are the main the constituent of acid rains?

a) Nitrogen Oxide.

b) Sulphur dioxide

c) Nitrogen dioxide

d) All of these

(xx) What is the main reason environmental destruction?

a) Due to consumption of the poor

b) Due to consumption of the rich

c) Due to no consumption

d) Due to consumption in certain interval of times

(xxi) The common property of rural communities has increasingly been used to supply the needs of the _____

a) Forests

b) Urban

c) Deserts

d) Water bodies

(xxii) The idea of sustainable development was conceived in early

a) 1950

b) 1960

c) 1970

d) 1980

(xxiii) Eco-tracking tools need to be available which

a) Do not allow you to trace environmental footprint

b) Avoids data collection

c) Set-up an environmental management system

d) Help in decision making

(xxiv) Electronic waste is the adverse effect of

a) Industry

b) Agriculture

c) Housing

d) Mining 52

(xxv) Extraction of mineral and metal form the earth is:

- a) Agriculture
- b) Transportation
- c) Mining
- d) Sustainable development

(xxvi) Under which ISO Standard the Guidance on Social Responsibility was recognized?

- a) ISO 26000
- b) . ISO 27000
- c) ISO 22000
- d) ISO 14000

(xxvii) Food, space, disease, natural disasters, climate, competition and predation are examples of what?

- a) Capacity factors
- b) Limiting factors.
- c) Predation factors
- d) Sustainable factors

(xxviii) The definition of sustainable development was expressed during the World Commission on Environment and Development in 1987, chaired by

- a) Gro Harlem Brundtland
- b) . Murray Bookchin
- c) Rees and WackernackeJ
- d) John Elkington

(xxix) Atmospheric issues include

- a) acid rain
- b) global warming
- c) air pollution
- d) All of these

(xxx) Solar energy can be used for making and functioning of

- a) Pressure cooker
- b) Solar cooker
- c) Rice cooker
- d) None of these

(xxxi) Biogas is a type of fuel

- a) which is a mixture of gases such as methane, carbon dioxide
- b) which is a mixture of liquid such as methane, carbon dioxide
- c) which is a mixture of elements such as methane, carbon dioxide
- d) None of these.

(xxxii) Biomass can be defined as Biomass is

- a) All the natural material
- b) Biological material derived from living, or recently living organisms.
- c) All the solar material
- d) All the chemical material

(xxxiii) Making decisions on the basis of experience, feelings and accumulated judgement is called as _____.

- a) Decision making
- b) Structured problems
- c) Intuitive decision making
- d) None of these

(xxxiv) The emotional part of an attitude is called _____.

- a) Affective component
- b) Attitude
- c) Behavioural component
- d) All of these

(xxxv) Full form of TRIPS is

- a) Trade Related Aspects of Incorporeal Property Rights
- b) Tariff Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
- c) Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
- d) Trade Related Aspects of International Property Rights

(xxxvi) Article 7 of the TRIPS Agreement states that the protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights should contribute

- a) Small scale
- b) to the promotion of technological innovation and to the transfer and dissemination of technology,
- c) labor-intensive
- d) All of these

(xxxvii) The idea of "intermediate technology," has been propounded by

- a) Despite these early examples, Dr. Ernst Friedrich "Fritz" Schumacher Plato
- b) Dr. Ernst Friedrich "Fritz" Schumacher
- c) Aristotol
- d) Darwin

(xxxviii) Full form of WIPO is

- a) World Intelligent Property Organization
- b) World Intellectual Private Organization
- c) World Intellectual Property Organization
- d) World Intelligent Private Organization

(xxxix) A patent is a form of

- a) International material
- b) Intermediate property
- c) International property
- d) Intellectual property

(xl) The main objective ofstudy is to determine and eliminate unnecessary and wasteful movements.

- a) Work study
- b) Time study
- c) Motion study
- d) All of these

(xli) Authority and responsibility areto each other.

- a) Supplementary
- b) Complementary
- c) Contradictory
- d) None

(xlii)developed the “Need Hierarchy Theory” to explain human behaviour within an organization.

- a) A.H.Maslow
- b) Douglas Mc. Gregor
- c) Herzberg
- d) Rensis Likert

(xliii)

A superior cannot delegate

- a) Authority
- b) Responsibility
- c) Punctuality
- d) None of these

(xliv) ----- is the obligation of a subordinate to perform the duty assigned by his superior.

- a) Authority
- b) Responsibility

c) Division of labour

d) Accountability

(xlv) ----- means an individual should receive orders and instructions from only one superior.

a) Unity of command

b) Span of control

c) Scalar chain

d) None of these

(xlvi) A leader should have

a) Technical Knowledge

b) Empathy

c) Initiative

d) All of these

(xlvii) The relationship between the leader and his group is the same as that of father and his family in

a) Autocratic

b) Participative

c) Free rein

d) Paternalistic

(xlviii) Need Hierarchy theory was developed by

a) Mc Gregor

b) Abraham Maslow

c) Herzberg

d) Mc Clelland

(xlix) According to Need Hierarchy theory, the human needs are

a) Limited

b) Unpredictable

c) Unlimited

d) All of these

(l) is the need for love and affection.

a) Safety

b) Esteem

c) Social

d) Physiological

(li) Ethics is

a) A step of materialistic world

b) A normative science of conduct of a human being

c) Not connected with the growth of human being
d) None of these

(lii) Full form of WTO is

- a) World Tariff Organisation
- b) World Trade Organisation
- c) World Tennis Organisation
- d) None of these

(liii) Who are the two main stakeholders in an organisation?

- a) CEO and top management
- b) Customers and employees
- c) Executives and owners
- d) None of these

(liv) What is lateral communication?

- a) Communication flows from superiors to subordinates
- b) Communication flows between manager and members of other work - groups
- c) Communication flows between peers
- d) None of these

(lv) What is the classical view of management's social responsibility?

- a) To create specific environment in work place
- b) To maximize profits
- c) To protect and improve society's welfare
- d) All of these

(lvi) The Prevention of Corruption Act has been enacted in the year

- a) 1985
- b) 1985
- c) 1987
- d) 1988

(lvii) Equality in employment laws means

- a) Equal treatment of both men and women
- b) Consensus oriented
- c) Accountability of authorities Religious minorities
- d) Majority

(lviii) What remedy may be availed of by an aggrieved party against the non-

performance of duty by the public officer, if his duty is ministerial?

- a) Petition for Certiorari
- b) Petition for Review
- c) Petition for Mandamus
- d) Ordinary Court Action

(lix) The doctrine of separation of powers is a

- a) Basic structure
- b) Fundamental Right
- c) Fundamental duty
- d) None

(lx) Article 16 deals with

- a) Equality in employment laws
- b) whether it describes the nature of the power exercised and the right restricted by such power
- c) Proportionality will be applied whenever a court is deciding whether the rules of natural justice have been breached
- d) whether it prescribes who must do it