

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2020 - 21

Programme – Bachelor of Pharmacy

Course Name – Pharmaceutical Engineering

Course Code - BP304T Semester / Year - Semester III

Time allotted : 90 Minutes

Full Marks : 75

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)	1 x 75=75
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(i) How many liquids are used in differential manometer?

a) Four	b) One
c) Three	d) Two

- (ii) Reynolds number depends on one of the following factors
 - a) Roughness of the pipeb) Surface area of the pipec) Viscosity of the liquidd) Volume of the liquid

(iii) In a pipe, laminar flow has a centre line velocity of 0.1 m/s. What is the average velocity?

a) 5 cm/s	b) 10 cm/s
c) 15 cm/s	d) 20 cm/s

(iv) Displacement meter is used to measure one of the following-

a) Head loss of liquid	b) Velocity of liquid
c) Volume of liquid	d) Weight of liquid

(v) Fluid energy mill works in the principle of -

a) Impact	b) Impact and attrition
c) Compression	d) Attrition

(vi) The SI unit of energy is -

a) Kelvin	b) Joule
c) Meter	d) Calorie

(vii) According to Bernoulli's theorem, if the speed is high, the pressure will be-

a) High	b) Low
c) Medium	d) Zero

(viii) Which of the following equipment is used for sieve analysis?

a) Alpine airjet sieve	b) Cyclone separator
c) Rotex screen	d) Shaking screen

(ix) Which one of the following is a disadvantage of sieve shaker method?

a) Attrition	b) Capacity limited
c) Expensive	d) Tedious

(x) During size separation, movement of particles can be enhanced by-

a) Agitation	b) Attrition
c) Gravitation	d) Mixing

(xi) Ball mill should be operated at

a) Low speed	b) High speed
c) Optimum speed	d) Very low speed

(xii) Which one of the following is not a purpose of size reduction?

a) Physical stabilityb) Increased dissolution ratec) Increased absorptiond) Improved particle density

(xiii) Most commonly used size separating instrument in laboratory is -a) Cyclone separatorb) Sedimentation tank

c) Sieve shaker	d) Collloid mill	
(xiv) Breakdown of material by rubbing action	between two surface is called-	
a) Impact	b) Compression	
c) Attrition	d) Cutting	
(xv) Less than 2000 Reynolds number indicate	es-	
a) Turbulent flow	b) Transition flow	
c) Centrifugal flow	d) Laminar flow	
(xvi) Which of the following device is used for temporary flow measurement?		
a) Displacement meter	b) Pilot static tube	
c) Orifice plate	d) Venturi meter	
(xvii) Rotameter tube is made up of-		
a) Glass	b) Tin	
c) Plastic	d) Wood	
(xviii) Suspension of a solid in a gas can be se	parated by	
a) Sieve shaker	b) Ball mill	
c) Cyclone separator	d) Silverson emulsifier	
(xix) In SI system, the unit of conductance is-		
a) W/m2	b) W/m	
c) W/°K	d) W/m°K	
(xx) Which of the following has lowest overall heat transfer coefficient?		
a) Water	b) Dowtherm	
c) Molten sodium	d) Air	

(xxi) What is the emissivity of a black body?

a) 0	b) 0.25
c) 0.5	d) 1

(xxii) Which one of the following acts as source of heat for most of the evaporators?

a) Coal	b) Hot water
c) Oil bath	d) Steam

(xxiii) Heat sensitive materials can be concentrated in an evaporator employing

a) Low pressure	b) High pressure
c) Vacuum	d) High residence time

(xxiv) Separation of liquids by distillation is based on the principle of-

a) Boiling point	b) Miscibility
c) Vapour pressure	d) Viscosity

(xxv) Absolute alcohol is prepared by one of the following methods-

a) Azeotropic distillationb) Simple distillationc) Steam distillationd) Vacuum distillation

(xxvi) Which law satisfies the batch type distillation of a binary system for separation?

a) Dalton's law	b) Raoult's law
c) Rayleigh's law	d) Stokes law

(xxvii) Which one of the following method is also known as differential distillation?

a) Azeotropic distillation	b) Molecular distillation
c) Simple distillation	d) Steam distillation

(xxviii) Which distillation method is used to prepare aromatic spirit of ammonia?

a) Flash Distillation	b) Fractional distillation
c) Molecular distillation	d) Simple distillation

(xxix) Molecular distillation is used for the purification of-

a) Carbohydrates	b) Fats
c) Proteins	d) Volatile oils

(xxx) When a substance is dissolved in a liquid, the vapour pressure of the liquid is -

a) Decreased	b) Increased
c) Unchanged	d) Initially increase then decrease

(xxxi) Duhring's rule is related to

a) Crystallization	b) Distillation
c) Filtration	d) Size reduction

(xxxii) Which one of the following is most widely used method for extraction of volatile oils?

a) Steam distillation	b) Azeotropic distillation
c) Molecular distillation	d) Destructive distillation

(xxxiii) Silverson emulsifier shears the material by using-

a) Suction force	b) Centrifugal force
c) Turbines	d) Ultrasonic vibrations

(xxxiv) The process of converting vapour from solid state is known as-

a) Evaporation	b) Distillation
c) Sterilization	d) Sublimation

(xxxv) Removal of small amount of moisture from sample is known as-

a) Dryingb) Distillationc) Filtrationd) Conduction

(xxxvi) The process of complete removal of mechanically admixed water is known as-

a) Desiccationb) Distillationc) Evaporationd) Sublimation

(xxxvii) Which one of the following operation, should be followed by drying?

a) Crystallizationb) Evaporationc) Mixingd) Size reduction

(xxxviii) Which of the following dryer is known as lyophilizer?

a) Fluidized bed dryerb) Freeze dryerc) Spray dryerd) Vacuum dryer

(xxxix) In drying process, the final product is in the form of-

a) Slurry	b) Solid
c) Solution	d) Solvent concentrate

(xl) In which one of the following drying process high vacuum is applied?

a) Drum dryingb) Freeze dryingc) Spray dryingd) Tray drying

(xli) In fluidized bed dryer, prefilter is used to filter-

a) Air	b) Fines
c) Moisture	d) Particles

- (xlii) Surface tension is expressed in
 - a) Centi poise b) Poise

c) N/m2	d) Dynes/ cm
(xliii) Vortex formation is a common pro	oblem in-
a) Liquid mixing	b) Mixing of solids
c) Size reduction	d) Distillation
(xliv) Filter aids are mainly used when:	
a) Liquid is required as product	b) Filter medium is not available
c) Solid are required as product	d) None of these
(xlv) Which one of the following is not a	a mechanism of filtration?
a) Entanglement	b) Impact
c) Impingement	d) Straining
(xlvi) Which one of the following mecha filter?	nisms is involved in case of meta
a) Cake filtration	b) Depth filtration
c) Surface filtration	d) Zig zag filtration
(xlvii) Which one of the following is not	a filter aid?
a) Diatomite	b) Carbon
c) Asbestos	d) Gelatin
(xlviii) Integrity tests are intended for for	llowing filters:
a) Leaf filters	b) Membrane filters
c) Drum filters	d) Edge filter
(xlix) Clarification is the term used when	n the solid content of the product
a) Doesn't exceed 1%	b) Exceeds 5%
c) Exceeds 15%	d) Exceeds 20 %

(l) The process to separate insoluble particles from a liquid medium is known as-

a) Sieving	b) Filtration
c) Drying	d) Extraction

(li) Which one of the following is not an example of rotary vacuum filter?

- a) Scrapper discharge b) String discharge
- c) Scrapper discharge with drum precoating d) Vertical metal leaf filter

(lii) Which is the principle difference that influences centrifugation?

a) Density	b) Interfacial tension
c) Particle size	d) Viscosity

(liii) Which one of the following forces greatly enhances the separation force?

a) Brownian force	b) Centrifugal force
c) Gravitational force	d) Van der Walls force

(liv) Centrifugation is useful in one of the following types of dispersion -

a) Coarse dispersionb) Colloidal dispersionc) Molecular dispersiond) Multi- size dispersion

(lv) For a sedimentation type, the centrifuge has one of the following conditions-

a) Basket is non-perforated	b) Basket is perforated
c) Containing filter aid	d) Containing filter medium

(lvi) Washing of solid is not possible in one of the following centrifuge-

- a) Non-perforated basket centrifuge
- b) Perforated basket centrifuge
- c) Semi- continuous centrifuge d) Super centrifuge

(lvii) The velocity of centrifuge is commonly expressed in terms of the

following units-

Tonowing units-	
a) Diameter of the rotation	b) Meter per second square
c) Meter square per second	d) Revolutions per minute
(lviii) Which is the preferred method of c	larification of wine?
a) Chromatography	b) Precipitation
c) Centrifugation	d) Foam separation
(lix) Type I glass is also known as-	
a) Soda lime glass	b) Treated soda lime glass
c) Type NP glass	d) Borosilicate glass
(lx) Amber coloured glass gives special p	rotection from-
a) Hydrolysis	b) Oxidation
c) Photolysis	d) Reduction
(lxi) Fragility is a common disadvantage	for
a) Glass	b) Plastic
c) Rubber	d) Metal
(lxii) Carbon steel is a type of-	
a) Stainless steel	b) Cast iron
c) Ferrous metal & alloys	d) Nickel and its alloys
(lxiii) Removal of components from the f is known as-	formulation through the container wall
a) Sorption	b) Desorption
c) Chemical reaction	d) Leaching

(lxiv) Valve and actuator is used for -

a) Liquid dosage form

b) Semisolid dosage form

c) Aerosols

d) Solid dosage form

(lxv) Transmission of gases, vapours, liquids through plastic packaging system is known as-

a) Permeation	b) Leaching
c) Sorption	d) Alteration

(lxvi) Collapsible tubes made from lead is not used in pharmaceutical packaging due to -

a) Inferior metal	b) Soft nature
c) Risk of poisoning	d) Inferior appearance

(lxvii) Hydrolytic resistance test is performed for glass to find out -

a) Mechanical strength	b) Melting point
c) Limit of alkalinity liberated by it	d) Quality

(lxviii) Which one of the following is not a physical property in selection of material for pharmaceutical plant construction?

a) Strength	b) Wear properties
c) Sterilization	d) Cost

(lxix) The mechanical strength of aluminium is greatly affected over

a) 100 °C b) 125 °C c) 150 °C d) 200 °C

(lxx) Which one of the following is not a chemical corrosion?

a) Oxidation corrosionb) Corrosion by hydrogenc) Liquid metal corrosiond) Wet corrosion

(lxxi) Which one of the following is a type of electrochemical corrosion?a) Galvanic corrosionb) Oxidation corrosion

c) Corrosion by hydrogen

d) Dry corrosion

(lxxii) Which of the following is not included in WHO GMP guidelines in pharmaceutical plant construction?

a) General facilities	b) Space allocation
c) Clinical trials	d) Warehousing
(lxxiii) The word "ICH" stands for-	
a) International Conference of	b) International Community of
Harmonization	Harmonization

c) Indian Conference of Humanity

- c) Indian Conference of Humanity
- (lxxiv) Rusting of iron is considered as
 - a) Addition
 - c) Compression

b) Corrosion

d) Precipitation

d) Indian Community of Harmonization

(lxxv) Which of the following is not an example of combined state metal?

a) Iron Oxide	b) Zinc oxide
c) Calcium carbonate	d) Aluminium