

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2020 - 21

Programme – Master of Business Administration Course Name – Compensation and Benefits Management Course Code - HR303

Semester / Year - Semester III

Time allotted: 75 Minutes

Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

	Group-A
	(Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 60=60
1. (Answer any Sixty)	
(i) is not a	chief organ of UNO.
a) I.L.O.	b) Security Council
c) International Court	d) General Assembly
(ii) Trade Union Movement	in India emerged between
a) 1920-1930	b) 1850-1870
c) 1870-1880	d) 1930-1947
	a upholds the principle 'Freedom of Association' ated by ILO Convention in
a) Article 20(C)	b) Article 19(C)
c) Article 24(C)	d) Article 18(C)
(iv) Factories Act was first in	ntroduced in
a) 1934	b) 1948
c) 1947	d) 1936
(v) Labour Law covers	
a) Industrial relations	b) Workplace health and safety
c) Employment standard	d) All of these

(vi) No employer can pay less than	·
a) Agreed wages	b) Earning
c) Minimum wages	d) Trade union demand
(vii) Peace and harmony in organization is very	y important for
a) GDP	b) Economic development
c) Manpower	d) None of these
(viii) Labour issues are solved in	
a) Labour Court	b) District Court
c) High Court	d) Consumer Court
(ix) Which of the following is not included und under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936?	ler the definition of wages given
a) Basic Wage	b) Dearness Allowance
c) Incentive	d) Gratuity
(x) Statutory minimum wage is fixed under	
a) Payment of Wages Act, 1936	b) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
c) Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923	d) Minimum Wages Act, 1948
(xi) Which one of the following is not based or	n the principle of welfare?
a) Mica Mines Labour Welfare Funds Act	b) Iron Ore Mines Labour Welfare Funds Act
c) Minimum Wages Act	d) Dock Workers (Safety, Health, Welfare) Act
(xii) The minimum wages as fixed under the M be revised at least once in	Iinimum Wages Act, 1948 must
a) 2 years	b) 3 years
c) 5 years	d) Not mentioned under the Act

(xiii) Which of the following is not a method for the MinimumWages Act, 1948?	or fixing minimum wages under
a) Notification Method	b) Committee Method
c) Bargaining Method	d) None of these
(xiv) Wages means	
 a) Remuneration of which the persons employed is entitled in respect of overtime work 	b) Remuneration payable under any award or settlement between parties
c) Additional remuneration payable under terms of employment	d) All of these
(xv) As per Factories Act, 1948 canteen should more than workers are employed:	be provided in factory where
a) 100	b) 250
c) 600	d) 1000
(xvi) As per the factories act, after how many y be painted and refurbished?	ears should the factory premises
a) 5 years	b) 10 years
c) 8 years	d) Annually
(xvii) As per section 2 in factories act, who will	l be called as an adult?
a) A person who has completed 21 years of age	b) A person who is less than 19 years of age
c) A person who has completed 24 years of age	d) A person who has completed 18 years of age
(xviii) If there are numbers of employees,	
provide a shelters or rest-rooms and a suitable l	
a) 250	b) 500
c) 320	d) 150

(xix) How many hours in a week ca	an an adult work as per factories act?
a) 9 hours	b) 56 hours
c) 34 hours	d) 48 hours
(xx) one first-aid box or cupboard maintained for every n	with the prescribed contents should be number of workers.
a) 25	b) 150
c) 100	d) 75
carried on for less than	manufacturing process which is ordinarily working days in the year resumes written notice to the Chief Inspector
a) 60	b) 30
c) 180	d) 240
(xxii) In the maternity act, an inspe	ector is appointed under which section?
a) Section 14	b) Section 2
c) Section 10	d) Section 15
(xxiii) An worker is entitled to	months' notice or notice pay in lieu of
a) Two	b) One
c) Three	d) Four
(xxiv) What is the minimum numb in an establishment before claiming	er of days that a woman should have worked g the maternity benefit?
a) 365 days	b) 120 days
c) 80 days	d) 240 days

(xxv) Which Labour Legislation provides comprehensive health benefits to industrial workers in India:

c) Employees' State Insurance Act	d) Maternity Benefit Act
 (xxvi) Who shall be held responsible for paying working at the construction of a multi-storeyed worker employed by a 'contractor', supplied by and became temporarily disabled. a) The contractor who employed the worker c) Both The contractor who employed the worker and The sirdar who supplied the worker 	building of a company, a va 'sirdar', faced an accident
(xxvii) In case of fatal accident if the Commission employer based on his source, the notice. (ii) If the employer thinks liable, he sixty days of the service of notice. (iii) If the employer thinks liable, he make the deposit within thirty days of the service is not liable, he shall in his statement indicate the disclaims liability.	(i) The employer can neglect shall make the deposit within apployer thinks liable, he shall ce of notice. (iv) If the employer
a) All statements are correct.	b) All statements are incorrect.
c) Only (i) and (iv) are correct	d) Only (iii) and (iv) are correct.
(xxviii) Compensation means compensation pro	ovided for by Workmen's
a) Section 2(1-a)	b) Section 2(1-b)
c) Section 2(1-c)	d) Section 2(1-d)
(xxix) Commissioner means a Commissioner for appointed under	or Workmen's Compensation
a) Section 20	b) Section 21
c) Section 22	d) Section 23

(xxx) In case of an injury caused by an accident, a workman has the following:

b) Employees' Compensation Act

a) Employee Provident Funds Act

Workmen's Compensation Act	
c) He can claim under the Employers' Liability Act	d) Any of these
(xxxi) Fixing or Revising Minimum Rates of rates of wages may be fixed by	Wages under section 3, minimum
a) The hour	b) The day
c) The month	d) All of these
(xxxii) According to Section employer shall pay overtime worked.	of Minimum Wages Act 1948,
a) Section 14(1)	b) Section 14(2)
c) Section 14(3)	d) Section 14(4)
(xxxiii) Under Minimum Wages Act, 1948, Countries the Official Gazette appoint an Authority to have a superior of the Any Commissioner for Workers' Compensation	
c) Employer of Company	d) Any Officer of State Government not below the rank of Labour Commissioner
(xxxiv) Under Minimum Wages Act, no Cour recovery of wages in so far as sum so claimed	•
a) Forms the subject of an application und section 20 which has been presented by or on behalf of plaintiff	
c) Had formed the subject of direction under section 20 in favour of plantiff	d) Any of these

b) He can claim damages in torts

a) He can claim compensation under

(xxxv) The wage that can meet only bare physical needs of a worker and his

iamily:	
a) Subsistence wage	b) Fair wage
c) Living wage	d) Minimum wage
(xxxvi) Employee contribution to Employees' S fund is:	State Insurance Corporation
a) 0.0075	b) 0.12
c) 0.0475	d) None of these
(xxxvii) In case of termination of employment, expiry of from day on which	
a) 2nd day	b) 5th day
c) 7th day	d) 10th day
(xxxviii) House rent allowance is provided as a	percentage of:
a) Basic pay	b) Cost to company
c) Net pay after statutory deductions	d) Basic plus Dearness Allowance
(xxxix) Dearness allowance is a percentage of:	
a) Basic pay	b) Cost to company
c) Net pay after statutory deductions	d) None of these
(xl) Payments made to employees to adjust real	wage is called
a) base pay	b) wages
c) Dearness Allowance	d) salaries
(xli) Which of the following statements is not c Bonus Act, 1965?	orrect as per the Payment of
a) It is applicable to construction industry.	b) It does not apply to employees in Life Insurance Corporation of India.
c) Allocable surplus means 67% of the	d) Employee means any person including

available surplus.	apprentice.
(xlii) "Co-operative Society" is defined under	r
a) Section 2(8)	b) Section 2(9)
c) Section 2(10)	d) Section 2(11)
(xliii) Which conditions does not specify who deemed to have worked in an organization as 1965?	
a) Employee has been laid off	b) Employee has been on leave with pay
c) Allocable surplus means 67% of the available surplus	d) Employee means any person including apprentice.
(xliv) What is the present wage limit to be eli Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellane	_
a) Rs. 6000/-	b) Rs. 15000/-
c) Rs. 10000/-	d) Rs. 20000/-
(xlv) The chairman and members of Central I Employees' Provident Fund are appointed by	
a) Central Government	b) State Government
c) Supreme Court	d) None of these
(xlvi) Which of the following statements abore Central Provident Fund Commissioner is the Board (ii) The Central Board shall maintain pexpenditure in such form and in such manner after consultation with the Comptroller and A the Scheme (iii) Central Board shall submit a activities to the Central Government	ex-officio member of the Central proper accounts of its income and as the Central Government may, auditor-General of India, specify in nnual report of its work and
a) (i) and (ii)	b) (ii) and (iii)

c) (i) and (iii)

d) (i), (ii) and (iii)

(xlvii) Employees' Provident Funds Appella	te Tribunal was constituted under
Section of Provident Fu	ands and Miscellaneous Provision
Act 1952.	
a) Section 7D	b) Section 6A
c) Section 7C	d) Section 6D
(xlviii) The Central Government has amended under the Employees' Provident Fund and M (EPF Act) and the Employees' Provident Fundament Scheme, 1952 (EPF Scheme) from	Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and and Miscellaneous Provisions
with effect from 1st September, 2014.	b) 6 500/ to 113 000/
a) 7,500/- to ` 15,000/-	b) 6,500/- to ` 13,000/-
c) 6,500/- to ` 15,000/-	d) 5,000/- to ` 12,000/-
(xlix) Employee's share of contribution to the	ne provident fund is
a) 0.0833	b) 0.12
c) 0.1	d) 0.09
(l) What is pensionable salary?	
a) Average of last 6 months pay	b) Average of last 12 months pay
c) Average of last 5 years pay	d) Average of total salary received
(li) Under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972	2, the maximum gratuity payable is
a) 20 Lakhs	b) 10 Lakhs
c) 15 Lakhs	d) 25 Lakhs
(lii) The maximum amount of gratuity has n	ow been enhanced to 20 lakhs from
a) 12 Lakhs	b) 10 Lakhs
c) 3.5 Lakhs	d) 7.5 Lakhs

(liii) In the case of an employee who is employ	
and who is not so employed throughout the yea	
gratuity at the rate of days'	wages for each season.
a) 14 days	b) 15 days
c) 10 days	d) 7 days
(liv) Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948 doe	es not provide
a) Sickness Benefit	b) Unemployment Allowance
c) Children's' Allowance	d) Disablement Benefit
(lv) The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, and the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948	
a) If the Workmen's Compensation Act and the Maternity Benefit Act are applicable, the Employees' State Insurance Act is not applicable.	b) The Maternity Benefit Act and the Employees' State Insurance Act can be applicable at a time.
c) The Workmen's Compensation Act and the Employees' State Insurance Act can be applicable at a time.	d) Together can be applicable.
(lvi) Legislations in India is governed by a tripa representatives of labour, management and Gov	_
a) Industrial Disputes Act	b) ESI Act
c) Maternity Benefit Act	d) Payment of Bonus Act
	ge wages up to ting employees' share of ESI
contribution.	
a) Rs. 70	b) Rs. 50
c) Rs. 100	d) Rs. 384.60
(lviii) For physically disabled persons, minimum Benefits is	m wage limit for availing ESIC

a) 15,000/-		b) 20,000/-
c) 25,000/-		d) 50,000/-
(lix) Name of	legislatio	ns has been recently changed.
a) Workmen's Compensati	ion Act	b) Employees' State Insurance Act
c) Maternity Benefit Act		d) Payment of Gratuity Act
(lx) In which year Industrial D	oisputes Act	had been enacted?
a) 1946		b) 1948
c) 1947		d) 1936