

## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

## Term End Examination 2020 - 21

**Programme – Master of Business Administration** Course Name - Performance Management System Course Code - HR304

Semester / Year - Semester III

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60

Time allotted: 75 Minutes	Full Marks	: (
	tes full marks. Candidates are required to give the rown words as far as practicable.]	ir
	Group-A	
(Mu	ltiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 60=6	0
1. (Answer any Sixty)		
(i) Which of these is the main purp	ose of employee assessment?	
a) Making correct decisions	b) To effect promotions based on	
c) Establish job expectations	d) Job Evaluation	
(ii) How performance appraisal caradvantage?	n contribute to a firm's competitive	
a) Ensures legal compliances	b) Minimizing job dissatisfaction ar turnover	ıd
c) Improves performance	d) All of these	
(iii) Steps involves in employer's n	novement for performance management is	
a) total quality	b) appraisal issues	
c) strategic planning	d) all of these	
(iv) What is linked with performan	ce appraisal?	
a) Job Design	b) Development	
c) Job analysis	d) None of these	
(v) Successful defenders use perform	rmance appraisal for identifying	
a) Staffing needs	h) Ioh behaviour	

c) Training needs	d) None of these
(vi) Which of the following option is a compon	ent of remuneration?
a) Fringe Benefits	b) Commitment
c) External equity	d) Motivation
(vii) Who introduced the theory MBO?	
a) Peter Drucker	b) Peter Jones
c) R H Schaffer	d) Douglas McGregor
(viii) Which of the following is a feature of Per	formance Management
a) Skills	b) Expectations
c) Autonomy	d) Feedback
(ix) Control theory focuses attention on	
a) feedback as a means of shaping behaviour	b) performance as a means of shaping behaviour
c) control as a means of shaping behaviour	d) pay as a means of shaping behaviour
(x) While managing the performance of teams a	and individuals, we consider
a) Behaviour only	b) Results only
c) Either behaviour or results	d) Both behaviour or results
(xi) Performance is influenced by	
a) The learners	b) The learner's managers
c) The organization	d) All of these
(xii) Performance is a function of	
a) ability + motivation	b) ability × motivation
c) ability/motivation	d) None of these

(XIII) Which of these is a consequence of	pay dissatisfaction?
a) Strikes	b) Grievances
c) Turnover	d) Job dissatisfaction
(xiv) Income protection programmes incl	ude:
a) Medical insurance	b) Pension plan
c) Social security	d) All of these
(xv) is given to employees in excha focuses on positions and duties, rather that	_
a) Contingent pay	b) Base pay
c) Cost of living adjustment	d) Short term incentive
(xvi) Rearrange the steps involved in the Setting the performance standard for the goals and new strategies C. The actual legoals	subordinates B. Establishing new
a) ABCD	b) DCBA
c) BCDA	d) DACB
(xvii) The focuses of psychological appra	aisals are on
a) Future potential	b) Actual performance
c) Past performance	d) None of these
(xviii) What does the Delphi technique us	se to do the forecasting?
a) Personal needs	b) Organizational needs
c) Social needs	d) All of these
(xix) Match the following objectives and Management Relations II. Organisational Employee Relations IV. Personal D. Asse	B. Compensation III. Societal C. essment
a) I-D, II-C, III-A, IV-B	b) I-C, II-D, III-A, IV-B

c) I-B, II-C, III-D, IV-A	
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d) I-B, II-C, III-A, IV-D

(xx) Online and face to face feedback about goal's progress is

a) direction sharing

- b) goal alignment
- c) ongoing performance monitoring
- d) ongoing feedback

(xxi) An evaluation process of employee's performance, in comparison to set standards is called

a) performance appraisal

b) performance design

c) performance management

d) counselling

(xxii) PM system information is necessary for the implementation of which of the following HR function(s)?

a) Workforce planning

b) Training

c) Recruitment and selection

d) All these

(xxiii) Which company first developed the 360-degree system of appraisal?

a) Wipro in 1990

- b) Godrej Soaps in 1991
- c) General Electric, US in 1992
- d) None of these

(xxiv) Which of these is an advantage of the critical incidents methods while performing performance appraisal?

a) Minimize inventory costs

- b) Negative incidents are generally more noticeable than positive ones
- c) Evaluation is based on actual job
- d) None of these

behaviour

(xxv) Planning of Performance requires:

- a) Translating the job description into objectives and measures
- b) Setting aligned KPA's and Objectives
- c) Defining a development plan for employees
- d) Both Setting aligned KPA's and Objectives and Defining a development

## plan for employees

(xxvi) Higher-level managers usually spend mo management functions:	st of their time on these two
a) Planning and organizing	b) Leading and controlling
c) Leading and organizing	d) None of these
(xxvii) Which method is used for evaluating the supervisory positions?	e performance of executives or
a) Psychological Appraisals	b) Assessment Centres
c) Behaviorally Anchored Rating Scales	d) 360-degree feedback
(xxviii) Analyzers tend to emphasize both extensive training programmes.	and employee
a) Skill building and skill acquisition	b) Current performance and past performance
c) Strategy and behaviour	d) None of these
(xxix) Performance information is used for	
a) decision-making	b) setting organizational goals
c) job evaluation	d) none of these
(xxx) Employers generally use feedback to	
a) Employee development	b) avoid central tendency and biases
c) rank someone	d) hire the employee
(xxxi) Performance planning takes into account	the activities EXCEPT
<ul> <li>a) Clear objectives and performance standards are agreed</li> </ul>	b) Methods of measuring performance
c) assessing levels of competence are agreed	d) none of these

(xxxii) SMART criteria of an objective indicate	,
a) specific, measurable, achievable, rational and time bound	b) specific, measurable, attainable, realistic and time bound
c) specific, measurable, admissible, realistic and time bound	d) systematic, measurable, attainable, realistic and time bound
(xxxiii) Performance Management aims	
a) The activity where a line manager sets objectives for his/her staff	b) To develop punitive steps to address poor performance
c) To ensure all stakeholder requirements will be met	d) To comply with the requirements of HR
(xxxiv) Benefits of a good PM system can inclu	nde:
a) An effective HR Department	b) Reduced labour costs
c) Improved pay	d) Focused development
(xxxv) Maintaining performance includes	
a) Checking up staff to ensure they perform optimally	b) Provide coaching and training where gaps exist
c) Disciplining poor performance	d) Both Provide coaching and training where gaps exist and Disciplining poor performance
(xxxvi) A Manager at the first level of manager	nent is known as a
a) Top Executive	b) Middle manager
c) Assembly- line worker	d) Supervisor

(xxxvii) 'Performance appraisals assume that the employee understood what

b) incorrect

d) all of these

his or her performance standards were' - the statement is

c) neither correct nor incorrect

a) correct

(xxxviii) Which of the following enables supervisors to oversee the amount of computerized data an employee is processing each day?		
a) computerized performance appraisal system	•	
c) digitized high-performance work centre	d) electronic performance monitoring system	
(xxxix) Performance appraisal measurement m employees are assessed instead of all other cha		
a) behavioral rating approach	b) management by objectives	
c) combination method	d) critical incident method	
(xl) Which performance appraisal tool is being predetermined percentage of ratees into various		
a) behaviorally anchored rating scale	b) graphic ranking scale	
c) alternation ranking	d) forced distribution	
(xli) Advantage of 'BARS' system is		
a) simple to use	b) avoids central tendency and biases	
c) ends up with predetermined rating figures	d) providing behavioral anchors	
(xlii) The disadvantage of 'forced distribution r	nethod' is	
a) difficult to develop	b) cause of disagreements	
c) time consuming	d) ranking is based on employer's cutoff points	
(xliii) Which of the following is an essential pr	rerequisite of MBO?	
a) Joint goal-setting	b) Mid-term review	
c) Developing reviews	d) all of these	
(xliv) When each job is individually compared	with every other in the	

organization, it is called	
a) Ranking method	b) Factor comparison method
c) Paired comparison method	d) Point ranking method
(xlv) Performance appraisal measurement error distort results of rating is classified as	, in which prejudices of rater
a) rater bias	b) halo effect
c) contrast error	d) sampling error
(xlvi) The disadvantage of graphic rating scale	is
a) the halo effect	b) central tendency
c) bias	d) all of these
(xlvii) Shyam, the supervisor of the manufactur firm, is in the process of evaluating his staff's per that 15% of the group will be identified as high average performers, 30% as average performers performers, and 15% as poor performers. Which he chosen to use?	erformance. He has determined performers, 20% as above s, 20% as below average h performance appraisal tool has
a) behaviorally anchored rating scale	b) management by objectives
c) forced distribution	d) alternation ranking
(xlviii) Forced distribution refers to an appraisa	l method, which
a) is based on progress made toward the accomplishment of measurable goals	b) combines the benefits of narratives, critical incidents, and quantified scales by assigning scale points with specific examples of good or poor performance
c) requires that the supervisor keep a log of positive and negative examples of a subordinate's work-related behavior	d) requires a supervisor to evaluate performance by assigning predetermined percentages of those being rated into performance categories
(xlix) With the method, the supe	ervisor keeps a log of positive

and negative examples of a subordinate's work-related behavior		
a) alternation ranking	b) forced distribution	
c) narrative forms	d) critical incident	
(l) All of the following are advantages of using appraising performance except that	the critical incident method for	
<ul> <li>a) it provides examples of good performance</li> </ul>	b) it does not include a numerical rating	
c) provides examples of poor performance	d) it reflects performance from throughout the appraisal period	
(li) The first step in developing a behaviorally	anchored rating scale is to	
a) develop performance dimensions	b) generate critical incidents	
c) reallocate incidents	d) scale incidents	
(lii) The methodology of 360-degree takes on t	he order of	
<ul><li>a) Data processing - Rating—Feedback - Action</li></ul>	b) Rating - Data processing - Feedback - Action	
c) Feedback – Rating - Data processing –Action	d) Rating- Feedback - Data processing – Action	
(liii) Resolving conflict between reviewers and problem of	the people they review' is a	
a) Performance management	b) Performance system	
c) Performance review	d) Performance standard	
(liv) You are conducting an appraisal interview performance is satisfactory but for whom promincentive listed below would most likely be the maintaining satisfactory performance in this sit	otion is not possible. Which LEAST effective option for	
a) time off	b) small bonus	

c) compliments	d) professional development	
(lv) Which of the following terms refers to the process of allowing subordinates to rate their supervisor's performance anonymously?		
a) supplemental evaluation	b) upward feedback	
c) downward feedback	d) peer evaluation	
(lvi) is an objective assessment of an individual's performance against well-defined benchmarks.		
a) HR Planning	b) Information for goal identification	
c) Performance Appraisal	d) None of these	
(lvii) What is the alternate name for incentives	?	
a) Gratuity	b) Paid holidays	
c) Payment by results	d) Bonus	
(lviii) Jay is a conscientious employee, but he is viewed by most of his co- workers as unfriendly. Jason's supervisor rates him low on the traits "gets along well with others" and "quality of work." Which of the following problems has most likely affected Jason's performance appraisal?		
a) central tendency	b) leniency	
c) stereotyping	d) halo effect	
(lix) The goal of pre-retirement educational pro-	ograms is to	
a) Improve job satisfaction	b) Increase employee commitment	
c) Minimize medical claims from retirees	d) Ease the transition from working life to retirement	
(lx) Organizations put maximum effort in measuring performance of organizational people because		
a) It makes procedures cost effective	b) It helps in detecting the problems	
c) It assists in implementing new	d) It leads to product innovation	

technology