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BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2025-2026
Programme – B.Sc.(Ag)-Hons-2022/B.Sc.(Ag)-Hons-2023
Course Name – Intellectual Property Rights
Course Code - CC-BAG501
(Semester V)

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Full Marks : 50 **Time : 2:0 Hours**

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 20=20

1. *Choose the correct alternative from the following :*

(i) Show the correct answer: What does TRIPS stand for?

a) Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Systems
b) Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Systems
c) Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights
d) Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights

(ii) Infer, when was the TRIPS Agreement established?

a) 1990
b) 1994
c) 2000
d) 2000

(iii) Infer the correct answer: which organization oversees the TRIPS Agreement?

a) World Health Organization (WHO)
b) United Nations (UN)
c) World Trade Organization (WTO)
d) World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

(iv) Infer the correct answer: what is primary the aim of TRIPS?

a) Encourage international trade of intellectual property
b) Harmonize intellectual property laws globally
c) Promote fair competition among businesses
d) Regulate agricultural trade agreements

(v) Infer, which of the following is not a form of intellectual property covered by TRIPS?

a) Patents
b) Trademarks
c) Trade secrets
d) Human rights

(vi) Infer the correct answer, TRIPS requires member countries to provide a minimum level of protection for intellectual property rights for a duration of

a) 10 years
b) 20 years
c) 50 years
d) Varies depending on the type of intellectual property

(vii) The Doha Declaration on TRIPS and Public Health, adopted in 2001, was infered to:

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a) Strengthen intellectual property enforcement
b) Address concerns about the impact of TRIPS on public health
c) Expand the scope of TRIPS to cover new technologies
d) Promote bilateral trade agreements

(viii) TRIPS allows for the granting of compulsory licenses, which infers

a) Licenses granted without the authorization of the patent owner
b) Licenses granted without the authorization of the patent owner
c) Licenses granted without the authorization of the patent owner
d) Licenses granted for non-essential patents only

(ix) Infer the correct answer, TRIPS requires member countries to provide protection for undisclosed information, such as trade secrets, against:

a) Unauthorized access and disclosure
b) Unfair competition
c) Privacy violations
d) Public criticism and scrutiny

(x) Infer the correct answer, Which agreement does TRIPS form part of?

a) GATT
b) NAFTA
c) ASEAN
d) BRICS

(xi) Interpret the correct answer, What is a Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) application?

a) An international treaty to harmonize patent laws
b) An application to obtain a patent in multiple countries simultaneously
c) An application to extend the duration of a patent
d) An application for a utility model patent

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(xii) Interpret the correct answer, In India, what rights does a patent grant to the patent holder?

a) Right to use, sell, or license the invention
b) Right to prevent others from making, using, or selling the invention
c) Right to publish the invention without restriction
d) Right to publish the invention without restriction

(xiii) Show the correct answer, What is a Geographical Indication (GI)?

a) A sign used to identify products from a specific country
b) A name or sign used on certain products which correspond to a specific geographical location or origin
c) A patent granted for unique geographical features
d) A brand logo used for global marketing

(xiv) Show the correct answer, What does a Geographical Indication (GI) indicate?

a) Quality and characteristics of the product
b) Brand ownership of the product
c) Market demand for the product
d) Production cost of the product

(xv) Show the correct answer, Which organization administers Geographical Indications (GIs) in India?

a) World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)
b) United Nations (UN)
c) Geographical Indications Registry, India
d) World Trade Organization (WTO)

(xvi) Show the correct answer, Which of the following is an example of a Geographical Indication (GI)?

a) Coca-Cola
b) Swiss Chocolate
c) Apple Inc.
d) Nike shoes

(xvii) Show the correct answer, What are Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)?

a) Rights related to intellectual thinking
b) Rights related to intangible creations of the human mind
c) Rights to physical properties
d) Rights to real estate

(xviii) Show the correct answer, Which of the following is not a type of Intellectual Property Right (IPR)?

a) Trademark
b) Patent
c) Real estate
d) Copyright

(xix) Show the correct answer, What does a patent grant?

a) Exclusive rights to use, make, sell, or license an invention for a limited period
b) Exclusive rights to reproduce literary, musical, or artistic works
c) Exclusive rights to use a distinctive sign or symbol for a product or service
d) Exclusive rights to brand a geographic location

(xx) Show the correct answer, What does a trademark protect?

a) Inventions and discoveries
b) Original works of authorship
c) Distinctive names, symbols, and slogans used to identify goods or services
d) Designs of useful articles

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions) 2.5 x 10=25

2. Discuss protection of traditional knowledge. (2.5)
3. Discuss what does the Biodiversity Act - 2002 primarily address? (2.5)
4. Infer, what is Intellectual Property? (2.5)
5. Infer the definition of copyright. (2.5)
6. Infer, who is an author? (2.5)
7. Infer, what does copyright cover? (2.5)
8. Explain, who benefits from a trade mark? (2.5)
9. Explain the definition of trade secrets. (2.5)
10. Explain the aim of the PPV & FR Act. (2.5)
11. Explain the duration of protection of a registered plant variety. (2.5)

OR

Explain who can apply for the registration of a plant variety. (2.5)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions) 5 x 1=5

12. Discuss in brief the trade secrets protection in India. (5)

OR

Discuss the main aim of the PPV & FR Act. (5)

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