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BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

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Brainware University
398, Ramkrishnapur Road, Barasat
Kolkata, West Bengal-700125

Term End Examination 2025-2026
Programme – BBA(HM)-Hons-2023
Course Name – Medical Ethics and Legal Aspects of Healthcare
Course Code - BHM50113
(Semester V)

Full Marks : 60 **Time : 2:30 Hours**

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 15=15

1. *Choose the correct alternative from the following :*

(i) Choose the correct principle of "non-maleficence" means:
a) Doing good b) Doing no harm
c) Providing justice d) Maintaining confidentiality

(ii) Show the authority that can cancel a doctor's registration due to misconduct is:
a) Police b) Judiciary
c) Medical Council of India d) Consumer Court

(iii) Which of the following shows vicarious liability in a hospital?
a) Doctor working independently b) Lab technician using wrong report
c) Patient committing mistake d) Hospital held liable for nurse's error

(iv) Where can we find the law of contract in India?
a) Indian Penal Code b) Indian Contract Act, 1872
c) Constitution of India d) Companies Act

(v) Why is legality of object relevant in a contract?
a) To ensure profits b) To comply with the law
c) To increase market share d) To avoid taxes

(vi) Classify an essential element of a contract:
a) Offer and acceptance b) Legal object
c) Writing of the contract d) Payment of the contract price

(vii) Interpret free consent in a contract.
a) Consent must be given voluntarily, without any pressure b) One party must force the other party to agree
c) Consent must be implied from conduct d) Consent is not necessary for the validity of the contract

(viii) Where does Law originates?
a) Public opinion b) Judiciary and legislature
c) Hospitals d) Religious texts

(ix) Choose the main basis for Legal rules.

a) Customs
b) Moral values
c) Enforceable principles backed by punishment
d) Hospital policies

(x) Infer the document that affirms a physician's responsibility to humanity over laws.

a) Consumer Protection Act
b) MCI Code of Ethics
c) Declaration of Geneva
d) Clinical Establishment Act

(xi) Which act regulates organ transplantation in many countries (e.g., India)?

a) Consumer Protection Act
b) NDPS Act
c) Human Organ Transplantation Act
d) Right to Information Act

(xii) Show the valid legal age for giving informed consent in medical practice (in most countries).

a) 10 years
b) 14 years
c) 16 years
d) 18 years

(xiii) Consent is not required in which of the following?

a) Emergency surgery
b) Elective surgery
c) Medical research
d) Blood transfusion

(xiv) Show the applicability of Consumer Protection Act.

a) Free services in government hospitals
b) Paid services in private clinics
c) Only insurance companies
d) Only pharmacists

(xv) Show the correct aim of The Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (PCPNDT) Act -

a) Promote IVF techniques
b) Prevent illegal abortions
c) Regulate stem cell therapy
d) Prohibit sex selection

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Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions) 3 x 5=15

2. What are the different ethical considerations involved in the Medical Termination of Pregnancy? (3)
3. What steps should be taken when a healthcare professional is involved in a medico-legal case? (3)
4. Develop the essential elements required to form a valid medical contract under the Contract Act. (3)
5. Summarize the legal consequences of practicing medicine without a license. (3)
6. Evaluate the role of the Appropriate Authority in the implementation of the PCPNDT Act. (3)

OR

Explain the Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions) 5 x 6=30

7. Discover the rights of women under the MTP Act. (5)
8. Compare the difference between civil law, criminal law, and administrative law. (5)
9. Explain breach of contract. (5)
10. Develop a structured plan for raising awareness about patient rights under the Consumer Protection Act. (5)
11. How do legal duties and ethical responsibilities of a doctor intersect and sometimes conflict? (5)
12. Evaluate in detail the structure and jurisdiction of Consumer Redressal Agencies. (5)

OR

Explain the conditions under which pregnancy can be legally terminated under the MTP Act. (5)

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