



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2022
Programme – MBA(HM)-2022
Course Name – Health Environment
Course Code - MBAHM103
(Semester I)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own

words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 15=15

- Choose the correct alternative from the following :
- (i) What is called for the phenomenon when the radiation absorbed by the atmosphere is reradiated towards the surface of the Earth?
 - a) Smog b) Newton effect
 - c) Darwin effect d) Greenhouse effect
- (ii) Under the PFA Act, when is the food said to be adulterated
 - a) if any ingredient is injurious to health
- b) if it is obtained from a diseased animal
- c) if spices are sold without their essence
- d) all of these
- (iii) Why does the environmental pathways of chemicals has to be found in exposure assessment?
 - a) To predict the source of discharge
- b) To estimate chemicals

c) Chemical analysis

- d) To determine affected biota
- (iv) How do pollutants reach humans?
 - a) By external factors

- b) By internal factors
- c) Pollutants never reach to humans
- d) There is nothing called pollutants
- (v) Which one of the following is an effect due to environmental pollution for human health?
 - a) Increase in the male fertility

- b) Decrease in the carcinogen cells
- c) Decrease in the mental stress
- d) Decrease in the male fertility
- (vi) Which one of the following is not among the three R's to save the environment.
 - a) Reduce

b) Recover

c) Recycle

- d) Reuse
- (vii) 'Green Accounting' means measuring the National Income of the country taking into account estimation of
 - a) the total forest area of the country
- b) the destruction of forest cover of the country
- c) pollution and environmental damage
- d) area of reclaimed fallow land
- (viii) The different ways a person can come into contact with hazardous chemicals are called

| (ix) | a) Exposure pathwaysc) Chemical pathwaysThe severity of toxic exposure on an individual de | b) Toxic pathways d) Hazard pathways enends on | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | a) Age and healthc) Dose and susceptibilityPurpose of Phase-3 trial is | b) Genetics d) Diet | |
| () | a) To determine maximum tolerated dose in humans, Pharmacodynamics effects, Adverse effect. | b) Determine Possible therapeutic uses, Effective doses range | |
| (xi) | c) Efficacy and Safety of drug in longer number of patients (500 patients) If drug is so colored, coated or polished that dam appear of better or greater therapeutic value that | | eting |
| (xii) | a) Adulterated Drugc) Misbranded DrugWhen did Forest Conservation Act, 1980, come in | b) Spurious Drug d) True Drug | |
| (xiii) | a) 01 April 1986c) 01 May 1986Food adulteration is described as the activity of a ingredients by introducing a few compounds together. | | |
| (xiv) | a) Adulterantsc) NutrientsWhat is the first step in development of dose-res | b) Decomposed d) Consumption ponse relationship curve? | |
| (xv) | a) Toxicological end pointc) Start pointWhich one of the following cause harm to human | b) End point d) Intermediate point health? | |
| | a) Organic farmingc) Using solar vehicles | b) Using of pesticidesd) Protecting forests | |
| | Grou (Short Answer Ty | | 3 x 5=15 |
| 2. How can we improve environmental health? 3. Identify major water-borne infectious diseases 4. Identify the role of food quality. 5. Discuss health disparity issues. 6. Explain global warming? OR | | | (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) |
| Co | ompare and contrast risk management versus risk | | (3) |
| | Grou (Long Answer Ty | | 5 x 6=30 |
| 8. [9. (10. \ 11. \ | Define Internal Contamination, External Contamination, External Contamination, External Contamination, External Contamination, Carbon monoxide is more dangerous than carbon of What is green house effect? Which gas is mainly rewhat are the harmful effects of ozone layer deplets the doctory of the control o | dioxide. Why? sponsible for global warming? | (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) |

| What is the most effective methods of detecting adulterated food? | (5) |
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