



## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

## Term End Examination 2022 Programme – M.Sc.(AM)-2020/M.Sc.(AM)-2022 Course Name – Digital Image Making Course Code - MMM102 ( Semester I )

Full Marks: 60

Time: 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own

words as far as practicable.]

## Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :
- (i) Which compositional technique uses lines to bring the viewer into, out of, and around the photograph? Select the correct option.

a) Rule of Thirds

b) Filling the Frame

c) Leading Lines

- d) Diffused Background
- (ii) The rule of thirds divides up the image into thirds. Select the correct option.

a) Vertically

b) Horizontally

c) Both horizontally and vertically

- d) Diagonally
- (iii) Photography began with the \_\_\_\_\_\_.Select the correct option.

a) Camera Obscura

b) DSLR

c) Point and shoot camera

d) BROWNIE

(iv) Differentiate - Narrow Aperture and wide Aperture

a) F/1.8 - F/18

b) F/12.5 - F/25

c) F/3.6 - F/28

d) F/36 - F/2.8

(v) Predict the following statement - Increasing ISO Value means

a) ALLOWING LIGHT

b) DECREASING DOF

c) CREATING MOTION BLUR

d) CREATE HDR IMAGES

(vi) Summerize how to compensate the Exposure

a) BALANCING APERTURE

b) BALANCING ISO

c) BALANCING SHUTTER SPEED

d) ALL OF THESE

(vii) DSLR stands for Select the correct option.

a) Digital Single Lens Reflex

b) Digital Single Lens Reflector

c) Digital Single Lens Reflection

d) None of the above

(viii) Which one of the following is NOT an advantage of a 'Prime' Lens? Choose the correct option.

(iv	<ul><li>a) Versatility between focal lengths</li><li>c) Super sharp images</li><li>Explain the function of fisheye lens.</li></ul>	b) No optical distortion d) Excellent lens quality	
	<ul><li>a) A super wide lens</li><li>c) A normal lens</li><li>Which lens gives you the widest view? Choos</li></ul>	b) A wide lens d) A telephoto lens se the correct option	
	<ul><li>a) 18mm</li><li>c) 50mm</li><li>A three-footed stand often used to balance a</li></ul>	b) 28mm d) 100mm	
(xii	<ul><li>a) Tripod</li><li>c) Monopod</li><li>) A small screen on the back of a digital camer take them without looking through the viewf</li></ul>		
(xiii	<ul><li>a) Lens</li><li>c) Viewfinder</li><li>) Which shutter speed lets in more light?</li></ul>	b) LCD Display d) Camera body	
(xiv	a) 1/30 c) 1/400 ) The ISO setting is decided by:	b) 1/60 d) 1/1000.	
(xv	<ul><li>a) How much light is available.</li><li>c) The length of your lens</li><li>) Photography comes from the Greek words Pl Select the correct option.</li></ul>	<ul><li>b) The Color of your light source.</li><li>d) None of these</li><li>HOTOS and GRAPHS. What does it mean?</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>a) Light modelling</li><li>c) Light texture</li></ul>	<ul><li>b) Light picture</li><li>d) None of them.</li></ul>	
		roup-B er Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
<ol> <li>Define the function of the Zoom lens.</li> <li>Define the Block or Prime lens.</li> <li>Illustrate how to compose a light trail.</li> <li>Define Focal length.</li> <li>Describe the term AF &amp; MF . How it works.</li> </ol> OR			(3) (3) (3) (3)
I	lustrate how to compose a light trail.	OK .	(3)
		roup-C er Type Questions)	5 x 6=30
8. 9. 10. 11.	Define Camera Obscura.  Explain the function of the Telephoto Lens.  Describe Composition.  Differentiate the effect of GND & CPL filter on a Explain, while shooting Macro photography when Explain different white balance in your camera	nat are the factors will you consider .  OR	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)
	Explain Exposure Triangle. How will you apply in players are playing football in a playground, pa		(5)

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