



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2022 Programme – M.Tech.(CSE)-AIML-2022 Course Name – Advanced Algorithm Course Code - PCC-MCSM101 (Semester I)

Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A (Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 15=15 Choose the correct alternative from the following: (i) What procedure is being followed in Floyd Warshall Algorithm? a) Top down b) Bottom up c) Big bang d) Sandwich (ii) Compute What will be the chromatic number for an empty graph having n vertices? b) 1 a) 0 c) 2 d) n (iii) What is the space complexity of the above dynamic programming implementation of the matrix chain problem? a) O(1) b) O(n) c) $O(n^2)$ d) $O(n^3)$ (iv) Identify Which one of the following is an application of the backtracking algorithm? a) Finding the shortest path b) Finding the efficient quantity to shop c) Ludo d) Crossword (v) What is the time complexity of the above dynamic programming implementation of the matrix chain problem? a) O(1) b) O(n) c) O(n²) d) $O(n^3)$ (vi) Which of the following is not the algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree of the given graph? a) Boruvka's algorithm b) Prim's algorithm

(vii) Of the following given options, evaluate which one of the following does not provides an

d) Bellman-Ford algorithm

c) Kruskal's algorithm

	optimal solution for 8-queens problem?				
(viii)	a) (5,3,8,4,7,1,6,2) c) (4,1,5,8,6,3,7,2) Calculating the chromatic number of a graph is a	b) (1,6,3,8,3,2,4,7) d) (6,2,7,1,4,8,5,3)			
	a) P problem c) NP complete problem	b) NP hard problemd) cannot be identified as any of the given problem types	1		
(ix)	The time complexity of the solution tower of hand	·			
(x)	a) O(n2)c) O(n log n)(Determine Which algorithm is used to solve a ma	b) O(2n) d) O(n) ximum flow problem?			
(xi)	a) Prim's algorithmc) Dijkstra's algorithmIdentify which of the following is/are property/pr problem?	b) Kruskal's algorithm d) Ford-Fulkerson algorithm operties of a dynamic programming			
	a) Optimal substructure C) Greedy approach	b) Overlapping sub problemsd) Both optimal substructure and overlapping sub problems	ping		
(xii)	In dynamic programming, name the technique of is called	•			
(xiii)	a) Saving value propertyc) MemorizationDefine the recursive solution of tower of hanoi prefollowing algorithm?	b) Storing value property d) Mapping n of tower of hanoi problem is an example of which of the			
(xiv)	a) Dynamic programmingc) Greedy algorithmExpress What is an in-place sorting algorithm?	b) Backtracking d) Divide and conquer			
	a) It needs O(1) or O(logn) memory to create auxiliary locations	b) The input is already sorted and in-place	<u>;</u>		
(xv)	c) It requires additional storage Describe What happens when the backtracking a	d) None of the mentioned gorithm reaches a complete solution?			
	a) It backtracks to the root	b) It continues searching for other possibl solutions	e		
	c) It traverses from a different route	d) Recursively traverses through the same	route		
	Grou (Short Answer Ty		3 x 5=15		
2. Cl	assify different types of algorithm on the basis of th	eir features.	(3)		
3. Co	onstruct a recursion tree for Quick Sort algorithm.		(3)		
ca va	thief, with a knapsack, can steal n items. Each item Ii has pacity of the knapsack is W. Develop an algorithm which lues. Perform your algorithm over the given set of values wen the Knapsack weight $W=100$	fills the knapsack with the maximum possible	1 (3)		

(3)

5. Distinguish among Prim's and Kruskal Algorithm

OR

	(5)
6. Justify that Fractional knapsack is more useful than 0/1 Knapsack.	(3)
OR	, ,
Propose an example to define Clique Decision Problem (CDP).	(3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

(5)

(3)

- 7. You are given a knapsack that can carry a maximum weight of 60. There are 4 items with weights {20, 30, 40, 70} and values {70, 80, 90, 200}. Determine the maximum value of the items you can carry using the knapsack?
- 8. Illustrate the KMP algorithm for string matching problem and define the time complexity of it. (5)
- 9. Distinguish among Dynamic programming and Greedy approach with examples.
- 10. Define time complexity and the methods to measure it. (5)
- 11. Compare different algorithmic technique using following criterias: Time, space, merits, demerits (5)
- 12. Evaluate the minimum cost to travel from one city to another using TSP: (5)

	\mathbf{C}_1	C_2	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅
Cı	00	2	5	7	1
C ₂	6	00	3	8	2
C ₃	8	7	00	4	7
C ₄	12	4	6	80	5
C ₅	1	3	2	8	8

Conclude that Graph colouring problem is NP Complete.

OR

Deduce that average case time complexity of quick sort is O(nlogn) (5)
