



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2022

Programme – B.Tech.(ECE)-2019/B.Tech.(ECE)-2020

Course Name – Digital Signal Processing

Course Code - PCC-EC504

(Semester V)

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Brainware University
Barasat, Kolkata -700125

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

(i) If all the poles of the system function $H(z)$ have magnitude smaller than 1, then the system will be categorized as,

- a) stable
- b) unstable
- c) BIBO stable
- d) stable and BIBO Stable

(ii) The linear phase realization structure is used to explain,

- a) FIR systems
- b) IIR systems
- c) FIR and IIR systems
- d) all discrete time systems

(iii) An analog signal $x_a(t) = 10\cos 200\pi t$. If sampling frequency is 150Hz, find an alias frequency corresponding to $F_s = 150\text{Hz}$

- a) 200 Hz
- b) 100 Hz
- c) 10 Hz
- d) 50 Hz

(iv) Select the correct statement for a chebyshev analog filter

- a) In type-1, the magnitude response is monotonic in passband and equiripple in stopband.
- b) In type-1, the magnitude response is monotonic in passband and stopband.
- c) In type-2, the magnitude response is equiripple in stopband and passband.
- d) In type-2, the magnitude response is monotonic in passband and equiripple in stopband.

(v) Select the characteristic/s of an ideal filter from the followings:

- a) Phase Response
- b) Zero gain in stop band
- c) Constant gain in passband
- d) All of these

(vi) In a signal $x(n)$, if 'n' is replaced by $\frac{n}{3}$, then it is defined as

- a) up sampling
- b) folded version
- c) down sampling
- d) shifted version

(vii) The interface between an analog signal and a digital processor is recognized as

- a) A/D converter
c) D/A converter
- b) Modulator
d) Demodulator
- (viii) The symmetric impulse response having even number of samples cannot be used to design
a) lowpass filter
c) highpass filter
- b) bandstop filter
d) bandpass filter
- (ix) The system $y_1(n) = x(-n-3)$ and $y_2(n) = \cos[x(n)]$ are expressed as
a) y_1 is BIBO stable, y_2 stable
c) y_1 is unstable, y_2 unstable
- b) y_1 is unstable, y_2 stable
d) cannot be defined
- (x) The system $y_1(n) = x(n) + 2x(n+3)$ and $y_2(n) = nx(n)$ are described as
a) y_1 is non causal, y_2 causal
c) y_1 is causal, y_2 causal
- b) y_1 is non causal, y_2 non causal
d) y_1 is causal, y_2 non causal
- (xi) The system $y(n) = \sin[x(n)]$ is indicated as
a) stable
c) unstable
- b) BIBO stable
d) none of these
- (xii) The process of conversion of continuous time signal into discrete time signal is recognized as
a) aliasing
c) convolution
- b) sampling
d) none of these
- (xiii) If z-transform of $x(n)$ is $X(z)$ then determine the value $x(-n)$ is,
a) $-X(z)$
c) $-X(z^{-1})$
- b) $X(-z)$
d) $X(z^{-1})$
- (xiv) If the z-transform of $x(n)$ is $X(z)$, then determine z-transform of $(0.5)^n x(n)$ is,
a) $X(0.5z)$
c) $X(2^{-1}z)$
- b) $X(0.5^{-1}z)$
d) $X(2z)$
- (xv) Determine The ROC of the signal $x(n) = a^n$ for $-5 < n < 5$ is,
a) entire z-plane
c) entire z-plane except $z=0$
- b) entire z-plane except $z=0$ and $z=\infty$
d) entire z-plane except $z=\infty$

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5 = 15

2. Differentiate between linear convolution and circular convolution. (3)
3. Determine the inverse Z-transform of the function, $X(z) = \frac{3+2z^{-1}+z^{-2}}{1-3z^{-1}+2z^{-2}}$ (3)
4. Write the procedure for design of low pass digital butterworth filter (3)
5. Using Z-transformation determine the convolution of two sequence: $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, -1, 0, 3\}$; $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, -1\}$ (3)
6. Calculate IDFT of $Y(K) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$ (3)

OR

Illustrate and proof multiplication property of z-transform

(3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6 = 30

7. The output $y(n)$ and the input $x(n)$ of a discrete time system are related by the equation $y(n) = nx(n)$. Identify whether the system is LTI or not. (5)
8. (5)

Determine the inverse Z-transform of $X(z) = \frac{1}{1-4.5z^{-1} + 3.5z^{-2}}$ a) if ROC: $|z| > 3.5$

b) if ROC: $|z| < 1.0$

9. In an LTI system the input $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and the impulse response $h(n) = \{-1, -1\}$. Evaluate the response of the LTI System by Radix2 DIT FFT. (5)

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10. Express the output of a linear time invariant discrete-time system as a convolution sum of the input signal $x[n]$ and the system impulse response function $h[n]$ and explain its properties. (5)

OR

$$y(n) = \cos[x(n)]$$

Illustrate whether or not the following system is LTI:

11. Calculate 8-point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$ using decimation in time radix-2 FFT algorithm (5)

OR

For the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 1, 0, 0, -1, -1, 0, 0\}$, determine the 8-point DFT. (5)

12. For the analog filter having transfer function $h(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)}$. Determine $H(z)$ using impulse invariance method. (5)

OR

Compare the Hamming and Blackman window. (5)
