

1 x 15=15



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2022 Programme – B.Sc.(MLT)-2019/B.Sc.(MLT)-2020 Course Name – Medical Mycology and Virology Course Code - BMLT503 (Semester V)

Full Marks : 60 Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A (Multiple Choice Type Question)

(i) Choose the fungi that is commonly found in moldy foods & can produce aflatoxin

 a) Stachybotrys chartarum
 b) Mucor spp
 c) Aspergillus flavus
 d) Rhizopus spp

 (ii) Choose the correct option with respect to Infection with dermatophyte

 a) Â intravenous drug abuse
 b) Â inhalation of the organism from contaminated bird feces

 c) adherence of the organism to perspiration moist skin
 (iii) The type of cell culture that is used to support viral replication as it can reproduce for

(iii) The type of cell culture that is used to support viral replication as it can reproduce for an extended number of generations is:

a) Primary cell culture

b) Continuous cell line

c) Cell strain

- d) Diploid fibroblast cell
- (iv) A person who pricked her finger in rose thorn later develops a local pustule that progresses to an ulcer. Several nodules then develop along the local lymphatic drainage. The most likely agent is

a) Aspergillus fumigatus

b) Sporothrix schenckii

c) Â Cryptococcus neoformans

- d) Candida albicans
- (v) The types of medically important fungal infection are

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following:

a) Superficial mycoses

b) Subcutaneous mycoses

c) Systemic Mycoses

d) All of these

(vi) The following is an example of Dimorphic fungi

a) Cryptococcus neoformans

b) Histoplasma capsulatum

c) Mucor racemosus

- d) Aspergillus niger
- (vii) State which of thr following is the most correct statement regarding the Deuteromycetes also known as fungi imperfecti
 - a) They are the causative agent of subcutaneous mycoses
- b) The sexual reproduction method is not clearly known
- c) They produce basidiospores through the
- d) None of the above

,	asexual reproduction method		
(viii	The yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae is most co	·	
	a) Wine	b) Orange juice	
/iv/\	c) Cheese State most common laboratory culture media	d) Sausages	
(IX)	,		
	a) Sabouraud dextrose agarc) Thayer Martin medium	b) Brain heart infusion agard) Cornmeal agar	
(x)	One of the routine microscopic laboratory ider	-	٩
(//)	by using	itineation methods of the rangins aon	
	a) 70% KOH mount	b) 50% H2O2	
	c) 10% KOH	d) Formalin	
(xi)	Select all the true statements about the harmf	ul fungi and their threat to be a deadl	У
	human pathogen in recent years		
	a) Majority of animals and organisms die from	b) Drug resistance to fungal infectio	n have
	deadly fungal pathogens	increased	
	c) Fungal infection is increasingly becoming a worrisome agricultural threat	d) All of the above	
(xii)	The WRONG statement on candidiasis is		
` ,	a) Isolation of Candida from blood does not	b)	
	always mean infection	b) Growth of 105 C.F.U/ml urine is s	ignificant
	c) Mycotic vaginitis in Saudi women is	d) In infected tissue the fungi will be	e only
,	common	budding yeast cells	
(XIII)	The viral genome is packaged into a structure		
	a) Protein	b) Lipid	
(xiv)	c) Fat Select the option that is the most common cap	d) Carbohydrate	
(XIV)	a) Cube	b) Rod	
	c) Cone	d) Icosahedron	
(xv)	The incubation period of Zika Virus is	,	
	a) 3-14 days	b) 2-7 days	
	c) 10-15 days	d) None of the above	
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	Gro u (Short Answer T	-	3 x 5=15
	(Short Allswei 1	ype Questions)	2 X 2-13
2 D	ifferentiate between Yeast & Mould		(3)
3. Explain the procedure of sample processing for obtaining clinical samples for KOH			(3)
	reparation for fungus determination	0	(-7
	ustrate the morphology of Candida albicans		(3)
5. Explain the process of replication of retroviruses inside a host cell			(3)
6. Ju	istify the reasons as why RT PCR is more reprod	ucible than classical PCR R	(3)
Jı	ustify the reasons contributing to the efficacy of		(3)
		2.00	(-)
	Grou	up-C	
	(Long Answer T	ype Questions)	5 x 6=30
	State the causes & treatment procedure for Histoplasmosis		(5)
	Distinguish between Oospore & Ascospore with suitable diagrams		(5) (5)
	9. Explain the procedure of bacteriophage Plaque Assay 10. Explain the structure of a typical bacteriophage with diagram		
11. Illustrate the pathogenesis of HIV			(5) (5)
	Compare & contrast between RT PCR and Rapid	test for corona virus detection	(5)
		R	
	Justify the efficacy of RIA in the detection of He		(5)
	Page	2 OT 3	
