



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22

Programme - Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science & Engineering - Artificial Intellige nce & Machine Learning

Course Name - Probability and Statistics Course Code - BSCM201

(Semester II)

Full Marks: 60 Time allotted: 1 Hrs.15 Min.

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

Choose the correct alternative from the following:

(1) If the third moment about mean	is zero	then the distribution	is:
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- a) Mesokurtic
- c) Symmetrical
- b) Positively Skewed
 - d) Negatively Skewed
- (2) For Mesokurtic curve of the distribution, β_2 is
 - a) 0
 - c) >3

- b) < 3
- d) = 3
- (3) The number of accidents in a city during 2010 is
 - a) Discrete variable
 - c) Qualitative variable
- 4) The variance of first n natural numbers is

- b) Continuous variable
- d) Constant
- b) $\frac{n^2-1}{10}$
- d) $\frac{n^2-1}{12}$
- (5) The correlation coefficient is used to determine:
 - a) A specific value of the y-variable given a specific valu e of the x-variable
 - c) The strength of the relationship between the x and y va
- b) A specific value of the x-variable given a specific val ue of the y-variable
- d) None of these
- (6) The mean of a distribution is 14 and the standard deviation is 5. What is the value of the coefficie nt of variation?
 - a) 60.4%

b) 48.3%

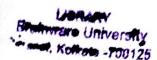
c) 35.7%

- d) 27.8%
- (7) The middle value of an ordered array of numbers is the

a) Mode	b) Mean
c) Median	d) Mid-point
(8) If the coefficient of determination is equal to	1, then the correlation coefficient
a) Must be equal to 1	b) Can be either -1 or +1
c) Can be any value between -1 and +1	d) Must be -1
(9) The most frequently occurring value of a data	set is called the
a) Mean	b) Median
c) Mode	d) Variance
(10) The value of any regression coefficient is zero, th	en two variables are
a) Dependent	b) Independent
c) Correlated	d) None of these.
(11) When regression line passes through the origin	n then
a) Regression coefficient is zero	b) Correlation is zero
c) Intercept is zero	d) Association is zero
(12) The sum of the deviations about the mean is a	
a) Range	b) Zero
c) Total Standard Deviation	d) Positive
(13) When b_{xy} is positive, then b_{yx} , will be	
a) Positive	b) Negative
c) Zero	d) One
(14) The data which have already been collected b	
a) Raw data	b) Array data
c) Secondary data	d) Fictitious data
(15) Type of cumulative frequency distribution in er is classified as:	which class intervals are added in top to bottom ord
a) variation distribution	b) less than type distribution
c) more than type distribution	d) marginal distribution
(16) 'less than type distribution' and 'more than typ	be distribution' are types of
a) class distribution	b) cumulative class distribution
c) cumulative frequency distribution	d) upper limit distribution
(17) Types of frequency distribution are	
a) 3	b) 4
c) 5	d) 2
(18) Total of frequency up to an upper class limit of	or boundary is known as
a) average frequency	b) cumulative frequency
c) frequency distribution	d) frequency polygon
	bar is proportional to number of items in each grou
a) pi chart	b) histogram
c) frequency distribution table	d) polygon
(20) The sum of frequencies for all classes will alw	ways equal
a) 1	b) the number of elements in data set
c) the number of classes	d) a number between 0 to 1
(21) The sum of the relative frequencies for all cla	
a) the sample size	b) the number of classes
c) one	d) larger than the sample size
Control of the Contro	그 이 그녀는 그를 하면 살아가는 그는 것이 없는 것을 하면 하면 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 되었다. 그렇게 되었다면 그렇게 되었다면 하는 것이다.

The following data show the number of hours worked by 200 statisti

Number of Hours	Students	
0 - 9	40	
10 - 19	50	
20 - 29	70	
30 - 39	40	



The class width for this distribution is

- a) 9
- c) 11

- b) 10
- d) Varies from class to class

(23)

The following data show the number of hours worked by 200 statist

Number of Hours	Students
0 - 9	40
10 - 19	50
20 - 29	70
30 - 39	40

The number of students working 19 hours or less is

- a) 40
- c) 90

- b) 50
- d) cannot be determined without the original data

(24)

The following data show the number of hours worked by 200 statis

Number of Hours		Students
	0 - 9	40
	10 - 19	50
	20 - 29	70
	30 - 39	40

The cumulative frequency for the class of 10-19

- a) 90
- c) 110

- b) 120
- d) 160

- (25) The grouped data is also called
 - a) Raw Data

b) Primary Data

c) Secondary data			d) Qualit	ative data			
(26) Which of these r	epresent qualita	tive data?					
a) Height of a student		b) Liking	b) Liking or disliking of (500) persons of a produc				
c) The income of a government servant in a city			d) Yield	from a wheat	plot		
(27) Which of the fol			servations?				
a) Mean		b) Median					
c) Mode			d) None		LIBRARY		
(28) Which of the fol	lowing is a mea	sure of central to			Eventurary Ontversely		
a) Percentile	iowing is a meas	sure of central to	b) Quart	ile	, NORS -107.23		
c) Standard Devia	tion			d) Mode			
(29) In a week the pri		. 250.2			The range is		
	ices of a bag of i	rice were 350, 2		0, 510, 500	6-12		
a) 60			b) 70				
c) 90			d) 100				
(30) Relation between		l H.M		CM HM			
a) A.M>G.M>H.M				G.M=H.M			
c) A.M <g.m<h.n< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>d) None</td><td></td><td></td></g.m<h.n<>			d) None				
(31) In a Binomial (nues of n and p ar	,p) distribution, e:	if its mean and	variance are 2 at	nd 16/9 respec	ctively, then the val		
a) 18,1/9			b) 16,1/9	b) 16,1/9			
c) 16,1/8			d) 18,1/3	2			
	c 1:1						
(32) The distribution	for which mean	and variance ar					
a) Poisson			b) Norma				
c) Binomial			d) Expor	епцаі			
(33) For the distr	ibution						
X	3	5	7	9			
	. 1	1	1	11			
$\mathbf{f_i}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	70			
if Y=3X+1 t	hen P(Y=22)	is					
			b) 1/5				
a) 1/2			d) 1/3				
c) 3/10	.1.1	. :£21		1 4 1 6	. Č.S1i.a		
(34) How many outcomes ants?	omes are possible	ie ii 3 new empi		selected from	a group of 5 applic		
a) 10				b) 12			
c) 15			d) 30				
(35) The variance of	a random variab	le x is					
a) $\{E(x)\}^2$			b) E(x ²)			
c) $E(x^2) - \{E(x)$	}2		d) None	of these			
(36) A bag of 45 mar selecting 12 from	bles contains 20 n the bag and ha	red, 15 blue, ar wing 3 red, 4 blue	nd 10 yellow. What we will yellow and 5 yellow	hat is the prob	pability of randomly		
a) 0.0		At Never 1	b) 0.058				

a) 0.0

(37) The mean of the binomial distribution is	d) 0.0136		
a) less than the variance	b) equal to its va	riance	
c) greater than its variance	d) greater than or equal to its variance		
(38) A set of all possible outcomes of an experiment i	s called		
a) Combination	b) Sample point	× 19-	
c) Sample space	d) Compound ev	vent	
(39) A coin is tossed .The events {H}, {T} are			
a) mutually exclusive	b) independent e		
c) dependent events	d) both mutually exclusive and dependen		
(40) If $P(A) = \frac{1}{3}$, $P(B) = \frac{1}{4}$, $P(A \cup B) = \frac{1}{2}$, then $P(A \cup B) = \frac{1}{2}$, then $P(A \cup B) = \frac{1}{2}$	(B / A) is		
a) 3/4	b) 4/3		
c) 1/4	d) 1/3	LIBRARY	
(41) If for a random variable X, $Var(X) = 1$, then I	Var(2X+3) is	Stationary University	
a) 1	b) 2		
© c) 4	d) None of these		
(42) The probability $P(a \le X \le b)$ (where $F(x)$ is the variable X) is defined by	e distribution function o	of the random	
a) $F(b)-F(a)$	b) $F(b)+F(a)$		
c) $F(a)-F(b)$	d) F(a) F(b)		
$\sqrt{\frac{8}{3}}$. The values of n and p are (where n and p are distribution)	the parameters of the p	probability	
a) 11,3/4	b) 12,2/7		
a) 11,3/4 c) 12,1/3	b) 12,2/7 d) 11,4/3		
c) 12,1/3			
c) 12,1/3		A)P(B)	
c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if	d) 11,4/3	A)P(B)	
c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A \cup B) = P(A)P(B)	d) 11,4/3 b) $P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B)$ d) None of these	A)P(B)	
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.4, P(A∪B) = 0.6 then A and B are mutually exclusive 	d) $11,4/3$ b) $P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B)$ d) None of these and B are		
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.4, P(A∪B) = 0.6 then A are mutually exclusive c) exhaustive 	d) $11,4/3$ b) $P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B)$ d) None of these		
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.4, P(A∪B) = 0.6 then A and a) mutually exclusive c) exhaustive (46) The probability of any event A satisfies 	 d) 11,4/3 b) P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B) =		
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.4, P(A∪B) = 0.6 then A and a) mutually exclusive c) exhaustive (46) The probability of any event A satisfies a) P(A)≥1 	 d) 11,4/3 b) P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B) =		
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.4, P(A∪B) = 0.6 then A and a) mutually exclusive c) exhaustive (46) The probability of any event A satisfies 	 d) 11,4/3 b) P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B) =		
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.4, P(A∪B) = 0.6 then A and a) mutually exclusive c) exhaustive (46) The probability of any event A satisfies a) P(A)≥1 	 d) 11,4/3 b) P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B) =	each other	
 c) 12,1/3 4) Two even A and B are mutually exclusive if a) P(A∪B)=P(A)P(B) c) P(A∩B)=0 (45) If P(A)=0.2,P(B)=0.4,P(A∪B)=0.6 then A and a) mutually exclusive c) exhaustive (46) The probability of any event A satisfies a) P(A)≥1 c) 0≤P(A)≤1 	 d) 11,4/3 b) P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B) =	each other	

(48) One card is drawn from a pack of 52 cards. The pro	bability which is either king or queen is
(48) One card is drawn now 4	b) 3/13
a) 1/13	d) 4/13
c) 2/13 (49) An unbiased die is rolled. The probability that an oc	ld point or six will appear on the top of the di
(49) An unblased die is folled. The production	
e is	b) 1/3
a) 1/2	d) None of these
c) 2/3 (50) A bag contains five red and four black balls. Two ba	
they match is	
a) 2/9	b) 4/9
c) 5/9	d) 7/9
(51) The probability that A passes a test is $\frac{2}{3}$ and the pro-	bability that B passes a test is $\frac{1}{5}$. The
probability that one of them passes is	
	b) 17/15
a) 4/5	d) 5/9
c) 3/5	
(52) 50 tickets are serially numbered 1 to 50. One ticket	is drawn nom these de fancient and p
ty of it being a multiple of 3 or 4 is	b) 6/25
a) 12/25	d) 7/25
c) 18/25	d) 1125
(53) In rolling two fair die, the probability of getting equis	
a) 5/6	b) 1/6
2) 3/1	d) 3/6
(54) One number is selected at random from 1 to 100. Th	ne probability that it is a perfect square is
a) 3/7	b) 5/7
c) 1	d) 1/7
	Makey Authorate
(55) If $P(X=x) = \frac{x}{21}$ for $x=1,2,,6$, then $P(X=2 \text{ or } 3)$ is	gramma - 11.25
=0,elsewhere	10.00
	b) 3/21
a) 2/21	d) 5/21
c) 4/21	
(56) A random variable X has the following p	$f(x) = \frac{1}{1}$, $-2 < x < 2$
A random variable X has the following p	=0, elsewhere
	=0, elsewhere
X 1	b) 1/2
a) 1	d) 3/4
c) 1/4	
(57) The mean of Binomial distribution $B(n, p)$	(where it and p are the number of
probability of success) is	
a) <i>n</i>	b)
$\frac{\overline{p}}{p}$	0
	A) 1
c) np	d) 1
(58) The mean of a Poisson distribution with p	parameter μ is
a) <i>µ</i>	b)
Page (o ot /
	기계수 하는 전 명하는 것이 모든 지역에 가장하는 그리고 있는 것이다.

 μ^2

0 - 4

d) - μ^2

- (59) Var(2X+3)=?
 - a) 2Var(X)

b) 4Var(X)

c) 2Var(X)+3

- d) None of these .
- (60) The standard deviation is always _____ than the mean deviation
 - a) Less

b) Greater

c) equal

d) none of these

