



HEB

**Journal of Hospital Pharmacy**  
An Official Publication of Bureau for Health & Education Status Upliftment  
(Constitutionally Entitled As Health-Education, Bureau)

JOHP

## Budd Chiari Syndrome with seizure disorder: A case Report

<sup>1</sup>Sriram S, <sup>2</sup>Murugesh M, <sup>3</sup>Reshma Raju, <sup>3</sup>Pratheeksha S Biatris, <sup>3</sup>Prajith V

<sup>1</sup>Dept. of Pharmacy Practice, Sri Ramakrishna Institute of Paramedical Sciences, Coimbatore

<sup>2</sup>Consultant Medical Gastroenterologist and Hepatologist, Sri Ramakrishna Hospital, Coimbatore

<sup>3</sup>Pharm D Interns, College of Pharmacy, SRIPMS, Coimbatore.

### Address for Correspondence:

Dr. S. Sriram, Prof & Head, Department of Pharmacy Practice, College of Pharmacy, SRIPMS, 395, Sarojini Naidu Road, Siddhapudur, Coimbatore - 641 044

Email Id: [serviceheb@gmail.com](mailto:serviceheb@gmail.com)

### Abstract

Budd Chiari syndrome is an extremely rare hepatic disorder characterised by occlusion of the hepatic veins. This study is of a female patient having Budd-Chiari syndrome. She also had seizure disorder and hepatic encephalopathy. She presented with ascitis, jaundice, hepatomegaly and pedal edema with bleeding from foot ulcer. Laboratory investigations showed abnormalities in blood panel, coagulation profile and liver function test. Data supporting the diagnosis was obtained from USG and Doppler study reports. Additional findings included decompensated chronic liver disease, pulmonary hypertension, intracranial haemorrhage, right leg cellulitis and anaemia. She was treated for bleeding and liver protectants were given. She underwent sclerotherapy for leg ulceration. However she succumbed to death after a cardiac arrest, inspite of following the Advanced Cardiovascular Life Support protocol.