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Term End Examination 2025-2026

Programme – LL.B.-2024

Course Name – Artificial Intelligence & Law

Course Code - LLB307

(Semester III)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

(i) Choose the correct definition of Artificial Intelligence (AI).

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| a) The study of human anatomy | b) The simulation of human intelligence by machines |
| c) The study of earth and space | d) A branch of civil engineering |

(ii) Recall which of the following is a type of machine learning.

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Supervised learning | b) Mechanical learning |
| c) Manual training | d) Predictive planning |

(iii) Name the test proposed by Alan Turing to evaluate machine intelligence.

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| a) Turing Test | b) Alpha Test |
| c) Beta Test | d) Touring Test |

(iv) Classify which of the following best reflects AI's role in consumer protection.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| a) Fraud detection in e-commerce | b) Manual billing in retail |
| c) Traditional customer grievance redressal | d) Manual bookkeeping |

(v) Outline how AI can enhance consumer rights.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| a) By providing automated complaint tracking | b) By eliminating consumer laws |
| c) By increasing monopoly | d) By replacing legal systems |

(vi) Classify AI applications that may pose risks to consumer protection.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| a) Personalized advertisements | b) Biased decision-making in loan approvals |
| c) Transparent online contracts | d) Enhanced grievance redressal |

(vii) Outline the connection between AI and national security.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| a) AI is irrelevant to security | b) AI enhances surveillance, intelligence, and defense |
| c) AI only replaces soldiers | d) AI only stores public data |

(viii) Choose the legal trend most influencing the AI industry today.

- a) Autonomous weapons regulation
c) Space exploration laws
- b) Data privacy and protection laws
d) Maritime law
- (ix) Identify the key legal issue in AI-driven IP transactions.
- a) Ownership of AI-generated works
c) Tax compliance
- b) Traditional property disputes
d) Land acquisition
- (x) Select the primary challenge in recognizing AI as an inventor in patents.
- a) Legal accountability
c) Environmental clearance
- b) Trademark disputes
d) Cyber fraud
- (xi) Choose the main antitrust concern linked with AI corporations.
- a) Market monopolization
c) Expanding educational access
- b) Improving consumer safety
d) Promoting healthcare
- (xii) Find the primary reason for proposing a Model Law on Artificial Intelligence.
- a) Uniform regulation across nations
c) Reduction in manufacturing cost
- b) Faster coding methods
d) Political campaigning
- (xiii) Recall which area the Model AI Law mainly addresses.
- a) Data governance and accountability
c) Tourism promotion
- b) Road safety
d) Sports regulations
- (xiv) Name the first major AI legal framework proposed in India.
- a) NITI Aayog's AI Strategy
c) Start-up India Scheme
- b) Digital India Act
d) Indian Penal Code Amendment
- (xv) Recall which Indian initiative deals with responsible AI use.
- a) Responsible AI for Youth
c) Make in India
- b) Digital Bharat
d) Skill India

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Group-B
(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. Analyse algorithmic collusion in AI-driven markets. (3)
3. Inspect the role of the Competition Commission of India (CCI) in regulating AI markets. (3)
4. Explain the interface between cybersecurity and law. (3)
5. Identify two examples where AI may manipulate consumer decision-making. (3)
6. Analyze the role of GDPR in ensuring algorithmic transparency in automated profiling. (3)

OR

Compare the key differences between GDPR and DPDPA 2023 in terms of scope. (3)

Group-C
(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Construct the effectiveness of India's self-regulatory approach to AI, as highlighted in the Draft AI Governance Guidelines. (5)
8. Construct a note on how India can strike a balance between AI innovation to ensure a contestable digital market. (5)
9. Define "Artificial Intelligence" in legal scholarship and explain its core components. (5)
10. Examine if there could be patentability issues in the future as AI technology develops. (5)
11. Examine the liability if AI infringes a patent, particularly when the action could not have been predicted by a human. (5)
12. Compare AI regulation approach of India with the European Union AI Act. (5)

OR

Evaluate the self-regulatory approach to AI governance as modelled by India. (5)