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SCHOOL OF LAW  
Barasat, Kolkata- 700125

## BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2024-2025

Programme – BBA LL.B.-2020

Course Name – Health Law

Course Code - BBALLB903B

( Semester IX )

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

### Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (i) Select the primary purpose of health law
- |                                               |                                                            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| a) To regulate medical research               | b) To protect the rights of healthcare providers           |
| c) To establish guidelines for healthy living | d) To govern healthcare delivery and ensure patient safety |
- (ii) Select full form of the term HIPAA.
- |                                                          |                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| a) Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act   | b) Health Information Privacy and Accountability Act   |
| c) Healthcare Insurance Protection and Authorization Act | d) Health Information Protection and Accessibility Act |
- (iii) Select the purpose of medical malpractice laws
- |                                                                                 |                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| a) To punish healthcare providers for their mistakes                            | b) To prevent patients from suing healthcare facilities |
| c) To compensate patients for injuries caused by negligent healthcare providers | d) To limit the liability of healthcare institutions    |
- (iv) Identify the primary challenge faced by the Indian healthcare system
- |                                  |                                               |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| a) Lack of medical professionals | b) High treatment costs                       |
| c) Poor infrastructure           | d) Limited access to technology and equipment |
- (v) Select the concept of the out-of-pocket payment system on healthcare accessibility
- |                                            |                                       |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a) Improved quality of healthcare services | b) Higher patient satisfaction rates  |
| c) Increased healthcare affordability      | d) Increased healthcare affordability |
- (vi) Choose the reason why Private insurance policies are usually more expensive than public insurance programs .

- a) Private insurers offer more extensive coverage  
b) Private insurers have higher administrative costs
- c) Public insurance is funded by taxpayers  
d) Public insurance has lower deductibles
- (vii) Name the organization or authority typically issues and enforces telemedicine guidelines  
a) World Health Organization (WHO)  
b) Federal Communications Commission (FCC)  
c) Local book clubs  
d) Health insurance companies
- (viii) Spell the primary purpose of guidelines for dead body management during the COVID-19 pandemic  
a) To increase the cost of funerals  
b) To reduce the risk of infection spread  
c) To accelerate the burial process  
d) To promote large gatherings at funerals
- (ix) Select ought to one handle the decomposing COVID-19 patients while wearing protective gear  
a) Not necessary, as the virus is no longer contagious after death  
b) Full PPE should always be worn during handling  
c) Protective gear is only required for medical professionals  
d) Only a face mask is sufficient for protection
- (x) Identify the type of pesticide residues that are typically included in The FSSAI regulations  
a) Natural pesticides  
b) Synthetic pesticides  
c) All types of pesticides  
d) Herbicides only
- (xi) Identify the key purpose of setting maximum residue limits for pesticides in food under the FSSAI regulations  
a) To increase the shelf life of food products  
b) To promote organic farming  
c) To protect consumer health and safety  
d) To control food prices
- (xii) Select the primary purpose of categorizing bio-medical waste into various color-coded containers Under the Bio-Medical Waste Rules  
a) Aesthetic reasons  
b) To make waste disposal more complicated  
c) Proper segregation and easy identification  
d) Environmental protection
- (xiii) Identify the authority that grants authorization to the facilities for bio-medical waste management According to the Bio-Medical Waste Rules.  
a) Local Panchayat  
b) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare  
c) State Pollution Control Board  
d) Central Pollution Control Board
- (xiv) Select the action that can be taken against a healthcare facility for non-compliance with the Bio-Medical Waste Rules  
a) Warning  
b) Penalty  
c) Tax rebate  
d) Subsidies
- (xv) Choose the meaning of food adulteration under the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act 1954  
a) Mixing different food items  
b) Contaminating food with foreign substances  
c) Overcooking food  
d) Selling expired food products

### Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. Define the primary purpose of health law. (3)
3. Define the legal rights and responsibilities of patients in India. (3)
4. State the role of the government in the Indian health care system. (3)
5. Name some of the recent legal developments or reforms in the Indian healthcare system. (3)

6. Illustrate the legal requirements for the authorization and consent process for organ transplantation. (3)

OR

Identify the purpose of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act (3)

**Group-C**

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Evaluate the constitutional remedies are available to individuals in case of violations of their right to health under the Indian Constitution. (5)
8. Discuss the role of health law in regulating healthcare professionals licenses in India (5)
9. Recall the concept of Ayushman Bharat and its significance in the Indian healthcare system. (5)
10. Analyze the issue of inadequate healthcare infrastructure in India. (5)
11. Explain the issue of healthcare workforce shortage in India. (5)
12. Illustrate the key provisions in the Surrogacy (Regulation) Bill, 2019, to protect the rights and welfare of surrogate mothers and ensure fair compensation for their services. (5)

OR

Illustrate the penalties and legal consequences for those found in violation of the provisions of the Surrogacy (Regulation) Bill, 2019. (5)

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