



## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

Branner University

Term End Examination 2023 Programme – B.Tech.(ECE)-2019

Course Name – Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
Course Code - OEC701A

(Semester VII)

Full Marks : 60 Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

## Group-A

1 x 15=15

(Multiple Choice Type Question) Choose the correct alternative from the following : (i) Beat First Search uses which data structure? a) Stack b) Queue d) Linked list c) Priority queue (ii) Depth First Search Algorithm uses which data structure? b) Queue a) Stack d) Linked list c) Priority queue (iii) Mathematical representation of space or simply space complexity for storing nodes in Breadth-First Search\_ a) Exponential b) Logarithmic d) None of these c) Geometric progression (iv) The agents select actions or task on the basis of priority, called\_ a) Utility based agents b) Model based reflex agents c) Goal based agents d) None of these (v) The concept that hiding detail representation is known as \_ a) Extraction b) Abstraction c) Information Retrieval d) Data mining (vi) Forward reasoning (Top-Down) approach is \_ a) Data driven b) Goal driven c) Knowledge driven d) Resolution driven (vii) New states are generated in genetic algorithm by a) Composition b) Mutation c) Cross over d) Both b and c (viii) The concept of perceptron implemented by \_

b) Back-propagation algorithm

d) Feed Forward-backward algorithm

a) Feed-forward neural network

(ix) search technique uses the stack operation.

c) Back-tracking algorithm

<ul> <li>a) Depth-first search</li> <li>c) Bidirectional search</li> <li>(x) The search technique that continually moves is uphill</li> </ul>	<ul><li>b) Breadth-first search</li><li>d) None of the mentioned</li><li>in the direction of increasing value that</li></ul>	t
a) Up-Hill Search c) Reverse-Down- Hill search (xi) Regression method is a example of	b) Hill-Climbing d) None of the mentioned	
<ul> <li>a) Semi-supervised learning models.</li> <li>c) Supervised learning models.</li> <li>(xii) Transforms the fuzzy value into the crisp value</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>b) Reinforcement learning models</li> <li>d) unsupervised learning models.</li> <li>e.</li> </ul>	
a) defuzzification Module     c) both of these (xiii) Pattern recognition system is done by	b) knowledge base d) None of these	
a) Expert Systems     c) Neural Networks (xiv) The composition for agents in artificial intellig	b) Natural Language Processing d) Robotics ence?	
a) Program c) Both a & b (xv) The Key task of a problem-solving agent is give	b) Architecture d) None of the mentioned	
a) Solve the given problem and reach to goal c) Both a and b	<ul><li>b) To find out which sequence of action get it to the goal state</li><li>d) None of these</li></ul>	n will
<b>Grou</b> (Short Answer Ty		3 x 5=15
<ol> <li>Using Diagram explain Agent Architecture.</li> <li>Explain the fundamental goal of Knowledge Representation.</li> <li>Explain DFS with iterative deepening in Al.</li> <li>Explain the aim of Turing test towards understanding intelligence?</li> <li>Explain A* Search with creating an example.</li> </ol>		(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
"Al is interdisciplinary in nature and its foundations are in various fields." Illustrate with valid reasons.		(3)
Group		
(Long Answer Typ	pe Questions) 5	x 6=30
<ol> <li>Write different situations to apply informed and</li> <li>Explain with the help of an example how inherita</li> <li>What is Goal based Agent ? Create an example.</li> <li>Differentiate forward reasoning and backward re</li> <li>Define the need of Artificial Intelligence with an example.</li> </ol>	ance is achieved in Semantic networks? asoning with an example. example	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)
12. What is the difference between Machine Learning and Deep Learning?  OR		(5)
Explain the assessment that is used to test the in	telligence of a machine or it's behavior.	(5)

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