



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024
Programme – LL.B.-2022/LL.B.-2023
Course Name – Family Law I
Course Code - LLB101
(Semester I)

Full Marks: 60
Time: 2:30 Hours
[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 15=15

- Choose the correct alternative from the following :
- (i) Select the right one under which Section 8 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 discusses the order of priority of succession
 - a) Class I Class II Agnate -Cognate
- b) Class I Class II Cognate -Agnate
- c) Class II Class I Agnate Cognate
- d) Class I Class I Cognate Agnate
- (ii) Identify from the following, Sec 24 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 deals with
 - a) Void marriage

- b) voidable marriage
- c) both void and voidable marriage
- d) None of these
- (iii) Choose who among the following can cancel an adoption which is validly made
 - a) The adopter

- b) The natural parents
- c) Both (The adopter) and (The natural parents)
- d) Neither (The adopter) nor (The natural parents)
- (iv) Select the correct option, An adopted child
 - a) Can be given in adoption generally
- b) Cannot be given in adoption
- c) Can be given in adoption with the consent of the natural parents
- d) Can be given in adoption only with the prior permission of the court
- (v) Choose who amongst the following females does not have a capacity to adopt
 - a) A Married Female

b) An Unmarried Female

c) A Widow

- d) A Divorcee
- (vi) Identify who are Hindus as per the Hindu Marriage Act
 - a) Budhhist

b) Sikh

c) Jain

- d) All of these
- (vii) Identify the relationship status between two persons when they are the descendants of a common ancestor by the same wife
 - a) By full blood

b) By half blood

c) By uterine blood

d) Either (By full blood) or (By half blood)

(• 111)	each other within the degrees of prohibited re	•	
	a) void	b) voidable	
/:\	c) valid	d) invalid	
(IX)	Select appropriate age of parties who are Hind marriage under Hindu Marriage Act	us and wants to solemnize their	
(x)	 a) Bridegroom completes the age of 21 years and the bride completes 18 years c) Bridegroom completes the age of 21 years and the bride completes 21 years Select the status of marriage solemnized betweetin 5(iii) of Hindu Marriage Act (i.e. age of 		
	a) Valid	b) Invalid	
(xi)	 c) Voidable Determine the time when a Hindu married ma adoption 	d) Void le having his wife living can make an	
(xii)	a) Without the consent of his wifec) With consent of wife unless the wife is of unsound mind or has renounce the worldIdentify from the followings which one is an an	b) With the consent of his wifed) Without consent of wife but to her knowledgecient source of Hindu law is	
	a) Smriti	b) Court	
(xiii)	c) Judicial decisions Locate the number of sources of Hindu Law	d) legislations	
	a) 2	b) 3	
(xiv	c) 1 Determine son and daughter in Class I of the so	d) 5 chedule include children of a	
	a) Void Marriage c) Both 1 and 2 Identify the religion of a Hindu child when the religion	b) Voidable Marriaged) Only voidable and not void	
	a) Hindu	b) Not a Hindu	
	c) Hindu & Not a Hindu is right	d) None of these	
	Grou	лр-В	
	(Short Answer T	ype Questions)	3 x 5=15
 Discuss briefly about divorce by mutual consent. Describe the requisites of a valid adoption. Describe how Hindu Law is considered to be of divine origin. Write short notes on the overriding effect of the Hindu Succession Act 1956. Analyse the order of succession in the heirs in the Schedule appended to The Hindu Succession Act 1956. 			(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
	oxplain the concept of adoption under the Hindu ow it differs from the concept of maintenance.	R Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956, and	d (8)
	Gro	up-C	
	(Long Answer Type Questions) 5		
	 Describe the grounds of Void marriages under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. Describe the ancient sources of Hindu Law 		(5) (5)

9. Explain the consequences if two parties are Hindus and solemnized their marriage under Special Marriage Act.

10. Explain the succession rule for female Hindu (5)

11. Decide in details Prohibited relationship. (5)

12. Explain the grounds of marriage under section 13(2) of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 (5)

OR

Explain desertion as a ground for divorce under the Hindu Marriage Act,1955. (5)