



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme – B.Physiotherapy-2022/B.Physiotherapy-2023 Course Name – Human Physiology - I Course Code - BPTC102 (Semester I)

Full Marks : 60 Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following:
- (i) Select the hormone that is responsible for regulating calcium levels in the blood.
 - a) Insulin

b) Thyroxine

c) Cortisol

- d) Parathyroid hormone (PTH)
- (ii) Identify the primary function of the kidneys in the renal excretory system.
 - a) Regulation of body temperature
- b) Filtration of blood and excretion of waste products
- c) Production of digestive enzymes
- d) Storage of urine in the bladder
- (iii) State the component of protein which contributes to maximum percentage to total plasma protein
 - a) Albumin

b) Globulin

c) Fibrinogen

- d) Prothrombin
- (iv) State the most abundant blood cells in the human body
 - a) WBCs

b) RBCs

c) Platelets

- d) Plasma cells
- (v) Identify the one which is not WBC.
 - a) granulocyte

b) monocyte

c) lymphocytes

- d) none of these
- (vi) Identify the pigment in red blood cells that carries oxygen.
 - a) Erythropoietin

b) Haemoglobin

c) Melatonin

- d) Urobilinogen
- (vii) Choose the one which is not a salivary gland
 - a) Parotid Gland

b) Maxillary Gland

c) Sublingual Gland

- d) Sub Mandibular Gland
- (viii) Choose the tissue layer which is not a part of the alimentary canal
 - a) mucosa

b) secretin

c) muscularis

d) serosa

(ix)	dentify the correct function of the esophagus in the digestive process.		
	a) Absorption of nutrients	b) Breaking down food with enzymes	
	c) Mixing food with stomach acid	d) Transporting food from the mouth to stomach	the
(x)	Identify the layer of the GI tract is responsible for mechanical digestion and movement of food.		
	a) Mucosa	b) Submucosa	
	c) Muscularis externa	d) Serosa	
(xi)	Name the enzyme responsible for breaking down carbohydrates in the mouth-		
	a) Lipase	b) Pepsin	
	c) Amylase	d) Trypsin	
(xii)	Predict the most important site of absorption of		
	a) Stomach	b) Esophagus	
	c) Small intestine	d) large intestine	
(xiii)	Indicate the purpose of mucus in the digestive	system	
	a) Breaking down fats	b) Absorbing nutrients	
	c) Protecting the stomach linnings	d) Stimulating enzyme production	
(xiv)	Indicate the purpose of bile in the digestive pro	ocess	
	a) Breaking down fats into smaller molecules		
	c) Breaking down carbohydrates	b) Neutralizing stomach acid	
(xv)	Name the process called when oxygen and car	d) Increasing nutrient absorption in the	e colon
. ,	blood and body tissues at the cellular level.	bon dioxide are exchanged between the	
	a) External respiration	h) into wood or orienties.	
	c) Cellular respiration	b) internal respirationd) Pulmonary respiration	
		a) i aimonary respiration	
		up-B	
	(Short Answer	Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
2. D	iscuss the role of platelets in the process of bloo	od clotting	(3)
3. S	tate the major types of white blood cells and the	eir respective functions	(3)
4. D	ifferentiate between arteries and veins in the ca	ardiovascular system	(3)
5. C	ompare and contrast hormonal and barrier met	hods of contraception	(3)
6. D	6 Differentiate hetween With annual to 177		
		OR .	(3)
D	ifferentate between Pump and Bucket handle n	novement of breathing	(3)
	Gro	up-C	
		Type Questions)	5 x 6=30
7.	Describe the mode of action of steroid hormon		(5)
	8. Illustrate the role of Hypothalomo hypophyseal target endocrine axix.		
0. I	Describe the mechanism of Active Transport through cell membrane.		
	Describe the medianism of Active Transport through cell memorane. D. Summarize the menstrual cycle.		
11. Discuss the meachanism of blood coagulation			(5)
	Illustrate pulmonary function tests.		(5)
۱ ۱۰ ۵		OR CONTRACTOR	(5)
1	Explain cyanosis and dyspnea.		
		The part of the second	(5)