



## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

Term End Examination 2023-2024
Programme – B.Sc.(MLT)-2023
Course Name – Human Physiology
Course Code - BMLTC102
( Semester I )

Full Marks: 60 Time: 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

## Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- Choose the correct alternative from the following:
- (i) Identify the blood component that is responsible for transporting antibodies and other immune system molecules.
   a) RBC
   b) Leucocytes
  - c) Platelets d) Plasma
- (ii) Recognize the cell organelle responsible for protein synthesis in the cell.a) Golgi apparatusb) Nucleus
- c) Endoplasmic reticulum d) Lysosome
- (iii) Name the organelles responsible for detoxifying harmful substances in the cell.
- a) Lysosome b) Mitochondria c) Peroxisome d) Nucleus
- (iv) Choose the name of the movement of molecules against their concentration gradient with the expenditure of energy
  - a) Osmosis
    b) Passive transport
    c) Diffusion
    d) Active transport
- (v) Choose the correct options regarding the name of small finger-like projections lining the small intestine -
- a) Villi b) Microvilli c) Cilia d) Alveoli
- (vi) Name the process in which the fertilized egg attaches to the uterine lining.a) implantationb) Ovulation
- c) Fertilization
  d) Menstruation
  (vii) Select from the following the smallest blood vessels in the body, where exchange of nutrients and gases occurs, are called:

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nutrients and gases occurs, are called:

a) Arteries
b) Veins
c) Capillaries
d) Venules

(viii) State during platelet plug formation	and are released, caus	ing
more platelets to stick to the platele	et plug.	
a) Prostacyclin; nitric oxide	b) Heparin; plasmin	
c) ADP; thromboxane	d) GTP ; nitric oxide	
(ix) State which leucocytes release heps	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
a) Neutrophil	b) Basophil	
c) Eosinophil	d) Monocytes	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(x) Choose which is called secondary page 2		
a) SA node	b) AV node	
c) Purkinje fiber	d) Bundle of His	
(xi) State which of the following is NOT		
a) Regulate blood pH	b) Helps in gaseous exchange	
c) Protection against blood loss	d) Contains receptors for the se	nse of smell
(xii) Identify the mismatch pair:		
a) Henle's loop – concentration of u	rine b) DCT – Absorption of glucose	
c) PCT – Absorption of sodium and	ootassium d) Bowman's capsule – Glomeru	ular filtration
ions		
(xiii) Name the mechanism of hormone	transport which is not carreied in the bloodst	ream.
a) Bound to carrier proteins	b) Free and dissolved in plasma	
c) Exocytosis from glandular cells	d) Attached to neurotransmitter	's
(xiv) Choose the male reproductive horn	none	
a) Estradiol	b) Testosterone	
c) Inhibin	d) None of the these	
(xv) Identify the condition characterized	by a deficiency of platelets in the blood.	
a) Polycythemia	b) Leucocytosis	
c) Anemia	d) thrombocytopenia	
	Group-B	
(Sho	rt Answer Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
2. Define Myxedema		(3)
3. Define Plasmodesmata and its function	n	(3)
4. Write a note on Diabetes mellitus.		(3)
5. Discuss the role of platelets in the process of blood clotting		(3)
6. Differentiate between arteries and ve	ins in the cardiovascular system	(3)
	OR	
Compare and contrast hormonal and	barrier methods of contraception	(3)
	Group-C	<b>5</b> 6 20
(LOI	ng Answer Type Questions)	5 x 6=30
		<b>7</b> _1
7. Write a brief note about Lung surfac		(5)
8. Draw and lebel the cross sectional view of heart		(5)
9. Enumerate the composition of Blood	1	(5)
10. Describe the oogenesis process	and American division of	(5)
11. Explain the role of hormone as a sign		(5)
12. Describe the mechanism of urine for	OR	(5)
Evaluin the feedback mechanisms in	volved in the regulation of thyroid hormone s	secretion (E)
Explain the leedback mechanisms in	volved in the regulation of thyrold normone s	secretion (5)