

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme - B.Sc.(AM)-Hons-2023

Course Name - Fundamentals of Illustrations and Digital Media

Course Code - BAM10101

(Semester I)

Brainware University and, Barasat

Full Marks: 60

Time: 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following:
 - (i) Identify the design principle that focuses on creating a sense of balance and stability in a composition.
 - a) Balance

b) Harmony

c) Emphasis

- d) Rhythm
- (ii) Identify the principle of repetition of visual elements to create a feeling of unity and consistency in a design.
 - a) Proportion

b) Variety

c) Contrast

- d) Repetition
- (iii) Name the principle involves creating a clear focal point to draw the viewer\'s attention.
 - a) Unity

b) Balance

c) Emphasis

- d) Proportion
- (iv) Identify the principle of \"movement\" in design refers to:
 - a) The way elements are arranged in a design
- b) The use of color to create energy
- c) The illusion of motion or direction created by elements
- d) The repetition of shapes and forms
- (v) Identify the primary role of a graphic designer?
 - a) Creating animations

b) Writing code

- d) Managing finances
- c) Visual communication (vi) Name the software is commonly used for vector-based graphic design?
 - a) Adobe Photoshop

b) Adobe Illustrator

- d) Adobe Premiere Pro
- (vii) Define the importance of a graphic designer having a good understanding of c) Adobe InDesign
- typography.

b) To enhance print quality

a) To create animations

- c) To effectively use fonts and text in designs
- d) To edit photographs

(vii	and when should each be used?	CIVITY COLOR modes in graphic design,	
2018	a) RGB is for print, and CMYK is for digital display.	 b) RGB uses red, green, and blue channels, while CMYK uses cyan, magenta, yellow, and black for printing. 	
(ix)	c) RGB is for vector graphics, and CMYK is for raster images.Define the term \"resolution\" refer to in digital	d) RGB is best for small projects, and CMYK is for large-scale designs.	S
(x)	a) The physical size of an imagec) The number of colors in an imageChoose the purpose of setting printing marks lil folding marks.	b) The number of pixels in an image d) The file format of an image se crop marks, registration marks, and	
	a) To proof the layout and color references c) To add extra space beyond the edge of the color of the edge of the edge of the color of the edge of the edge of the color of the edge of the edge of the edge of the color of the edge of	b) To specify the standard sizes for printing d) To create guides for accurate trimming, alignment, and folding during the printin process sed to express resolution in digital	g
(xii	a) Inches c) Frames per second Identify the color do you get when you mix red	b) Megabytes d) Degrees and blue pigments togeather	
	a) Yellowc) Magenta) Identify the color is often associated with warr	b) Green d) Orange	
(xiv	a) Bluec) Greenf) Select the types of Computer Graphics are the	b) Red d) Purple re?	
(xv	 a) 2 c) 3) Choose the term that best describes a group of characteristics, such as serif or sans-serif. 	b) 4 d) 5 of fonts that share similar design	
	a) Typeface c) Type classification	b) Typeface family d) Typography	
		o up-B Type Questions)	x 5=15
3. I 4. I	Define Pixel and Resolution. Define interpolated resolution in digital images. Explain the principle of "Balance" in design and effectively.	provide an example of how it can be applied	(3) (3) H (3)
5. E	Explain the principle of "Unity" in design and provide an example of how it can be applied effectively.		
Explain tracking and evaluate its importance in typography.OR		OR	(3)
(Compare and contrast kerning and tracking in th	ne context of typography.	(3)
		oup-C Type Questions)	5 x 6=
7.	Explain the role of color in layout design for ne typography choices can impact the effectivene	ewspapers. Provide two examples of howess of a layout.	(5)

8. Define graphic design and describe its primary purpose in visual communication, emphasizing its role in conveying information and aesthetics. 9. Discuss the different types of layouts designs commonly used in graphic design and explain (5) when each is most suitable. (5)10. Explain the concept of balance in layout design and provide examples of how it can be achieved in both symmetrical and asymmetrical layouts. (5)11. Compare the benefits of digital offset printing with traditional offset printing methods, considering factors like setup time, cost, print volume, and customization capabilities. 12. Justify the importance of registration checks in the digital offset printing process, explaining (5) how accurate registration impacts the quality and consistency of the final printed materials. (5) Contrast the advantages and disadvantages of digital offset printing with other digital printing methods, such as inkjet and laser printing, discussing factors like print quality, speed, and cost-effectiveness.