

- (viii) Indicate the nature of the Presidential power while acting as chief commander of armed forces
- a) Judicial
b) executive
c) legislative
d) none of these
- (ix) Choose the correct option- the President of India is elected by an electoral college comprising of-
- a) elected members of Lok Sabha
b) elected members of the legislative council
c) elected members of both Houses of Parliament and legislative assemblies of each state
d) elected members of Rajya Sabha only
- (x) Select The time period for which the Council of States in India can delay a money bill
- a) indefinite period
b) 6 months
c) 1 month
d) 14 days
- (xi) Select the minimum age for being appointed as a Governor.
- a) 35 years
b) 40 years
c) 25 years
d) 30 years
- (xii) Identify who appoints the Chairman of the UPSC.
- a) President
b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
c) Chief Justice of India
d) Prime Minister
- (xiii) Select that the Power of the Supreme Court of India to decide disputes between the Centre and the State falls under its
- a) Advisory jurisdiction
b) Appellate jurisdiction
c) Original jurisdiction
d) Constitutional jurisdiction
- (xiv) Choose the writs that may be issued to enforce a Fundamental Right.
- a) certiorari
b) habeas corpus
c) prohibition
d) all of these
- (xv) Identify the Constitutional amendment that reduced the voting age from 21 to 18.
- a) 61st
b) 65th
c) 71st
d) 21st

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. Describe briefly about the Sessions of the State legislative Assembly. (3)
3. Write a short note on writ remedies. (3)
4. Discuss the scope of freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse within the territory of India. (3)
5. Discuss about the judicial interpretation of validity of suspension of fundamental rights. (3)
6. Evaluate the procedure of amendment of the Constitution. (3)

OR

- Evaluate whether fundamental rights can be amended. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Examine the relationship of the President in the appointment and removal of the Prime Minister by citing suitable provisions of the Indian Constitution. (5)
8. Holding an office of profit leads to the disqualification of membership of Parliament- Discuss. (5)
9. Write the composition of the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha. (5)
10. Infer the constitutional term for the process of removal of the President. Evaluate the procedure. (5)

11. Analyze the significance of the independence of the judiciary and the challenges to it. (5)
12. Summarize the evolution of the basic structure theory through the aid of case laws. (5)

OR

Assess the power of President to promulgate ordinances. Also, compile landmark judgements in this respect. (5)
