



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme – BBA(HM)-2021/BBA(HM)-2022 Course Name – Inventory and Purchase Management Course Code - BBAHMS301 (Semester III)

Brainway Library 1 - 00125

Full Marks: 60 Time: 2:30 Hours
[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their

Own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A 1 x 15=15 (Multiple Choice Type Question) Choose the correct alternative from the following: _ environment, several product options exist (e.g., automobiles) and the customer is not willing to wait until the product is made. Therefore manufacturers produce and stock standard component parts; Choose the correct option a) make-to-order b) assemble-to-order c) level production d) make-to-stock (ii) is responsible for analyzing the marketplace and deciding the firm's response, the markets to be served, the products supplied, and desired levels of customer service. Choose the correct option a) Marketing b) Finance c) Production d) Engineering is a plan for the production of individual end items; (iii) The Choose the correct option a) MPS b) JIT d) MRP c) MRP II (iv) Re-ordering level = Maximum consumption x; Choose the correct option b) Maximum usage a) Average re-order period d) Normal usage c) Maximum re-order period (v) Which of the following is a part of Working Capital; Choose the correct option b) Tools a) Inventory d) All of these c) Operating Expenses (vi) Which of the following is not a part of current assets; Choose the correct option b) Cash a) Credit Purchase d) All of these c) Bank (vii) This is not a type of bill; Identify the correct option

	a) 2nd last bill	b) Closed Account billd) Running Account bill		
(v	c) Final Account bill (viii) The electronic integration and management of all procurement activities including purchase request, authorization, ordering, delivery and payment between a purchaser and supplier is known as; Identify the correct option			
		b) E-procurement system		
	a) E-procurement process	d) All of these		
(i	 c) E-procurement ix) Generally, which sequence is most typical or correct option 		anto huwar	
	a) Originator to buyer to approver to supplie	er b) Supplier to originator to approve	to supplier	
. (c) Approver to originator to buyer to supplie x) There are barriers and risks involved in ado	pting e-procurement. Identify that which	of	
5,0	the following is NOT regarded as a risk or bo	arrier.		
8	a) Negotiated procurement benefits may be shared with other exchange users who m	e b) hay Competition issues		
	be competitors c) Possible positive perception from supplie	ers d) Creation and cost of catalogues		
(;	xi) The receiver of goods returned will send a . the correct option	note to the returner; Choo	ose	
	a) debit	b) credit		
	c) revenue	d) none of these		
()	xii) The discount calculated on list price of good	ds is called; Choose the correct option		
	a) Cash Discount	b) Rebate		
(x	c) Trade Discount (iii) The basic current liabilities are; Ident	d) None of these tify the correct option		
•	a) accounts payable and bills payable	b) bank overdraft		
(x	c) outstanding expenses. (iv) working Capital refers to the firm's	d) All of the above investment in current assets. Identify the	e	
	correct option			
	a) Zero	b) Net		
()	c) Grossxv) Identify which one of the following items is item?	d) Distinctive most likely a derived-demand inventory		
	 a) cereal ready to be bagged and shipped to stores 	tires held in inventory by an aut	o maker	
	c) shoes on display in a retail store	d) toys ready to be shipped to toy:	stores	
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		Group-B		
	(Short Answ	er Type Questions)	3 x 5=15	
2. What are some common examples of consumable materials in various industries?			(3) (3)	
	Illustrate the term codification.		(3)	
4.	Describe Third-party Logistics (3PL).	urchasing systems.	(3)	
	5. Classify centralized, decentralized, and local purchasing systems.6. Explain the objectives of negotiation in Purchasing.			
U.	Explain the objectives of negotiation in a con-	OR	(3)	
	Establish the advantages of codification.		(3)	
	G	Group-C		
		er Type Questions)	5 x 6=30	
7.	Explain Anticipatory Stock and Decoupling In	ventory with examples.	(5)	

8. Explain different advantages & disadvantages of the FIFO method.	(5)
9. Explain Letter of Credit using diagram.	(5)
10. Distinguished by Credit dailing diagram.	(5)
10. Distinguished between Centralized Purchase & Decentralized Purchase.	(5)
11. mustrate rurchase Cycle using flow chart	(5)
12. Illustrate ABC analysis technique of inventory control management.	(5)
OR	
Differentiate between ABC technique & VED technique.	(5)

Brainwai John Barasal
398, Rolkala, Dengal-Toul25