



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Brainware University

Barasat, Koware - Too 12:3

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme - Dip.EE-2021 Course Name - Switchgear and Protection Course Code - DEE504 (Semester V)

Time: 2:30 Hours Full Marks: 60 [The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- Choose the correct alternative from the following:
- (i) Explain the protection system which compares the electrical quantity that enters and leaves any zone and then operates is:
 - a) Balanced voltage
- c) Differential protection system
- b) Balanced current d) All of these
- (ii) The correct statement about the unbalanced condition in alternator
 - a) The same current flows through different
 - phases in the unbalanced alternator
- alternator None of these is correct

b) Unbalanced loading is not dangerous for the

- c) Unbalanced loading introduces eddy current in the alternator
- (iii) For single frequency transients, the ratio of peak restriking voltage to time between voltage zero and peak voltage is called
 - a) Restriking voltage

- b) Recovery voltage
- c) Rate of rising restriking voltage (iv) Define Fault diverters are basically
- d) Active recovery voltage

a) Circuit breakers

b) Fast switches

c) Relays

d) Fuses

(v) Define SF6 gas

b) is lighter than air

a) is lighter than hydrogen

- d) has density 5 limes as compared to that of
- c) has density 2-times as compared to that of
- air.
- (vi) Illustrate the breaking capacity of the circuit breaker is in _____ and is measured in

a) R.M.S, kVA

b) R.M.S, MVA

Local IVA	d) Peak, MVA	
c) Peak, kVA (vii) For motor circuit breakers, the time of closing the		
a) 0.001 sec	b) 0.01 sec	
c) 0.10 sec	d) 0.003 sec.	
(viii) Define A relay used for the protection of motors a	against overload is	
a) Impedance relay	b) Electromagnetic attraction type	
c) Thermal relay	d) Buchholz's relay.	
(ix) Define The fusing factor of a fuse is mathematica	lly defined by the equation:	
a) Current rating of fuse * 4.44	b) 1/Current rating of the fuse	a
c) Min fusing current / Current rating of the	d) Min fusing current * Current rating of the fuse	
fuse (x) Define the advantage of grounding a power system		
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a) Earth fault current can be used	d) Both Earth fault current can be used and Arcing ground phenomenon is avoided	1
c) It provides symmetry to the line impedances		
(xi) Discuss The component that provides a signal to the circuit breaker under the fault		
condition		
a) Isolator	b) Fuse	
c) Relay	d) CT	
(xii) Explain relay is used to	L) Gives the foult	
a) Break the fault current	b) Since the fault	
c) Since the fault and direct to trip the circuit breaker	d) All of these	
(xiii) Define the Desired tripping of a circuit breaker	is	
a) Manually	b) Automatically	
c) That it should give warning	d) None of these	
(xiv) Illustrate H.R.C. fuses has		
a) High rating of current	b) High rupturing capacity	
c) High resistance capacity	d) None of these	
(xv) Define Which circuit breaker is preferred to be	installed in an extra-nigh voltage AC	
system.	h) CCC circuit brooker	
a) Air blast circuit breaker	b) SF6 circuit breaker d) Minimum oil circuit breaker	
c) Bulk oil circuit breaker	a) William on circuit breaker	
Gr	oup-B	
	r Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
2. Describe the term Current Setting in Relay.		(3)
3. Describe the induction relay application.		(3)
4. Define the meaning of the operating time of a protective relay.		(3)
5. Explain What is biased differential bus zone reduction		(3)
6. Describe peak up current in the relay.	OR	(3)
Evaluate the difference between fuse and breaker.		(2)
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G	roup-C	
(Long Answer Type Questions)		5 x 6=30
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7. Explain with a diagram the operating principle of reactance relay.		(5)
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8. Explain what is the main protection required for transmission lines and describe all protection (5) with a diagram.

9. Explain What is primary protection.

10. Explain What fluxing protection is in the transformer.

11. Explain current chopping considered as a serious drawback in a circuit breaker.

12. Explain the advantages of the SF6 Circuit Breaker.

OR

Describe the operating principle of the watt-hour meter structure (Non-directional relay with (5) proper diagram)

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