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BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22 Programme - Bachelor of Science in Physician Assistant Course Name – Dermatology Course Code - BPA506 (Semester V)

Time: 1 Hr.15 Min. Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A (Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 60=60 Choose the correct alternative from the following: (1) The average area covers by skin in body is a) 1.5 m2 b) 1.8 m² c) 1.7 m2 d) None of these (2) Which of the following is a step for development of skin? a) Selection b) Cell division c) Specification d) None of these (3) Nail development starts in a) 3rd month of fetal life b) 4th month of fetal life

c) 5th month of fetal life

(4) Melanocytes are developed from

a) Neural crest

c) Endodermis

b) Epidermis

d) Mesodermis

d) 6th month of fetal life

(5) What do you mean by Epidermopoiesis

a) Epidermal thickness increases

b) Epidermal thickness, size and number remai ns constant

c) Only cell death occurs

d) None of these

(6) Which component is responsible for protein barrier

a) A melanin barrier in epidermis

b) Epidermal carbohydrate

c) Dermal fat

d) Epidermal Stratum corneum layer

(7) Which of the following component act as Anti-microbial peptide

a) Defensins and cathelicidins

b) Keratin and defensing

c) Imensin and keratin

d) None of these

(8) What condition is associated with this presentation? A pink pearly nodule with telangie

ctasias, ulceration and rolled borders on the uppe	r lip.
a) Squamous cell carcinoma	b) basal cell carcinoma
c) melanoma	d) Eczema
(9) What skin condition is caused by poxvirus?	
a) Verruea	b) Molluscum contagiosum
c) Impetigo altale Januaria	d) Cellulitis
(10) What is the most common causative agent of ery	thema multiforme (EM)?
a) Penicillin and sulphonamides	b) Systemic lupus erythematosus
c) HSV infection	d) Malignancy
(11) What are the histological findings of psoriasis?	
on of the dermal-epidermal juncti	b) Peripheral palisading of basal cells
 c) Acanthosis, Parakeratosis and Munro microa bscesses 	d) Keratin pseudocysts
(12) What is the infective agent implicated in acne?	
a) Staphylococcus aureus	h) Strontogogogo myogonog
c) Staphylococcus epidermidis	b) Streptococcus pyogenesd) Propionibacterium acnes
(13) An elderly lady presents to her doctor with	
n appearance' on her face. What skin condition a) Rubella	is this?
c) Basal cell carcinoma	b) Seborrheic keratosis
	d) Melasma
(14) What type of melanoma is often seen in dark ska) Superficial spreading	inned individuals?
c) Nodular	b) Lentigo maligna melanoma
	d) Acral lentiginous
(15) What is the best indicator of prognosis for a mea) Asymmetry	lanoma?
c) Diameter	b) Colour
	d) Invasion of the dermis
(16) What is a precursor to squamous cell carcinomaa) Keratoacanthoma	a (SCC)?
c) Leser-Trélat sign	b) Actinic keratosis
	d) Measles
(17) Which of the following would be prescribed for	r acne?
a) Actiq	b) Actonel
c) Accu-Check	d) Accutane
(18) An absence of pigment in the skin is called	
a) acanthosis nigricans	b) albinism
c) melanism	d) xanthodarma
(19) A burn which involves 2 layers of the skin and t does not go downto muscle or bone is a	l estroys the nerves and blood vessels, bu
a) first-degree burn	b) second-degree burn
c) third-degree burn	d) full-thickness burn
(20) Death of tissue associated with loss of blood s	a) run-tinekness burn
a) cellulitis	1.0
c) gangrene	b) eczema
	d) psoriasis
(21) An acute eruption of intensely itchy papules of	or wheals is called
a) acne vulgaris	b) pityriasis rosea

c) psoriasis		d) urticaria (hives
(22) Moles with	the potential to develop in	nto malignant melanoma are
a) intradermal		b) dysplastic nevi
c) giant nevi		d) verrucae
(23) The type of and scrotum	cyst contains yellowish s	ebum and is commonly found on the scalp, vulva,
a) papule		b) sebaceous cyst
c) ulcer		d) vesicle
(24) Excessive ha	air on the face or body, es	pecially in women, is called:
a) albinism		b) atrichia
c) alopecia		d) hirsutism
(25) The half-mod	on shaped, white area loc	ated at the base of a fingernail is called the
a) basal layer		b) cuticle
c) lunula		d) stratum
(26) An epiderma	l growth caused by a viru	ıs (wart.) js called a
a) impetigo		b) melanoma
c) nevus		d) verruca
(27) Yellowing of	the skin is indicative of	,
a) hyperbillirub	oinemia	b) hyperuricemia
c) hyperkalemi		d) hyporeninemia
(28) Which of the	following is a combining	g form meaning skin?
a) adip/o		b) cutane/o
c) pachy/o		d) xanth/o
, .	matitis of unknown etiol	ogy in patients with a history of allergy is called
a) actinic derma		b) atopic dermatitis
c) stasis dermat		d) seborrheic dermatitis
	t layer of skin is the	
a) dermis		b) endodermis
c) epidermis		d) hypodermis
, .	vers of the skin, which is	s the thick, fat-containing layer?
a) dermis	,, 0.0 0.1	b) epidermis
c) epithelium		d) subcutaneous tissue
(32) The brown-bla	ack pigment of the skin the coloris called	nat is transferred to other epidermal cells and giv
a) albumin		b) collagen
c) keratin		d) melanin
33) Apocrine gland	ds produce	
a) mucus		b) sebum
c) sweat		d) keratin
•	ollowing infections is als	o known as ringworm?
a) folliculitis		b) herpes simplex
c) impetigo		d) tinea corporis
35) Another term f	or itching is	
a) dermatitis		b) keratosis

c) petechiae	d) pruritus
(36) The skin, hair, nails, and glands all make up	, .
a) integumentary system	b) lymphatic system
c) musculoskeletal system	d) nervous system
(37) Clotrimazole and nystatin are both	a) nervous system
a) topical antifungals	b) anti-itch creams
c) topical antibiotics	d) used to treat eczema
(38) Which skin neoplasm is associated with an i layer of theepidermis caused by pressure or	narrage in the growth of galls in the karatin
a) callus	b) keloid
c) keratosis	, d) laukoplakia
(39) In this condition, there is a scaly dermatitis a by oil glands.	iffecting parts of the skin that are supplied
a) chronic dermatitis	b) contact dermatitis
c) eczema	d) seborrheic dermatitis
(40) groove or a crack-like sore is called a	a) seconnece definations
a) lissure	b) maded
c) polyp	b) nodule
(41) Follicular dilation involving the nose and por d pustules are classic signs of this dermatolog	d) ulcer tions of the cheeks, erythema, papules, an
a) acne cosmetica	alborder.
c) acne rosacea	b) acne pustulosa
(42) A skin disorder most often caused by the herp look like targets is	d) acne vulgaris pes virus and consisting of red lesions that
a) candidiasis	· ·
c) hirsutism	b) erythema multiforme
(43) The vascular layer of skin is the a) dermis	d) keratosis pilaris
c) stratum corneum unguis	b) epidermis
(44) What is the growth phase of a hair follicle?	d) hypodermis
a) Anagen	
c) Growagen	b) Catagen
(45) In this condition, there is a scaly described	d) Telogen
(45) In this condition, there is a scaly dermatitis aff y oil glands.a) chronic dermatitis	fectingparts of the skin that are supplied b
c) eczema	b) Contact dermatitis
(46) Which of the following is a fungal infection?	d) seborrheic dermatitis
a) nonen pianus	b) Irania di
c) suborrhea	b) keratosis
(47) A Laceration is:	· d) tinea capitis
a) pathological change in tissue	
c) laser treatment for skin disease	b) torn skin
(48) A 1st degree burn is:	d) None of these
a) the most severe type of burn	
c) the first time the patient has been burned.	b) superficial burn injuring the top layer of skind) All of these

(49) Pediculosis means:	
a) Inflammatory condition of the skin.	b) Infestation with lice
 c) Irritated and peeling feet 	d) Oedema condition of the skin
(50) Similar to a vescle but larger usually more id accumulated withinor below the epidern	than's main diameter consisting of clear flu
a) Vesicle	b) Pustule
c) Bulla	d) Cyst
(51) A localised area of colour or textural chang	ge in the skin
a) Macule	b) Ecchymosis
c) Freckle	d) None of these
(52) A compressible papule or plaque of derma	l oedema, red or white in colour.
a) Urticaria (Missed.	b) Erythema
c) Wheal	d) Both 1 and 3
(53) Contact dermatitis, which of the following	
a) Water	b) temperature extremes
c) Frictional abrasives	d) Nickel
(54) Treatments used to treat Atopic eczema	
a) Emollients	b) Antihistamines
c) Hot baths	d) Topical steroids
(55) Types of Eczema	
a) Discoid eczema	b) Seborrhoeic Dermatitis
c) Venous eczema	d) Arthiritic dermatitis
(56) Excessive scaling is:	
a) Gross	b) Seborrhea
c) Dandruff	d) Epidermal Collarette
(57) What is another term for intertrigo?	
a) Furunculosis	b) Pyotraumatic Dermatitis
c) Skin Fold Dermatitis	d) None of these
(58) Juvenile Cellulitis in dogs usually affects w	what part of the body
a) Face	b) Glabrous areas
c) Body wide	· d) Axilla
(59) Demodex mites live where?	
a) Stratum Corneum	b) All skin layers
c) In the follicle	d) On the hair shaft
(60) Which AB is responsible for atopy?	
a) IgA	b) IgB
c) IgD	d) IgE