



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme – B.Sc.(MRIT)-2019/B.Sc.(MRIT)-2021 Course Name – Radiographic Techniques of Advanced Imaging Technology Course Code - BMRIT503 (Semester V)

Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following: (i)is defined as the property of materials that have no intrinsic atomic magnetic moment, but when placed in a magnetic field weakly repel the field, resulting in a small negative magnetic susceptibility. a) Diamagnetism b) Paramagnetic c) Ferromagnetic d) Magnetic field strength (ii) Which of the following measure the strength of an MRI Scanner? a) MHU b) Tesla c) Slice d) Frequency (iii) Slip ring technology is recognized with which of the following? a) First generation b) Second generation c) Third generation d) None of these (iv) Ring artifact was first observed in a) First generation b) Second generation c) third generation d) fourth generation (v) Which of the following used an electron gun instead of an x-ray tube?

a) CBCT b) EBCT c) DSCT d) SSCT (vi) Radiation dose measurement in CT can be done with the help of a) CTDI b) DLP

c) Both 1 & 2 d) None of these (vii) TRUS is defined as a radiological examination which deals with

a) Ionizing radiation
b) Non-ionizing radiation
c) Particulate
d) Radionuclide

(viii)	Identify the limitation of the MRI scan			
	a) Scan acquisition complexity	b) Long imaging time		
	a) Image artifacts	d) All of these		
(ix)	Which of the following describes the basic principle of WKIT			
•	a) Placing the patient in the magnet	 b) Sending radiofrequency (RF) p and Receiving signals from the 		
	c) Transformation of signals into images by complex processing in the computer	d) All of these		
(x)	Hydrogen ion has only one particle, known as			
	a) Proton	b) Electron		
	c) Neutron	d) Megatron		
(xi)	Which of the following is associated with an ulti	rasound scan?		
	a) TVS	b) TRUS		
	c) HIFU	d) All of these		
(xii)	A sound wave can be described by	•		
(,	a) Wavelength & Amplitude	b) Time-Period & Frequency		
	c) Velocity or speed	d) All of these		
(xiii) The frequency of sound is measured in	d) All of these		
(/////		h) Toele		
	a) Hz c) CM	b) Tesla d) Meter		
(viv	 Select the correct statement related to hydroge 	•		
(///				
	 a) Presently MR imaging is based on proton 	b) Without any influence of the e magnetic field, protons randon		
	c) Both 1 & 2	the body in any direction.		
lvv) Identify the incorrect statement about ultrasou	d) None of these		
(×v				
	a) Refers to sound waves that are not	b)		
	detectable by the human ear with frequencies greater than 20,000 cycles/sec (Hz)	It is a form of mechanical energed be characterized as some wave		
	c) An ultrasound is not similar to an x-ray as	d) The velocity of sound is denoted	d:	
	both are wave-transmitting energy	 d) The velocity of sound is dependent nature of the medium 	aing on the	
	Gro	up-B		
		Type Questions)	3 x 5=15	
2	Fundada NGC Transaction 191			
2.	Explain USG Transducer with a diagram.		(3)	
	Write a short note on NCCT Abdomen. What is Ultrasonography?		(3)	
	What is dictasonography? What is duplex scanning in Doppler?		(3)	
6.	Distinguish between spin echo and gradient echo p		(3)	
			(3)	
	Explain the spin echo pulse sequence.	DR		
			(3)	
	Gro	up-C		
	(Long Answer 7	Type Questions)		
			5 x 6=30	
7.	Explain piezoelectricity and its application in diagramment of the term MRS.	Postion at the second		
8.	Illustrate the term MRS.	restic radiology.	(5)	
			(5)	

9. Explain common indications, contraindications, and risk factors of MRI.	(5)		
10. Write a brief note on the Data acquisition process in USG	(5)		
11. Distinguish between A-Mode and B-Mode LISG with their application	(5)		
12. Briefly explain the CDFI with its application in diagnostic radiology.	(5) (5)		
OR			
Illustrate the terms Transduce withdiagram.	(5)		
